PRIST
DEEMED TO BE
UNIVERSITY
NAAC ACCREDITED
THANJAVUR – 613 403 - TAMIL NADU

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

PROGRAMME HANDBOOK

B.Tech. - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING – FULL TIME

Regulations 2021

B.Tech. - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING – FULL TIME
REGULATIONS – 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

I. Effectuating success in careers by exploring with the design, digital and computational analysis of engineering systems, experimentation and testing, smart manufacturing,technical services, and research.

II. Amalgamating effectively with stakeholders to update and improve their core competencies and abilities to ethically compete in the ever-changing multicultural global enterprise.

III. To encourage multi-disciplinary research and development to foster advanced technology, and to nurture innovation and entrepreneurship in order to compete successfully in theglobal economy.

IV. To globally share and apply technical knowledge to create new opportunities that proactively advances our society through team efforts and to solve various challenging technical,environmental and societal problems.

V. To create world class mechanical engineers capable of practice engineering ethically with asolid vision to become great leaders in academia, industries and society.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

PO	GRADUATE ATTRIBUTES
1	**Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
2	**Problem analysis**: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3	**Design/development of solutions**: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4	**Conduct investigations of complex problems**: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5	**Modern tool usage**: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

6 **The engineer and society**: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

7 **Environment and sustainability**: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

8 **Ethics**: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

9 **Individual and team work**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

10 **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

11 **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

12 **Life-long learning**: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

On successful completion of the Mechanical Engineering Degree programme, the Graduates shallexhibit the following:

1. Apply the knowledge gained in Mechanical Engineering for design and development and manufacture of engineering systems.

2. Apply the knowledge acquired to investigate research-oriented problems in mechanical engineering with due consideration for environmental and social impacts.

3. Use the engineering analysis and data management tools for effective management of multidisciplinary projects.

PEO / PO MAPPING

PEOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
I.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
II.	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	3		2	1	2	3	3
III.	3	1	2	1	2	2	1		1	2		3	3	2	2
IV.	2	2	2	2	2		2				1	2	2	3	3
V.	3	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	2	2

Mapping of Course Outcomes and Programme Outcomes

Year	Semester	Course name	PO												PSO		
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
I	I	Professional English-I	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.2	1.5	3	3	3	1.6	3	3	3	-	-	-
		Matrices and Calculus	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
		Engineering Physics	3	3	1.6	1.2	1.8	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
		Engineering Chemistry	2.8	1.3	1.6	1	-	1.5	1.8	-		-	-	1.5	-	-	-
		Problem Solving and Python Programming	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	-
		Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	-
		Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	3	2.4	2.6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			2.6	1.3	1.6	1	1	1.4	1.8	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	-	-
		English Laboratory	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
	II	Professional English-II	3	3	3	3	2.75	3	3	3	2.2	3	3	3	-	-	-
		Statistics and Numerical Methods	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
		Materials Science	3	2	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
		Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	2	1.8	1					1				2			1

		Engineering Graphics	3	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	2	2	-
		Engineering Practices Laboratory	3	2	-		1	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1
		Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Laboratory	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1.5	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
		Communication Laboratory / Foreign Language [$]	2.4	2.8	3	3	1.8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
II	III	Transforms and Partial Differential Equations	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	- -	1	-	-	1	3	3	1
		Engineering Mechanics	3	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	1	2
		Engineering Thermodynamics	3	3	2			1			1		1	2	3	2	3
		Fluid Mechanics and Machinery	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
		Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	3	1	3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	2	2	1	2
		Manufacturing Processes	3		2		2	2	2	1	1	-	-	1	3	1	2
		Professional Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	IV	Theory of Machines	3	2	2		2	-	-	1		-	-	1	3		1
		Thermal Engineering	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
		Hydraulics and Pneumatics	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
		Manufacturing Technology	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	2	2
		Strength of Materials	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	1
		Environmental Sciences and Sustainability	1	1	1	-	-	3	-	1	-	2	1	2	2	1	-
III	V	Design of Machine Elements	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	3	2	2
		Metrology and Measurements	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	3	2	1
	VI	Heat and Mass Transfer	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	3	2	1
IV	VII	Mechatronics and IoT	3	2	2	2	2.		1		1	-	-	2	1	2	3
		Computer Integrated Manufacturing	3	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	3
		Human Values and Ethics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Industrial Management	-	-	1	1	-	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1

SEMESTER I

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	21147IP	Induction Programme	2-Weeks			
2.	21147S11	Professional English - I	3	0	0	3
3.	21148S12	Matrices and Calculus	3	1	0	4
4.	21149S13	Engineering Physics	3	0	0	3
5.	21149S14	Engineering Chemistry	3	0	0	3
6.	21150S15	Problem Solving and Python Programming	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL						
7.	21150L16	Problem Solving and Python Programming Laboratory	0	0	4	2
8.	21149L17	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	0	0	4	2
9	21147L18	Communication Laboratory- I	0	0	2	1
TOTAL			**15**	**1**	**10**	**21**

SEMESTER II

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	21147S21	Professional English - II	3	0	0	3
2.	21148S22	Statistics and Numerical Methods	3	1	0	4
3	21149S23D	Materials Science	3	0	0	3
4.	21154S24	Engineering Graphics	2	0	4	4
5.	21153S25A	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL						
6.	21154L27	Engineering Practices Laboratory	0	0	4	2
7.	21153L28 C	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Laboratory	0	0	4	2
8.	21147L29	Communication Laboratory - II	0	0	4	2
TOTAL			**14**	**1**	**16**	**23**

SEMESTER III

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	21148S31D	Transforms and Partial Differential Equations	3	1	0	4
2.	21154C32	Engineering Mechanics	3	0	0	3
3.	21154C33	Engineering Thermodynamics	3	0	0	3
4.	21154C34	Fluid Mechanics and Machinery	2	1	0	3
5.	21154C35	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	3	0	0	3
6	21154C36	Manufacturing Processes	3	0	0	3

PRACTICAL						
7.	21154L37	Computer Aided Machine Drawing	0	0	4	2
8.	21154L38	Manufacturing Technology Laboratory	0	0	4	2
9.	21154L39	Professional Development	0	0	2	1
TOTAL			**17**	**2**	**10**	**24**

SEMESTER IV

S.NO.	**COURSE CODE**	**COURSE TITLE**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
THEORY						
1.	21154C41	Theory of Machines	3	0	0	3
2.	21154C42	Thermal Engineering	3	1	0	4
3.	21154C43	Hydraulics and Pneumatics	3	0	0	3
4.	21154C44	Manufacturing Technology	3	0	0	3
5.	21154C45	Strength of Materials	3	0	0	3
6.	21149S46	Environmental Sciences and Sustainability	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL						
7.	21154L47	Strength of Materials and Fluid Machinery Laboratory	0	0	4	2
8.	21154L48	Thermal Engineering Laboratory	0	0	4	2
TOTAL			**18**	**1**	**8**	**23**

SEMESTER V

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	21154C51	Design of Machine Elements	3	1	0	4
2.	21154C52	Metrology and Measurements	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E53--	Elective I	3	0	0	3
4.	21154E54--	Elective II	3	0	0	3
5.	21154E55-	Elective III	3	0	0	3
6	21147MC51--	Mandatory Course-I	3	0	0	0
PRACTICAL						
6.	21154L57	Summer Internship	0	0	4	1
7.	21154L58	Metrology and Dynamics Laboratory	0	0	4	2
TOTAL			**18**	**1**	**8**	**19**

SEMESTER VI

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	2115--OE61--	Open Elective – I *	2	0	2	3
2.	21154C62	Heat and Mass Transfer	3	1	0	4
3.	21154E63--	Elective IV	3	0	0	3
4.	21154E64--	Elective V	3	0	0	3
5.	21154E65--	Elective VI	3	0	0	3
6.	21154E66--	Elective VII	3	0	0	3
7.	21147MC61--	Mandatory Course-II	3	0	0	0
PRACTICAL						
8.	21154L68	CAD / CAM Laboratory	0	0	4	2
9.	21154L69	Heat Transfer Laboratory	0	0	4	2
TOTAL			**20**	**1**	**10**	**23**

SEMESTER VII

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	21147S71	Human Values and Ethics	3	0	0	3
2.	2115--OE72--	Open Elective – II *	2	0	2	3
3.	2115--OE73--	Open Elective – III	3	0	0	3
4.	2115--OE74--	Open Elective – IV	3	0	0	3
5.	21154C75	Mechatronics and IoT	3	0	0	3
6.	21154C76	Computer Integrated Manufacturing	3	0	0	3
7.	21154C77	Industrial Management	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL						
8.	21154L79	Mechatronics and IoT Laboratory	0	0	4	2
9.	21154L80	Summer Internship	0	0	0	1
TOTAL			**20**	**0**	**6**	24

SEMESTER VIII

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY						
1.	21154PW	Project Work / Internship	0	0	20	10
TOTAL			**0**	**0**	**20**	**10**

Mandatory course I

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21147MC51A	Introduction to Women and Gender Studies	3	0	0	0
2.	21147MC51B	Disaster Management	3	0	0	0
3.	21147MC51C	Film Appreciation	3	0	0	0
4.	21147MC51D	Elements of Literature	3	0	0	0

Mandatory course II

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21147MC61A	Well Being with traditional practices (Yoga, Ayurveda and Siddha)	3	0	0	0
2.	21147MC61B	History of Science and Technology in India	3	0	0	0
3.	21147MC61C	Political and Economic Thought for a Humane Society	3	0	0	0
4.	21147MC61D	State, Nation Building and Politics in India	3	0	0	0
5.	21147MC61E	Safety in Engineering Industry	3	0	0	0

.ELECTIVE – I (V SEMESTER)

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E53A	CAD/CAM	3	0	0	3
2.	21154E53B	Value Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E53C	Product Life Cycle Management	3	0	0	3

ELECTIVE – II (V SEMESTER)

	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E54A	Robotics	3	0	0	3
2.	21154E54B	Smart Mobility and Intelligent Vehicles	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E54C	Electrical Drives and Actuators	3	0	0	3

ELECTIVE – III (V SEMESTER)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E55A	Automobile Engineering	3	0	0	3

2.	21154E55B	Design Concepts in Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E55C	Dynamics of Ground Vehicles	3	0	0	3

ELECTIVE – IV (VI SEMESTER)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E63A	Design of Transmission System	3	0	0	3
2.	21154E63B	Thermal Power Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E63C	Turbo Machines	3	0	0	3

ELECTIVE – V (VI SEMESTER)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E64A	Material Handling and solid processing Equipment	3	0	0	3
2.	21154E64B	Thermal and Fired Equipment design	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E64C	Design Codes and Standards	3	0	0	3
4.	21154E64D	Non-traditional Machining Processes	3	0	0	3

ELECTIVE – VI (VI SEMESTER)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E65A	Power Plant Engineering	3	0	0	3
2.	21154E65B	Energy Conservation in Industries	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E65C	Bioenergy Conversion Technologies	3	0	0	3

ELECTIVE – VII (VI SEMESTER)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21154E66A	Gas Dynamics and Jet Propulsion	3	0	0	3
2.	21154E66B	Operational Research	3	0	0	3
3.	21154E66C	Process Planning and Cost Estimation	3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE– I (SEMESTER VI)

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21150OE61A	IoT Concepts and Applications	3	0	2	4
2.	21150OE61B	Augmented and Virtual Reality	3	0	2	4

OPEN ELECTIVE– II (SEMESTER VII)

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	21150OE72A	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Fundamentals	3	0	2	4
2.	21150OE72B	Data Science Fundamentals	3	0	2	4

OPEN ELECTIVE– III

Sl. No	DEPT	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	ENGLISH	21148OE73A	English for Competitive Examinations	3	0	0	3
2.	ECE	21152OE73A	Biomedical Instrumentation	3	0	0	3
3.		21152OE73B	Space Engineering	3	0	0	3
4.	EEE	21153OE73A	Renewable Energy Technologies	3	0	0	3
5.		21153OE73B	Fundamentals of Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	0	0	3
6.	MECH **	21154OE73A	Introduction to NDT	3	0	0	3
7.		21154OE73B	Industrial Management	3	0	0	3
8.	CIVIL	21155OE73A	Remote Sensing Concepts	3	0	0	3
9.		21155OE73B	Drinking Water Supply and Treatment	3	0	0	3

** Offered for other departments only

OPEN ELECTIVE– IV

Sl. No	DEPT	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
1.	ECE	21152OE74A	Wearable devices	3	0	0	3
2.		21152OE74B	Medical Informatics	3	0	0	3
3.	EEE	21153OE74A	Electrical, Electronic and Magnetic materials	3	0	0	3
4.		21153OE74B	Energy Technology	3	0	0	3
5.	MECH **	21154OE74A	Industrial Safety	3	0	0	3
6.		21154OE74B	Additive Manufacturing	3	0	0	3
7.	CIVIL	21155OE74A	Basics of Integrated Water Resources Management	3	0	0	3
8.		21155OE74B	Geographical Information System	3	0	0	3

** Offered for other departments only

CGPA CREDITS

Semester	Core	Elective	Open Elective	Practical	Internship	Project	Total
I	16	-	-	05	-	-	21
II	17	-	-	06	-	-	23
III	19	-	-	05	-	-	24
IV	19	-	-	04	-	-	23
V	07	09	-	02	01	-	19
VI	04	12	03	04	-	-	23
VII	12	-	09	02	01	-	24
VIII	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
TOTAL							167

TOTAL CREDITS : 167

21147S11 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - I** **L T P C**

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES :

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To learn to use basic grammatic structures in suitable contexts
- To acquire lexical competence and use them appropriately in a sentence and understand their meaning in a text
- To help learners use language effectively in professional contexts
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION 1

What is effective communication? (Explain using activities) Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work? What are the seven C's of effective communication? What are key language skills? What is effective listening? What does it involve? What is effective speaking? What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do? What is effective writing? How does one develop language and communication skills? What does the course focus on? How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course? What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION 8

Reading - Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails. Writing - Writing emails / letters introducing oneself. Grammar - Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Why/ Yes or No/ and Tags. Vocabulary - Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms (as used in technical contexts).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION 9

Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs. Writing - Guided writing-- Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.) Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and Prepositions. Vocabulary - Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 9

Reading — Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals. Writing - Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description. Grammar - Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses. Vocabulary - Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words).

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 9

Reading – Newspaper articles; Journal reports –and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,). Writing — Note-making / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested); Writingrecommendations; Transferring information from non verbal (chart , graph etc, to verbal mode) Grammar – Articles; Pronouns - Possessive & Relative pronouns. Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed
/ Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION 9

Reading – Reading editorials; and Opinion Blogs; Writing – Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative). Grammar – Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences. Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions – Content vs Functionwords.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To use appropriate words in a professional context
- To gain understanding of basic grammatical structures and use them in right context.
- To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts
- To read and interpret information presented in tables, charts and other graphic forms
- To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics

TEXT BOOKS :

1. English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English,Anna University, (2020 edition)
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & SangeetaSharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
2. A Course Book On Technical English By Lakshminarayanan, Scitech Publications (India)Pvt. Ltd.
3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, RS Salaria, Khanna Publishing House.
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi,2003.

ASSESSMENT PATTERN

Two internal assessments and an end semester examination to test students' reading and writing skills along with their grammatical and lexical competence.

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	3	-	3	-	-	-
2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	3	-	3	-	-	-
3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	2	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-
AVg.	**1.6**	**2.2**	**1.8**	**2.2**	**1.5**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**1.6**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**-**	**-**	**-**

- 1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation
- **Note:** The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

21148S12 **MATRICES AND CALCULUS** **L T P C**
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To familiarize the students with differential calculus.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To make the students understand various techniques of integration.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their applications.

UNIT - I MATRICES 9 + 3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices by orthogonal transformation – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation –Nature of quadratic forms – Applications: Stretching of an elastic membrane.

UNIT - II DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS 9 + 3

Representation of functions - Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules (sum, product, quotient, chain rules) - Implicit differentiation - Logarithmic differentiation - Applications : Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable.

UNIT - III FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES 9 + 3

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Applications : Maxima and minima of functions of two variables and Lagrange'smethod of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT - IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS 9 + 3

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration: Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals - Applications: Hydrostatic force and pressure, moments and centres of mass.

UNIT - V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS 9 + 3

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double andtriple integrals – Applications: Moments and centres of mass, moment of inertia.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Use the matrix algebra methods for solving practical problems.
- Apply differential calculus tools in solving various application problems.
- Able to use differential calculus ideas on several variable functions.
- Apply different methods of integration in solving practical problems.
- Apply multiple integral ideas in solving areas, volumes and other practical problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kreyszig.E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Grewal.B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.
3. James Stewart, "Calculus: Early Transcendentals", Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 1.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7 (Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to

3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.1 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCES:

1. Anton. H, Bivens. I and Davis. S, " Calculus ", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016
2. Bali. N., Goyal. M. and Watkins. C., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.,), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2009.
3. Jain. R.K. and Iyengar. S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S. and Manicavachagom Pillai. T. K., "Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2009.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.
6. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia. S.C, "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
7. Thomas. G. B., Hass. J, and Weir. M.D, "Thomas Calculus ", 14th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.

	PO 1	**PO 2**	**PO 3**	**PO 4**	**PO 5**	**PO 6**	**PO 7**	**PO 8**	**PO 9**	**PO 10**	**PO 11**	**PO 12**	**PSO 1**	**PSO 2**	**PSO 3**
CO 1	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-

21147S13 **ENGINEERING PHYSICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics.
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Equipping the students to be successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNIT I MECHANICS 9

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia - theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies –M.I of a diatomic molecule - torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule - gyroscope - torsional pendulum– double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNIT II ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

The Maxwell's equations - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure - Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance –analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference–Michelson interferometer –Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Einstein's coefficients - population inversion - Nd-YAG laser,CO_2 laser, semiconductor laser –Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNIT IV BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization –Free particle - particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes- Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)- Tunneling microscope - Resonant diode - Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential –Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the importance of mechanics.
- Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.
- Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.
- Understand the importance of quantum physics.
- Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (IndianEdition), 2017.
2. E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
3. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics, McGraw-Hill(Indian Edition), 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition),2009.
2. Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
3. K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (Indian Edition), 2019.
4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015.
5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer- Verlag, 2012.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
4	3	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5	3	3	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVG	3	3	1.6	1.2	1.8	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

1-Low,2-Medium,3-High,"-"-no correlation

Note: the average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

21147S14 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate sound understanding of water quality parameters and water treatment techniques.
- To impart knowledge on the basic principles and preparatory methods of nanomaterials.
- To introduce the basic concepts and applications of phase rule and composites.
- To facilitate the understanding of different types of fuels, their preparation, properties and combustion characteristics.
- To familiarize the students with the operating principles, working processes and applications of energy conversion and storage devices.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Water: Sources and impurities, Water quality parameters: Definition and significance of-color, odour, turbidity, pH, hardness, alkalinity, TDS, COD and BOD, flouride and arsenic. Municipal water treatment: primary treatment and disinfection (UV, Ozonation, break-point chlorination). Desalination of brackish water: Reverse Osmosis. Boiler troubles: Scale and sludge, Boiler corrosion, Caustic embrittlement, Priming &foaming. Treatment of boiler feed water: Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) and External treatment – Ion exchange demineralization and zeolite process.

UNIT II NANOCHEMISTRY 9

Basics: Distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; Size-dependent properties (optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic); Types of nanomaterials: Definition, properties and uses of — nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Applications of nanomaterials in medicine, agriculture, energy, electronics and catalysis.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND COMPOSITES 9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples. One component system - water system; Reduced phase rule; Construction of a simple eutectic phase diagram - Thermal analysis; Two component system: lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

Composites: Introduction: Definition & Need for composites; Constitution: Matrix materials (Polymer matrix, metal matrix and ceramic matrix) and Reinforcement (fiber, particulates, flakes and whiskers). Properties and applications of: Metal matrix composites (MMC), Ceramic matrix composites and Polymer matrix composites. Hybrid composites - definition and examples.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel: Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking - octane number, diesel oil - cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value - higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis - ORSAT Method. CO_2 emission and carbon foot print.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES 9

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery - dry cell, Secondary battery - lead acid battery and lithium-ion-battery; Electric vehicles — working principles; Fuel cells: H_2-O_2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications.
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai PublishingCompany (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi,2008.
3. S.S. Dara, "A Text book of Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, "Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology", Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.
2. O.G. Palanna, "Engineering Chemistry" McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2017.
3. Friedrich Emich, "Engineering Chemistry", Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.
4. ShikhaAgarwal, "Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications", Cambridge UniversityPress, Delhi, Second Edition, 2019.
5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
2	2	-	-	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	3	1	1	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	3	1	2	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Avg.	**2.8**	**1.3**	**1.6**	**1**	**-**	**1.5**	**1.8**	**-**		**-**	**-**	**1.5**	-	-	-

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

21147S15 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing — Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocksof algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

Python interpreter and interactive mode, debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability,stringfunctions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation,sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and looping for solving problems.
CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.
CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.
CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'ReillyPublishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmersand Data Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data‘‘, Third Edition, MIT Press 2021
4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
   https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

COs- PO’s & PSO’s MAPPING

CO’s	PO’s												PSO’s		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	3	-
2	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-
4	2	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-
5	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-
AVg.	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, ‘-' - no correlation

21150L16 PROBLEM SOLVING AND PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the problem solving approaches.
- To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.
- To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines. The Examination shall not be restricted to the sample experiments listed here.

1. Identification and solving of simple real life or scientific or technical problems, and developing flow charts for the same. (Electricity Billing, Retail shop billing, Sin series, weight of a motorbike,Weight of a steel bar, compute Electrical Current in Three Phase AC Circuit, etc.)
2. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
3. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series, Number Patterns, pyramid pattern)
4. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Lists, Tuples. (Items present in a library/Components of a car/ Materials required for construction of a building –operations of list &tuples)
5. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Sets, Dictionaries. (Language, components of an automobile, Elements of a civil structure, etc.- operations of Sets & Dictionaries)
6. Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape)
7. Implementing programs using Strings. (reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters)
8. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy. Matplotlib, scipy)
9. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another,word count, longest word)
10. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error,voter's age validity, student mark range validation)
11. Exploring Pygame tool.
12. Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems

CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.

CO3: Implement programs in Python using conditionals and loops for solving problems.

CO4: Deploy functions to decompose a Python program.

CO5: Process compound data using Python data structures.

CO6: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python : How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'ReillyPublishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, “Python for Programmers”, Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, “Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers andData Scientists”, 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applicationsto Computational Modeling and Understanding Data‘‘, Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, “Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming”, 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. https://www.python.org/
6. Martin C. Brown, “Python: The Complete Reference”, 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

COs- PO’s & PSO’s MAPPING

CO’s	PO’s												PSO’s	
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**
1	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	3
2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	-
3	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-
4	3	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-
5	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-
6	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-
AVg.	**2**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2**	-	-	-	-	-	**2**	**2**	**3**	**3**

1 - low, 2 - medium, 3 - high, ‘-' - no correlation

21149L17 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

PHYSICS LABORATORY: (Any Seven Experiments)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the proper use of various kinds of physics laboratory equipment.
- To learn how data can be collected, presented and interpreted in a clear and concise manner.
- To learn problem solving skills related to physics principles and interpretation of experimentaldata.
- To determine error in experimental measurements and techniques used to minimize such error.
- To make the student as an active participant in each part of all lab exercises.

1. Torsional pendulum - Determination of rigidity modulus of wire and moment of inertia ofregular and irregular objects.
2. Simple harmonic oscillations of cantilever.
3. Non-uniform bending - Determination of Young's modulus
4. Uniform bending – Determination of Young's modulus
5. Laser- Determination of the wave length of the laser using grating
6. Air wedge - Determination of thickness of a thin sheet/wire
7. a) Optical fibre -Determination of Numerical Aperture and acceptance angle
   b) Compact disc- Determination of width of the groove using laser.
8. Acoustic grating- Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids.
9. Ultrasonic interferometer – determination of the velocity of sound and compressibility ofliquids
10. Post office box -Determination of Band gap of a semiconductor.
11. Photoelectric effect
12. Michelson Interferometer.
13. Melde's string experiment
14. Experiment with lattice dynamics kit.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Understand the functioning of various physics laboratory equipment.
- Use graphical models to analyze laboratory data.
- Use mathematical models as a medium for quantitative reasoning and describing physical reality.
- Access, process and analyze scientific information.
- Solve problems individually and collaboratively.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVG	3	2.4	2.6	1	1										

- **1-Low,2-Medium,3-High,"-"-no correlation**
- **Note: the average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.**

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY: (Any seven experiments to be conducted)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To inculcate experimental skills to test basic understanding of water quality parameters, such as, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, DO, chloride and copper.
- To induce the students to familiarize with electroanalytical techniques such as, pH metry, potentiometry and conductometry in the determination of impurities in aqueous solutions.
- To demonstrate the analysis of metals and alloys.
- To demonstrate the synthesis of nanoparticles

1. Preparation of Na_2CO_3 as a primary standard and estimation of acidity of a water sampleusing the primary standard
2. Determination of types and amount of alkalinity in water sample.Split the first experiment into two
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by Argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Estimation of TDS of a water sample by gravimetry.
8. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
9. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
10. Conductometric titration of barium chloride against sodium sulphate (precipitation titration)
11. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
12. Estimation of sodium /potassium present in water using flame photometer.
13. Preparation of nanoparticles (TiO_2/ZnO/CuO) by Sol-Gel method.
14. Estimation of Nickel in steel
15. Proximate analysis of Coal

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- To analyse the quality of water samples with respect to their acidity, alkalinity, hardness and DO.
- To determine the amount of metal ions through volumetric and spectroscopic techniques
- To analyse and determine the composition of alloys.
- To learn simple method of synthesis of nano particles
- To quantitatively analyse the impurities in solution by electroanalytical techniques

TEXT BOOK:

1. J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, J.D. Barnes, M. Thomas and B. Sivasankar, Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis (2009).

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
2	3	1	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	2	1	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	2	1	2	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Avg.	2.6	1.3	1.6	1	1	1.4	1.8	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	-	-

- **1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation**

21147L18 COMMUNICATION LABORATORY I L T P C
0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES :

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work contexts
- To develop various listening strategies to comprehend various types of audio materials likelectures, discussions, videos etc.
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking andgrammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION 6

Listening for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates - Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form. Speaking - making telephone calls-Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; - politeness strategies- making polite requests, making polite offers, replying to polite requests and offers- understanding basic instructions(filling out a bank application for example).

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION 6

Listening - Listening to podcasts, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities. Speaking - Narrating personal experiences / events-Talking about current and temporary situations & permanent and regular situations* - describing experiences and feelings- engaging in small talk- describing requirements and abilities.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT 6

Listening - Listen to product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about products. Speaking — Picture description- describing locations in workplaces- Giving instruction to use the product- explaining uses and purposes- Presenting a product- describing shapes and sizes and weights- talking about quantities(large & small)-talking about precautions.

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS 6

Listening – Listening to TED Talks; Listening to lectures - and educational videos. Speaking – Small Talk; discussing and making plans-talking about tasks-talking about progress- talking about positions and directions of movement-talking about travel preparations- talking about transportation-

UNIT V EXPRESSION 6

Listening – Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions. Speaking –making predictions- talking about a given topic-giving opinions- understanding a website- describing processes

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To listen to and comprehend general as well as complex academic information
- To listen to and understand different points of view in a discussion
- To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts
- To describe products and processes and explain their uses and purposes clearly and a accurately
- To express their opinions effectively in both formal and informal discussions

ASSESSMENT PATTERN

- One online / app based assessment to test listening /speaking
- End Semester **ONLY** listening and speaking will be conducted online.
- Proficiency certification is given on successful completion of listening and speaking internal testand end semester exam.

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
AVg.	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**1**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	-	-	-

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

21147S21 **PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH - II** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To engage learners in meaningful language activities to improve their reading and writing skills
- To learn various reading strategies and apply in comprehending documents in professional context.
- To help learners understand the purpose, audience, contexts of different types of writing
- To develop analytical thinking skills for problem solving in communicative contexts
- To demonstrate an understanding of job applications and interviews for internship and placements

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS 6

Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures; Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette - Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed Tenses, Prepositional phrases

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 6

Reading - Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint, Writing - Writing responses to complaints. Grammar - Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING 6

Reading - Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc. Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay. Grammar – Error correction; If conditional sentences

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH 6

Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, Accident Report, Survey Report Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY 6

Reading – Company profiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview with professionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar – Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- To compare and contrast products and ideas in technical texts.
- To identify and report cause and effects in events, industrial processes through technical texts
- To analyse problems in order to arrive at feasible solutions and communicate them in the written format.
- To present their ideas and opinions in a planned and logical manner
- To draft effective resumes in the context of job search.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. English for Engineers & Technologists (2020 edition) Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Departmentof English, Anna University.
2. English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press 2021.
3. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

1. Raman. Meenakshi, Sharma. Sangeeta (2019). Professional English. Oxford university press. New Delhi.
2. Improve Your Writing ed. V.N. Arora and Laxmi Chandra, Oxford Univ. Press, 2001, NewDelhi.
3. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal. Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
4. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001, New Delhi.
5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji- Macmillan India Ltd. 1990,Delhi

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	-	-	-
AVg.	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2.75**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2.2**	**3**	**3**	**3**	-	-	-

- 1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation
- **Note:** The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

21148S22 STATISTICS AND NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- This course aims at providing the necessary basic concepts of a few statistical and numerical methods and give procedures for solving numerically different kinds of problems occurring in engineering and technology.
- To acquaint the knowledge of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples which plays an important role in real life problems.
- To introduce the basic concepts of solving algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To introduce the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and numerical techniques of differentiation and integration which plays an important role in engineering and technology disciplines.
- To acquaint the knowledge of various techniques and methods of solving ordinary differential equations.

UNIT I TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 9+3

Sampling distributions - Tests for single mean, proportion and difference of means (Large and small samples) – Tests for single variance and equality of variances – Chi square test for goodness of fit – Independence of attributes.

UNIT II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9+3

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2^2 factorial design.

UNIT III SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS 9+3

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations - Fixed point iteration method – Newton Raphson method- Solution of linear system of equations - Gauss elimination method — Pivoting - Gauss Jordan method – Iterative methods of Gauss Jacobi and Gauss Seidel - Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method and Jacobi's method for symmetric matrices.

UNIT IV INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND NUMERICAL INTEGRATION 9+3

Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolations – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivates using interpolation polynomials – Numericalsingle and double integrations using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules.

UNIT V NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Single step methods: Taylor's series method - Euler's method - Modified Euler's method - Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first order differential equations - Multi step methods: Milne's and Adams - Bash forth predictor corrector methods for solving first order differential equations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Apply the concept of testing of hypothesis for small and large samples in real life problems.
- Apply the basic concepts of classifications of design of experiments in the field of agriculture.
- Appreciate the numerical techniques of interpolation in various intervals and apply the numerical techniques of differentiation and integration for engineering problems.
- Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods for solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial and boundary conditions byusing certain techniques with engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal, B.S., and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science",Khanna Publishers, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. Devore. J.L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 8th Edition, 2014.
3. Gerald. C.F. and Wheatley. P.O. "Applied Numerical Analysis" Pearson Education, Asia, NewDelhi, 7th Edition, 2007.
4. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V. K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 12th Edition, 2020.
5. Spiegel. M.R., Schiller. J. and Srinivasan. R.A., "Schaum's Outlines on Probability and Statistics ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 4th Edition, 2012.
6. Walpole. R.E., Myers. R.H., Myers. S.L. and Ye. K., "Probability and Statistics for Engineers andScientists", 9th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2010.

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO 4**	**PO 5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO1 0**	**PO1 1**	**PO1 2**	**PSO 1**	**PSO 2**	**PSO 3**
CO1	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	-	-	-

21149S23D **MATERIALS SCIENCE** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to understand the basics of crystallography and its importance in studying materials properties.
- To understand the electrical properties of materials including free electron theory, applications of quantum mechanics and magnetic materials.
- To instil knowledge on physics of semiconductors, determination of charge carriers and device applications
- To establish a sound grasp of knowledge on different optical properties of materials, optical displays and applications
- To inculcate an idea of significance of nano structures, quantum confinement and ensuing nano device applications.

UNIT I CRYSTALLOGRAPHY 9

Crystal structures: BCC, FCC and HCP – directions and planes - linear and planar densities – crystal imperfections- edge and screw dislocations – grain and twin boundaries - Burgers vector and elastic strain energy- Slip systems, plastic deformation of materials - Polymorphism – phase changes – nucleation and growth – homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity, expression - Quantum free electron theory :Tunneling – degenerate states – Fermi- Dirac statistics – Density of energy states – Electron in periodic potential – Energy bands in solids – tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass – concept of hole. Magnetic materials: Dia, para and ferromagnetic effects – paramagnetism in the conduction electrons in metals – exchange interaction and ferromagnetism – quantum interference devices – GMR devices.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRANSPORT PHYSICS 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors – Energy band diagram – direct and indirect band gap semiconductors – Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors – extrinsic semiconductors - Carrier concentration in N-type & P-type semiconductors – Variation of carrier concentration with temperature – Carrier transport in Semiconductors: Drift, mobility and diffusion – Hall effect and devices – Ohmic contacts-Schottky diode.

UNIT IV OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials – Optical processes in semiconductors: optical absorption and emission, charge injection and recombination, optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum wells – Optoelectronic devices: light detectors and solar cells – light emitting diode – laser diode - optical processes in organic semiconductor devices –excitonic state – Electro-opticsand nonlinear optics: Modulators and switching devices – plasmonics.

UNIT V NANOELECTRONIC DEVICES 9

Quantum confinement – Quantum structures – quantum wells, wires and dots – Zener-Bloch oscillations – Resonant tunneling – quantum interference effects - mesoscopic structures - Single electron phenomena – Single electron Transistor. Semiconductor photonic structures – 1D, 2D and 3D photonic crystal. Active and passive optoelectronic devices – photo processes – spintronics –carbon nanotubes: Properties and applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to gain knowledge on the electrical

- know basics of crystallography and its importance for varied materials properties and magnetic properties of materials and their applications
- understand clearly of semiconductor physics and functioning of semiconductor devices

- understand the optical properties of materials and working principles of various optical devices appreciate the importance of functional nanoelectronic devices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. V.Raghavan. Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2015.
2. S.O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.
3. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Devices: Basic Principles, Wiley (India), 2007.
4. Jasprit Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, Mc-Graw Hill India(2019)
5. G.W.Hanson. Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics. Pearson Education (Indian Edition), 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. R.Balasubramaniam, Callister's Materials Science and Engineering. Wiley (Indian Edition),2014.
2. Wendelin Wright and Donald Askeland, Essentials of Materials Science and Engineering, CL Engineering, 2013.
3. Robert F.Pierret, Semiconductor Device Fundamentals, Pearson, 2006
4. Pallab Bhattacharya, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, Pearson, 2017
5. Ben Rogers, Jesse Adams and Sumita Pennathur, Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems, CRC Press, 2017.

CO's-PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	3	2	2	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
5	3	2	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVG	3	2	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

1-Low,2-Medium,3-High,"-"-no correlation

Note: the average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

21153S25A BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of electric circuits and analysis
- To impart knowledge in the basics of working principles and application of electricalmachines
- To introduce analog devices and their characteristics
- To educate on the fundamental concepts of digital electronics
- To introduce the functional elements and working of measuring instruments

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS 9

DC Circuits: Circuit Components: Conductor, Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor – Ohm's Law - Kirchhoff's Laws –Independent and Dependent Sources – Simple problems- Nodal Analysis, Mesh analysiswith Independent sources only (Steady state)

Introduction to AC Circuits and Parameters: Waveforms, Average value, RMS Value, Instantaneous power, real power, reactive power and apparent power, power factor – Steady state analysis of RLC circuits (Simple problems only)

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MACHINES 9

Construction and Working principle- DC Separately and Self excited Generators, EMF equation, Types and Applications. Working Principle of DC motors, Torque Equation, Types and Applications. Construction, Working principle and Applications of Transformer, Three phase Alternator, Synchronous motor and Three Phase Induction Motor.

UNIT III ANALOG ELECTRONICS 9

Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor in Electronic Circuits- Semiconductor Materials: Silicon &Germanium – PN Junction Diodes, Zener Diode –Characteristics Applications – Bipolar Junction Transistor-Biasing, JFET, SCR, MOSFET, IGBT – Types, I-V Characteristics and Applications, Rectifier and Inverters

UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 9

Review of number systems, binary codes, error detection and correction codes, Combinational logic - representation of logic functions-SOP and POS forms, K-map representations - minimization using K maps (Simple Problems only)

UNIT V MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION 9

Functional elements of an instrument, Standards and calibration, Operating Principle, types -Moving Coil and Moving Iron meters, Measurement of three phase power, Energy Meter, Instrument Transformers-CT and PT, DSO- Block diagram- Data acquisition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Compute the electric circuit parameters for simple problems
2. Explain the working principle and applications of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of analog electronic devices
4. Explain the basic concepts of digital electronics
5. Explain the operating principles of measuring instruments

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Second Edition,McGraw Hill Education, 2020
2. S.K. Bhattacharya "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2017.
3. Sedha R.S., "A text book book of Applied Electronics", S. Chand & Co., 2008
4. James A. Svoboda, Richard C. Dorf, "Dorf's Introduction to Electric Circuits", Wiley, 2018.

5. A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Kothari DP and I.J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Fourth Edition, McGraw HillEducation, 2019.
2. Thomas L. Floyd, 'Digital Fundamentals', 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
3. Albert Malvino, David Bates, 'Electronic Principles, McGraw Hill Education; 7th edition,2017.
4. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, "Electric Circuits", Schaum' Outline Series, McGrawHill, 2002.
5. H.S. Kalsi, 'Electronic Instrumentation', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs															
COs/POs&PSOs	**POs**												**PSOs**		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
CO1	2	2	1					1				2			1
CO2	2	2	1					1				2			1
CO3	2	1	1					1				2			1
CO4	2	2	1					1				2			1
CO5	2	2	1					1				2			1
CO/PO & PSO Average	2	1.8	1					1				2			1
1 - Slight, 2 - Moderate, 3 - Substantial															

21154S24 **ENGINEERING GRAPHICS** **L T P C**

2 0 4 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. Drawing engineering curves.
2. Drawing freehand sketch of simple objects.
3. Drawing orthographic projection of solids and section of solids.
4. Drawing development of solids
5. Drawing isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications - Use of drafting instruments - BIS conventions and specifications — Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets — Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES **6+12**

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics — Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method — Construction of cycloid — construction of involutes of square and circle — Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE **6+12**

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS AND FREEHAND SKETCHING **6+12**

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method. Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles —Representation of Three Dimensional objects — Layout of views- Freehand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES **6 +12**

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other — obtaining true shape of section. Development oflateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids — Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of simple objects by CAD Software (Not for examination)

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS **6+12**

Principles of isometric projection — isometric scale - lsometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions - Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

Practicing three dimensional modeling of isometric projection of simple objects by CAD Software (Notfor examination)

TOTAL: (L=30; P=60) 90 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Use BIS conventions and specifications for engineering drawing.
- Construct the conic curves, involutes and cycloid.
- Solve practical problems involving projection of lines.
- Draw the orthographic, isometric and perspective projections of simple solids.
- Draw the development of simple solids.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Natrajan K.V., "A Text Book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2018.
3. Parthasarathy, N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Drawing", Oxford University Press, 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2019.
2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore,27th Edition,2017.
3. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Parthasarathy N. S. and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi,2015.
5. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education India, 2nd Edition, 2009.
6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

1. IS 10711 — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) — 2001: Technical products Documentation — Lettering.
3. IS 10714 (Part 20) — 2001 & SP 46 — 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
4. IS 11669 — 1986 & SP 46 —2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) — 2001: Technical drawings — Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	1	2		2					3		2	2	2	
2	3	1	2		2					3		2	2	2	
3	3	1	2		2					3		2	2	2	
4	3	1	2		2					3		2	2	2	
5	3	1	2		2					3		2	2	2	
Avg.	3	1	2		2					3		2	2	2	
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L26 ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to provide hands on training to the students in:

1. Drawing pipe line plan; laying and connecting various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Sawing; planing; making joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wiring various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Welding various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machining various simple processes like turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assembling simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Making a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Soldering and testing simple electronic circuits; Assembling and testing simple electronic components on PCB.

GROUP – A (CIVIL & ELECTRICAL)

PART I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

PLUMBING WORK:

a) Connecting various basic pipe fittings like valves, taps, coupling, unions, reducers, elbows and other components which are commonly used in household.
b) Preparing plumbing line sketches.
c) Laying pipe connection to the suction side of a pump
d) Laying pipe connection to the delivery side of a pump.
e) Connecting pipes of different materials: Metal, plastic and flexible pipes used in household appliances.

WOOD WORK:

a) Sawing,
b) Planing and
c) Making joints like T-Joint, Mortise joint and Tenon joint and Dovetail joint.

Wood Work Study:

a) Studying joints in door panels and wooden furniture
b) Studying common industrial trusses using models.

PART II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

a) Introduction to switches, fuses, indicators and lamps - Basic switch board wiring with lamp, fan and three pin socket
b) Staircase wiring
c) Fluorescent Lamp wiring with introduction to CFL and LED types.
d) Energy meter wiring and related calculations/ calibration
e) Study of Iron Box wiring and assembly
f) Study of Fan Regulator (Resistor type and Electronic type using Diac/Triac/quadrac)
g) Study of emergency lamp wiring/Water heater

GROUP – B (MECHANICAL AND ELECTRONICS)

PART III MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

WELDING WORK:

a) Welding of Butt Joints, Lap Joints, and Tee Joints using arc welding.
b) Practicing gas welding.

BASIC MACHINING WORK:

a) (simple)Turning.
b) (simple)Drilling.
c) (simple)Tapping.

ASSEMBLY WORK:

a) Assembling a centrifugal pump.
b) Assembling a household mixer.
c) Assembling an airconditioner.

SHEET METAL WORK:

a) Making of a square tray

FOUNDRY WORK:

a) Demonstrating basic foundry operations.

PART IV ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES 15

SOLDERING WORK:

a) Soldering simple electronic circuits and checking continuity.

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY AND TESTING WORK:

a) Assembling and testing electronic components on a small PCB.

ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT STUDY:

a) Study an elements of smart phone.
b) Assembly and dismantle of LED TV.
c) Assembly and dismantle of computer/ laptop

TOTAL = 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Draw pipe line plan; lay and connect various pipe fittings used in common household plumbing work; Saw; plan; make joints in wood materials used in common household wood work.
2. Wire various electrical joints in common household electrical wire work.
3. Weld various joints in steel plates using arc welding work; Machine various simple processeslike turning, drilling, tapping in parts; Assemble simple mechanical assembly of common household equipments; Make a tray out of metal sheet using sheet metal work.
4. Solder and test simple electronic circuits; Assemble and test simple electronic components on PCB.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2			1	1	1					2	2	1	1
2	3	2			1	1	1					2	2	1	1
3	3	2			1	1	1					2	2	1	1
Avg.	3	2			1	1	1					2	2	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21153L27 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train the students in conducting load tests on electrical machines
- To gain practical experience in characterizing electronic devices
- To train the students to use DSO for measurements.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Verification of ohms and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Load test on DC Shunt Motor.
3. Load test on Self Excited DC Generator
4. Load test on Single phase Transformer
5. Load Test on Induction Motor
6. Characteristics of PN and Zener Diodes
7. Characteristics of BJT, SCR and MOSFET
8. Half wave and Full Wave rectifiers
9. Study of Logic Gates
10. Implementation of Binary Adder and Subtractor
11. Study of DSO

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the students will be able to

1. Use experimental methods to verify the Ohm's and Kirchhoff's Laws.
2. Analyze experimentally the load characteristics of electrical machines
3. Analyze the characteristics of basic electronic devices
4. Use DSO to measure the various parameters

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs															
COs/POs&PSOs	**POs**												**PSOs**		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
CO1	3	3	2	1	1			1.5	2						1
CO2	3	3	2	1	1			1.5	2						1
CO3	3	3	2	1	1			1.5	2						1
CO4	3	3	2	1	1			1.5	2						1
CO5	3	3	2	1	1			1.5	2						1
CO/PO &PSO Average	3	3	2	1	1			1.5	2						1
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

21147L28 COMMUNICATION LABORATORY II L T P C
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES

- To identify varied group discussion skills and apply them to take part in effective discussions in a professional context.
- To analyse concepts and problems and make effective presentations explaining themclearly and precisely.
- To be able to communicate effectively through formal and informal writing.
- To be able to use appropriate language structures to write emails, reports and essays
- To give instructions and recommendations that are clear and relevant to the context

UNIT I **12**

Speaking-Role Play Exercises Based on Workplace Contexts, - talking about competition-discussing progress toward goals-talking about experiences- talking about events in life- discussing past events-Writing: writing emails (formal & semi-formal).

UNIT II **12**

Speaking: discussing news stories-talking about frequency-talking about travel problems-discussing travel procedures- talking about travel problems- making arrangements-describing arrangements-discussing plans and decisions- discussing purposes and reasons- understanding common technology terms-Writing: - writing different types of emails.

UNIT III **12**

Speaking: discussing predictions-describing the climate-discussing forecasts and scenarios- talking about purchasing-discussing advantages and disadvantages- making comparisons- discussing likes and dislikes- discussing feelings about experiences-discussing imaginary scenarios Writing: short essays and reports-formal/semi-formal letters.

UNIT IV **12**

Speaking: discussing the natural environment-describing systems-describing position and movement- explaining rules-(example- discussing rental arrangements)- understanding technical instructions-Writing: writing instructions-writing a short article.

UNIT V **12**

Speaking: describing things relatively-describing clothing-discussing safety issues (making recommendations) talking about electrical devices-describing controlling actions- Writing:
job application (Cover letter + Curriculum vitae)-writing recommendations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, learners will be able

- Speak effectively in group discussions held in ~~a~~ formal/semi formal contexts.
- Discuss, analyse and present concepts and problems from various perspectives to arrive at suitable solutions
- Write emails, letters and effective job applications.
- Write critical reports to convey data and information with clarity and precision
- Give appropriate instructions and recommendations for safe execution of tasks

Assessment Pattern

- One online / app based assessment to test speaking and writing skills
- Proficiency certification is given on successful completion of speaking and writing.

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
2	2	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
AVg.	2.4	2.8	3	3	1.8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-

21148S31D TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of PDE for solving standard partial differential equations.
- To introduce Fourier series analysis which is central to many applications in engineering apart from its use in solving boundary value problems.
- To acquaint the student with Fourier series techniques in solving heat flow problems used in various situations.
- To acquaint the student with Fourier, transform techniques used in wide variety of situations.
- To introduce the effective mathematical tools for the solutions of partial differential equations that model several physical processes and to develop Z transform techniques for discrete time systems.

UNIT I PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Formation of partial differential equations –Solutions of standard types of first order partial differential equations - First order partial differential equations reducible to standard types- Lagrange's linear equation - Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficientsof both homogeneous and non-homogeneous types.

UNIT II FOURIER SERIES 9+3

Dirichlet's conditions – General Fourier series – Odd and even functions – Half range sine seriesand cosine series – Root mean square value – Parseval's identity – Harmonic analysis.

UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Classification of PDE — Method of separation of variables - Fourier series solutions of one-dimensional wave equation – One dimensional equation of heat conduction – Steady state solution of two-dimensional equation of heat conduction (Cartesian coordinates only).

UNIT IV FOURIER TRANSFORMS 9+3

Statement of Fourier integral theorem– Fourier transform pair — Fourier sine and cosine transforms – Properties – Transforms of simple functions – Convolution theorem – Parseval's identity.

UNIT V Z - TRANSFORMS AND DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS 9+3

Z-transforms - Elementary properties — Convergence of Z-transforms - — Initial and final value theorems - Inverse Z-transform using partial fraction and convolution theorem - Formation of difference equations – Solution of difference equations using Z - transforms.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand how to solve the given standard partial differential equations.
2. Solve differential equations using Fourier series analysis which plays a vital role in engineering applications.
3. Appreciate the physical significance of Fourier series techniques in solving one- and two-dimensional heat flow problems and one-dimensional wave equations.
4. Understand the mathematical principles on transforms and partial differential equations would provide them the ability to formulate and solve some of the physical problems of engineering.
5. Use the effective mathematical tools for the solutions of partial differential equations by using Z transform techniques for discrete time systems

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grewal B.S., “Higher Engineering Mathematics", 44thEdition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Kreyszig E, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", 10th Edition, John Wiley, New Delhi, India,2018.

REFERENCES:

1. Andrews. L.C and Shivamoggi. B, "Integral Transforms for Engineers" SPIE Press, 1999.
2. Bali. N.P and Manish Goyal, "A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics", 10th Edition, LaxmiPublications Pvt. Ltd, 2021.
3. James. G., "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 4thEdition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2016.
4. Narayanan. S., Manicavachagom Pillay.T.K and Ramanaiah.G "Advanced Mathematics for Engineering Students", Vol. II & III, S.Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Chennai, 1998.
5. Ramana. B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
6. Wylie. R.C. and Barrett. L.C., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics “Tata McGraw Hill EducationPvt. Ltd, 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2012.

	PO 1	**PO 2**	**PO 3**	**PO 4**	**PO 5**	**PO 6**	**PO 7**	**PO 8**	**PO 9**	**PO 10**	**PO 11**	**PO 12**	**PSO 1**	**PSO 2**	**PSO 3**
CO1	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	-	-	-
Avg	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	-	-	-

21154C32	ENGINEERING MECHANICS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To Learn the use scalar and vector analytical techniques for analysing forces in statically determinate structures
2 To introduce the equilibrium of rigid bodies, vector methods and free body diagram
3 To study and understand the distributed forces, surface, loading on beam and intensity.
4 To learn the principles of friction, forces and to determine the apply the concepts of frictional forces at the contact surfaces of various engineering systems.
5 To develop basic dynamics concepts – force, momentum, work and energy;

UNIT I STATICS OF PARTICLES 9

Fundamental Concepts and Principles, Systems of Units, Method of Problem Solutions, Statics of Particles -Forces in a Plane, Resultant of Forces, Resolution of a Force into Components, Rectangular Components of a Force, Unit Vectors. Equilibrium of a Particle- Newton's First Law of Motion, Space and Free-Body Diagrams, Forces in Space, Equilibrium of a Particle in Space.

UNIT II EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODIES 9

Principle of Transmissibility, Equivalent Forces, Vector Product of Two Vectors, Moment of a Force about a Point, Varignon's Theorem, Rectangular Components of the Moment of a Force, Scalar Product of Two Vectors, Mixed Triple Product of Three Vectors, Moment of a Force about an Axis, Couple - Moment of a Couple, Equivalent Couples, Addition of Couples, Resolution of a Given Force into a Force -Couple system, Further Reduction of a System of Forces, Equilibrium in Two and Three Dimensions - Reactions at Supports and Connections.

UNIT III DISTRIBUTED FORCES 9

Centroids of lines and areas — symmetrical and unsymmetrical shapes, Determination of Centroids by Integration, Theorems of Pappus-Guldinus, Distributed Loads on Beams, Centre of Gravity of a Three-Dimensional Body, Centroid of a Volume, Composite Bodies, Determination of Centroids of Volumes by Integration. Moments of Inertia of Areas and Mass - Determination of the Moment of Inertia of an Area by Integration, Polar Moment of Inertia, Radius of Gyration of an Area, Parallel-Axis Theorem, Moments of Inertia of Composite Areas, Moments of Inertia of a Mass - Moments of Inertia of Thin Plates, Determination of the Moment of Inertia of a Three-Dimensional Body by Integration.

UNIT IV FRICTION 9

The Laws of Dry Friction, Coefficients of Friction, Angles of Friction, Wedge friction, Wheel Friction, Rolling Resistance, Ladder friction.

UNIT V DYNAMICS OF PARTICLES 9

Kinematics - Rectilinear Motion and Curvilinear Motion of Particles. Kinetics- Newton's Second Law ofMotion -Equations of Motions, Dynamic Equilibrium, Energy and Momentum Methods - Work of a Force, Kinetic Energy of a Particle, Principle of Work and Energy, Principle of Impulse and Momentum,Impact of bodies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

- Illustrate the vector and scalar representation of forces and moments
- Analyse the rigid body in equilibrium
- Evaluate the properties of distributed forces
- Determine the friction and the effects by the laws of friction
- Calculate dynamic forces exerted in rigid body

TEXT BOOKS:

1.Beer Ferdinand P, Russel Johnston Jr., David F Mazurek, Philip J Cornwell, Sanjeev Sanghi, Vector Mechanics for Engineers: Statics and Dynamics, McGraw Higher Education., 12thEdition, 2019.
2.Vela Murali, "Engineering Mechanics-Statics and Dynamics", Oxford University Press, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1 Boresi P and Schmidt J, Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics, 1/e, Cengage learning, 2008.
2 Hibbeller, R.C., Engineering Mechanics: Statics, and Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics, 13th edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.
3 Irving H. Shames, Krishna Mohana Rao G, Engineering Mechanics – Statics and Dynamics, 4thEdition, Pearson Education Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2005.
4 Meriam J L and Kraige L G, Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics, 7th edition, Wiley student edition, 2013.
5 Timoshenko S, Young D H, Rao J V and SukumarPati, Engineering Mechanics, 5thEdition, McGraw Hill Higher Education, 2013.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	2	1	2							2	3	1	1
2	3	2	2	1	2							2	3	1	1
3	3	2	3	1	2							2	3	1	2
4	3	2	3	1	2							2	3	1	2
5	3	2	3	1	2							2	3	1	2
Low (1); Medium (2); High (3)															

21154C33 ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 Impart knowledge on the basics and application of zeroth and first law of thermodynamics.
2 Impart knowledge on the second law of thermodynamics in analysing the performance of thermal devices.
3 Impart knowledge on availability and applications of second law of thermodynamics
4 Teach the various properties of steam through steam tables and Mollier chart.
5 Impart knowledge on the macroscopic properties of ideal and real gases.

UNIT I BASICS, ZEROTH AND FIRST LAW 9

Review of Basics — Thermodynamic systems, Properties and processes Thermodynamic Equilibrium - Displacement work - P-V diagram. Thermal equilibrium - Zeroth law — Concept of temperature and Temperature Scales. First law — application to closed and open systems — steady and unsteady flow processes.

UNIT II SECOND LAW AND ENTROPY 9

Heat Engine — Refrigerator - Heat pump. Statements of second law and their equivalence & corollaries. Carnot cycle - Reversed Carnot cycle - Performance - Clausius inequality. Concept of entropy - T-s diagram - Tds Equations - Entropy change for a pure substance.

UNIT III AVAILABILITY AND APPLICATIONS OF II LAW 9

Ideal gases undergoing different processes - principle of increase in entropy. Applications of II Law. High- and low-grade energy. Availability and Irreversibility for open and closed system processes - I and II law Efficiency

UNIT IV PROPERTIES OF PURE SUBSTANCES 9

Steam - formation and its thermodynamic properties - p-v, p-T, T-v, T-s, h-s diagrams. PVT surface. Determination of dryness fraction. Calculation of work done and heat transfer in non-flow and flow processes using Steam Table and Mollier Chart.

UNIT V GAS MIXTURES AND THERMODYNAMIC RELATIONS 9

Properties of Ideal gas, real gas - comparison. Equations of state for ideal and real gases. vander Waal'srelation - Reduced properties - Compressibility factor - Principle of Corresponding states - Generalized Compressibility Chart. Maxwell relations - TdS Equations - heat capacities relations - Energy equation, Joule-Thomson experiment - Clausius-Clapeyron equation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply the zeroth and first law of thermodynamics by formulating temperature scales and calculating the property changes in closed and open engineering systems.
2. Apply the second law of thermodynamics in analysing the performance of thermal devices through energy and entropy calculations.
3. Apply the second law of thermodynamics in evaluating the various properties of steam through steam tables and Mollier chart
4. Apply the properties of pure substance in computing the macroscopic properties of ideal and real gases using gas laws and appropriate thermodynamic relations.
5. Apply the properties of gas mixtures in calculating the properties of gas mixtures and applying various thermodynamic relations to calculate property changes.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Nag.P.K., “Engineering Thermodynamics”, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill (2017), New Delhi.
2. Natarajan, E., “Engineering Thermodynamics: Fundamentals and Applications”, 2nd Edition (2014), Anuragam Publications, Chennai.

REFERENCES:

1. Cengel, Y and M. Boles, Thermodynamics - An Engineering Approach, Tata McGraw Hill,9th Edition,2019.
2. Chattopadhyay, P, "Engineering Thermodynamics", 2nd Edition Oxford University Press, 2016.
3. Rathakrishnan, E., "Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of IndiaPvt. Ltd, 2006.
4. Claus Borgnakke and Richard E. Sonntag, "Fundamentals of Thermodynamics", 10th Edition, Wiley Eastern, 2019.
5. Venkatesh. A, "Basic Engineering Thermodynamics", Universities Press (India) Limited, 2007

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	2	1								2			
2	3	3	2	1								2			
3	3	3	2	1					1		1	2	3		3
4	3	3	2	1		1			2		1	2	3	2	
5	3	3	2	1		1			2		1	2	3	2	3
Low (1) Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C34 FLUID MECHANICS AND MACHINERY L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To introduce the students about properties of the fluids, behaviour of fluids under static conditions.
2. To impart basic knowledge of the dynamics of fluids and boundary layer concept.
3. To expose to the applications of the conservation laws to a) flow measurements b) flow through pipes (both laminar and turbulent) and c) forces on pipe bends.
4. To exposure to the significance of boundary layer theory and its thicknesses.
5. To expose the students to basic principles of working of hydraulic machineries and to design Pelton wheel, Francis and Kaplan turbine, centrifugal and reciprocating pumps.

UNIT I FLUID PROPERTIES AND FLOW CHARACTERISTICS 10+3

Properties of fluids — Fluid statics - Pressure Measurements - Buoyancy and floatation - Flow characteristics - Eulerian and Lagrangian approach - Concept of control volume and system - Reynold's transportation theorem - Continuity equation, energy equation and momentum equation - Applications.

UNIT II FLOW THROUGH PIPES AND BOUNDARY LAYER 9+3

Reynold's Experiment - Laminar flow through circular conduits - Darcy Weisbach equation - friction factor - Moody diagram - Major and minor losses - Hydraulic and energy gradient lines - Pipes in series and parallel - Boundary layer concepts - Types of boundary layer thickness.

UNIT III DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS AND MODEL STUDIES 8+3

Fundamental dimensions - Dimensional homogeneity - Rayleigh's method and Buckingham Pi theorem - Dimensionless parameters - Similitude and model studies - Distorted and undistorted models.

UNIT IV TURBINES 9+3

Impact of jets - Velocity triangles - Theory of rotodynamic machines - Classification of turbines - Workingprinciples - Pelton wheel - Modern Francis turbine - Kaplan turbine - Work done - Efficiencies - Draft tube -Specific speed - Performance curves for turbines - Governing of turbines.

UNIT V PUMPS 9+3

Classification of pumps - Centrifugal pumps - Working principle - Heads and efficiencies– Velocity triangles - Work done by the impeller - Performance curves - Reciprocating pump working principle - Indicator diagram and it's variations - Work saved by fitting air vessels - Rotary pumps.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

1. Understand the properties and behaviour in static conditions. Also, to understand the conservation laws applicable to fluids and its application through fluid kinematics and dynamics
2. Estimate losses in pipelines for both laminar and turbulent conditions and analysis of pipes connected in series and parallel. Also, to understand the concept of boundary layer and its thickness on the flat solid surface.
3. Formulate the relationship among the parameters involved in the given fluid phenomenon and to predict the performances of prototype by model studies
4. Explain the working principles of various turbines and design the various types of turbines.
5. Explain the working principles of centrifugal, reciprocating and rotary pumps and design the centrifugal and reciprocating pumps

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Modi P.N. and Seth, S.M. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, Standard Book House, New Delhi, 22ndedition (2019)
2. Jain A. K. Fluid Mechanics including Hydraulic Machines, Khanna Publishers,

NewDelhi, 2014.
3. Kumar K. L., Engineering Fluid Mechanics, Eurasia Publishing House(p) Ltd. New Delhi, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Fox W.R. and McDonald A.T., Introduction to Fluid Mechanics John-Wiley and Sons, Singapore,2011.
2. Pani B S, Fluid Mechanics: A Concise Introduction, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd, 2016.
3. Cengel Y A and Cimbala J M, Fluid Mechanics, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2014.
4. S K Som; Gautam Biswas and S Chakraborty, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
5. Streeter, V. L. and Wylie E. B., Fluid Mechanics, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 2010.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	3	2	3
2	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	3	2	3
3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3
4	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	3	2	2
5	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	3	2	2
Low (1); Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C35 ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND METALLURGY

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To learn the constructing the phase diagram and using of iron-iron carbide phase diagram formicrostructure formation.
2 To learn selecting and applying various heat treatment processes and its microstructureformation.
3 To illustrate the different types of ferrous and non-ferrous alloys and their uses in engineeringfield.
4 To illustrate the different polymer, ceramics and composites and their uses in engineering field.
5 To learn the various testing procedures and failure mechanism in engineering field.

UNIT I CONSTITUTION OF ALLOYS AND PHASE DIAGRAMS 9

Constitution of alloys – Solid solutions, substitutional and interstitial – phase diagrams, Isomorphous, eutectic, eutectoid, peritectic, and peritectoid reactions, Iron — Iron carbide equilibrium diagram. Classification of steel and cast-Iron microstructure, properties and application.

UNIT II HEAT TREATMENT 9

Definition – Full annealing, stress relief, recrystallisation and spheroidising –normalizing, hardening and tempering of steel. Isothermal transformation diagrams – cooling curves superimposed on I.T. diagram
– continuous cooling Transformation (CCT) diagram – Austempering, Martempering – Hardenability, Jominy end quench test -case hardening, carburizing, Nitriding, cyaniding, carbonitriding – Flame and Induction hardening – Vacuum and Plasma hardening – Thermo-mechanical treatments- elementaryideas on sintering.

UNIT III FERROUS AND NON-FERROUS METALS 9

Effect of alloying additions on steel (Mn, Si, Cr, Mo, Ni, V,Ti& W) – stainless and tool steels – HSLA - Maraging steels – Grey, white, malleable, spheroidal – alloy cast irons, Copper and its alloys – Brass, Bronze and Cupronickel – Aluminium and its alloys; Al-Cu – precipitation strengthening treatment – Titanium alloys, Mg-alloys, Ni-based super alloys – shape memory alloys- Properties and Applications-
overview of materials standards

UNIT IV NON-METALLIC MATERIALS 9

Polymers – types of polymers, commodity and engineering polymers – Properties and applications of PE, PP, PS, PVC, PMMA, PET, PC, PA, ABS, PAI, PPO, PPS, PEEK, PTFE, Thermoset polymers –
Urea and Phenol formaldehydes –Nylon, Engineering Ceramics – Properties and applications of Al2O3, SiC, Si3N4, PSZ and SIALON — intermetallics- Composites- Matrix and reinforcement Materials-applications of Composites - Nano composites.

UNIT V MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AND DEFORMATION MECHANISMS 9

Mechanisms of plastic deformation, slip and twinning – Types of fracture – fracture mechanics-Griffith's theory- Testing of materials under tension, compression and shear loads — Hardness tests (Brinell, Vickers and Rockwell), Micro and nano-hardness tests, Impact test lzod and charpy, fatigue and creep failure mechanisms.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain alloys and phase diagram, Iron-Iron carbon diagram and steel classification.
2. Explain isothermal transformation, continuous cooling diagrams and different heat treatment processes.

3. Clarify the effect of alloying elements on ferrous and non-ferrous metals.
4. Summarize the properties and applications of non-metallic materials.
5. Explain the testing of mechanical properties.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kenneth G.Budinski and Michael K. Budinski, "Engineering Materials", Prentice Hall of IndiaPrivate Limited, 9th edition ,2018.
2. Sydney H.Avner, "Introduction to Physical Metallurgy", McGraw Hill Book Company, 1994

REFERENCES:

1. A. Alavudeen, N. Venkateshwaran, and J. T.WinowlinJappes, A Textbook of Engineering Materialsand Metallurgy, Laxmi Publications, 2006.
2. Amandeep Singh Wadhwa, andHarvinder Singh Dhaliwal, A Textbook of Engineering Material andMetallurgy, University Sciences Press, 2008.
3. G.S. Upadhyay and Anish Upadhyay, "Materials Science and Engineering", Viva Books Pvt.Ltd, NewDelhi, 2020.
4. Raghavan.V, "Materials Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd. 6th edition, 2019.
5. Williams D Callister, "Material Science and Engineering" Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2nd edition Re print2019.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	1	3	2								2	2	1	2
2	3	1	3	1		2		1				2	2	1	2
3	3	1	3									2	2	1	2
4	3	1	3				2					2	2	1	2
5	3	1	3	2	2							2	2	1	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C36	MANUFACTURING PROCESSES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To illustrate the working principles of various metal casting processes.
2. To learn and apply the working principles of various metal joining processes.
3. To analyse the working principles of bulk deformation of metals.
4. To learn the working principles of sheet metal forming process.
5. To study and practice the working principles of plastics molding.

UNIT – I METAL CASTING PROCESSES 9

Sand Casting – Sand Mould – Type of patterns - Pattern Materials – Pattern allowances – Molding sand Properties and testing – Cores –Types and applications – Molding machines – Types and applications– Melting furnaces – Principle of special casting processes- Shell, investment – Ceramic mould – Pressure die casting – low pressure, gravity- Tilt pouring, high pressure die casting- Centrifugal Casting – CO2 casting –- Defects in Sand casting process-remedies

UNIT II METAL JOINING PROCESSES 9

Fusion welding processes – Oxy fuel welding – Filler and Flux materials-–Arc welding, Electrodes, Coating and specifications – Gas Tungsten arc welding –Gas metal arc welding - Submerged arc welding – Electro slag welding– Plasma arc welding — Resistance welding Processes -Electron beam welding – Laser beam Welding Friction welding – Friction stir welding – Diffusion welding – Thermit Welding, Weld defects – inspection &remedies – Brazing - soldering – Adhesive bonding.

UNIT III BULK DEFORMATION PROCESSES 9

Hot working and cold working of metals – Forging processes – Open, impression and closed die forging –cold forging- Characteristics of the processes – Typical forging operations – rolling of metals – Types of Rolling – Flat strip rolling – shape rolling operations – Defects in rolled parts – Principle of rod and wire drawing – Tube drawing – Principles of Extrusion – Types – Hot and Cold extrusion. Introduction to shaping operations.

UNIT IV SHEET METAL PROCESSES 9

Sheet metal characteristics – Typical shearing, bending and drawing operations – Stretch forming operations – Formability of sheet metal – Test methods –special forming processes - Working principle and applications – Hydro forming – Rubber pad forming – Metal spinning – Introduction of Explosive forming, magnetic pulseforming, peen forming, Super plastic forming – Micro forming – Incremental forming.

UNIT V MANUFACTURE OF PLASTIC COMPONENTS 9

Types and characteristics of plastics – Molding of thermoplastics & Thermosetting polymers– working principles and typical applications – injection molding – Plunger and screw machines – Compression molding, Transfer Molding – Typical industrial applications – introduction to blow molding – Rotational molding – Film blowing – Extrusion – Thermoforming – Bonding of Thermoplastics- duff moulding.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain the principle of different metal casting processes.
2. Describe the various metal joining processes.
3. Illustrate the different bulk deformation processes.
4. Apply the various sheet metal forming process.
5. Apply suitable molding technique for manufacturing of plastics components.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kalpakjian. S, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Pearson Education India,4th Edition, 2013
2. P.N.Rao Manufacturing Technology Volume 1 Mc Grawhill Education 5th edition,2018.

REFERENCES:

1. Roy. A. Lindberg, Processes and materials of manufacture, PHI / Pearson education, 2006.
2. S. Gowri P. Hariharan, A.Suresh Babu, Manufacturing Technology I, Pearson Education, 2008.
3. Paul Degarma E, Black J.T and Ronald A. Kosher, Eligth Edition, Materials and Processes, in Manufacturing, Eight Edition, Prentice – Hall of India, 1997.
4. Hajra Chouldhary S.K and Hajra Choudhury. AK., Elements of workshop Technology, volume I and II,Media promoters and Publishers Private Limited, Mumbai, 1997
5. Sharma, P.C., A Text book of production Technology, S.Chand and Co. Ltd., 2004

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3		2			2	3	1	1	-	-	1	3	1	2
2	3		2			2	3	1	1	-	-	1	3	1	2
3	3		2			2	2	1	1	-	-	1	3	1	2
4	3		2			2	2	1	1	-	-	1	3	1	2
5	3		2		2	2	2	1	1	-	-	1	3	1	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L37 COMPUTER AIDED MACHINE DRAWING

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To acquaint the skills and practical experience in handling 2D drafting and 3D modelling software systems, standard drawing practices using fits and tolerances.
2 To prepare assembly drawings both manually and using standard CAD packages.
3 To Preparing standard drawing layout for modeled parts, assemblies with BoM.

PART I DRAWING STANDARDS & FITS AND TOLERANCES 12

Code of practice for Engineering Drawing, BIS specifications — Welding symbols, riveted joints, keys, fasteners – Reference to hand book for the selection of standard components like bolts, nuts, screws, keys etc. - Limits, Fits — Tolerancing of individual dimensions IS919- Specification of Fits — Preparation of production drawings and reading of part and assembly drawings, basic principles of Geometric Dimensioning &Tolerancing.

PART II 2D DRAFTING 48

Drawing, Editing, Dimensioning, Layering, Hatching, Block, Array, Detailing, Detailed Drawing.

1. Bearings – Bush Bearing,
2. Valves – Safety and Non-return Valves.
3. Couplings – Flange, Oldham's, Muff, Gear couplings.
4. Joints – Universal, Knuckle, Gib& Cotter, Strap, Sleeve &Cotter joints.
5. Engine parts – Piston, Connecting Rod, Crosshead (vertical and horizontal), Stuffing box, multi-plate clutch.
6. Machine Components – Screw Jack, Machine Vice, LatheTail Stock, Lathe Chuck, Plummer Block, Vane and Gear pumps.

Total: 20% of classes for theory classes and 80% of classes for practice

Note: 25% of assembly drawings must be done manually and remaining 75% of assembly drawings must be done by using any CAD software. The above tasks can be performed manually and using standard commercial 2D CAD software.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Prepare standard drawing layout for modelled assemblies with BoM.
2. Model orthogonal views of machine components.
3. Prepare standard drawing layout for modelled parts

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Machine Drawing", 17th Edition, Subhas Stores Books Corner, Bangalore,2003.
2. N. D. Bhatt and V.M. Panchal, "Machine Drawing", 51st Edition, Charator Publishers,2022.

REFERENCES:

1. K. L Narayana, P.Kannaiah, K.Venkata Reddy, Machine Drawing , 15 Edition , New Age International Publication
2. Goutam Pohit and Goutam Ghosh, "Machine Drawing with AutoCAD", 1st Edition,Pearson Education, 2004
3. Junnarkar, N.D., "Machine Drawing", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2004
4. N. Siddeshwar, P. Kanniah, V.V.S. Sastri," Machine Drawing" , published by Tata McGrawHill,2006
5. S. Trymbaka Murthy, "A Text Book of Computer Aided Machine Drawing", CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2007

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	2			3				3	2		3	2	2	2
2	1	2			3				3	2		3	2	2	2
3	1	2			3				3	2		3	2	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L38	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To Selecting appropriate tools, equipment's and machines to complete a given job.

2 To Performing various welding process using GMAW and fabricating gears using gear making machines.

3 To Performing various machining process such as rolling, drawing, turning, shaping, drilling, millingand analysing the defects in the cast and machined components.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Fabricating simple structural shapes using Gas Metal Arc Welding machine.
2. Preparing green sand moulds with cast patterns.
3. Taper Turning and Eccentric Turning on circular parts using lathe machine.
4. Knurling, external and internal thread cutting on circular parts using lathe machine.
5. Shaping – Square and Hexagonal Heads on circular parts using shaper machine.
6. Drilling and Reaming using vertical drilling machine.
7. Milling contours on plates using vertical milling machine.
8. Cutting spur and helical gear using milling machine.
9. Generating gears using gear hobbing machine.
10. Generating gears using gear shaping machine.
11. Grinding components using cylindrical and centerless grinding machine.
12. Grinding components using surface grinding machine.
13. Cutting force calculation using dynamometer in milling machine
14. Cutting force calculation using dynamometer in lathe machine

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Demonstrate the safety precautions exercised in the mechanical workshop and join two metals using GMAW.
2. The students able to make the work piece as per given shape and size using machining process such as rolling, drawing, turning, shaping, drilling and milling.
3. The students become make the gears using gear making machines and analyze the defects in the cast and machined components

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3						1		2			1	1	2	2
2	3						1		2			1	1	2	2
3	3						1		2			1	1	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L39 **PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT** **L T P C**
0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

To be proficient in important Microsoft Office tools: MS WORD, EXCEL, POWERPOINT.

- To be proficient in using MS WORD to create quality technical documents, by using standard templates, widely acceptable styles and formats, variety of features to enhance the presentability and overall utility value of content.
- To be proficient in using MS EXCEL for all data manipulation tasks including the common statistical, logical, mathematical etc., operations, conversion, analytics, search and explore, visualize, interlink, and utilizing many more critical features offered
- To be able to create and share quality presentations by using the features of MS PowerPoint, including: organization of content, presentability, aesthetics, using media elements and enhance the overall quality of presentations.

MS WORD: **10 Hours**

Create and format a document
Working with tables
Working with Bullets and Lists
Working with styles, shapes, smart art, charts
Inserting objects, charts and importing objects from other office tools
Creating and Using document templates
Inserting equations, symbols and special characters
Working with Table of contents and References, citations
Insert and review comments
Create bookmarks, hyperlinks, endnotes footnote
Viewing document in different modes
Working with document protection and
securityInspect document for accessibility

MS EXCEL: **10 Hours**

Create worksheets, insert and format data
Work with different types of data: text, currency, date, numeric etc.
Split, validate, consolidate, Convert data
Sort and filter data

Perform calculations and use functions: (Statistical, Logical, Mathematical, date, Time etc.,)
Work with Lookup and reference formulae
Create and Work with different types of charts
Use pivot tables to summarize and analyse data
Perform data analysis using own formulae and functions
Combine data from multiple worksheets using own formulae and built-in functions to generate results
Export data and sheets to other file formats
Working with macros
Protecting data and Securing the workbook

MS POWERPOINT: **10 Hours**

Select slide templates, layout and themes
Formatting slide content and using bullets and numbering
Insert and format images, smart art, tables, charts
Using Slide master, notes and handout master
Working with animation and transitions
Organize and Group slides

Import or create and use media objects: audio, video, animation
Perform slideshow recording and Record narration and create presentable videos

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to

- Use MS Word to create quality documents, by structuring and organizing content for their day to day technical and academic requirements
- Use MS EXCEL to perform data operations and analytics, record, retrieve data as per requirements and visualize data for ease of understanding
- Use MS PowerPoint to create high quality academic presentations by including common tables, charts, graphs, interlinking other elements, and using media objects.

21154C41	THEORY OF MACHINES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To study the basic components of mechanisms, analyzing the assembly with respect to the displacement, velocity, and acceleration at any point in a link of a mechanism and design cam mechanisms for specified output motions.
2 To study the basic concepts of toothed gearing and kinematics of gear trains
3 To Analyzing the effects of friction in machine elements
4 To Analyzing the force-motion relationship in components subjected to external forces and analyzing of standard mechanisms.
5 To Analyzing the undesirable effects of unbalances resulting from prescribed motions in mechanism and the effect of dynamics of undesirable vibrations.

UNIT – I KINEMATICS OF MECHANISMS 9

Mechanisms – Terminology and definitions – kinematics inversions of 4 bar and slide crank chain – kinematicsanalysis in simple mechanisms – velocity and acceleration polygons– Analytical methods – computer approach – cams – classifications – displacement diagrams - layout of plate cam profiles – derivatives of followers motion – circular arc and tangent cams.

UNIT – II GEARS AND GEAR TRAINS 9

Spur gear – law of toothed gearing – involute gearing – Interchangeable gears – Gear tooth action interferenceand undercutting – nonstandard teeth – gear trains – parallel axis gears trains – epicyclic gear trains –automotive transmission gear trains.

UNIT – III FRICTION IN MACHINE ELEMENTS 9

Surface contacts – Sliding and Rolling friction – Friction drives – Friction in screw threads – Bearings and lubrication – Friction clutches – Belt and rope drives – Friction aspects in brakes– Friction in vehicle propulsionand braking.

UNIT – IV FORCE ANALYSIS 9

Applied and Constrained Forces – Free body diagrams – static Equilibrium conditions – Two, Three and four members – Static Force analysis in simple machine members – Dynamic Force Analysis – Inertia Forces and Inertia Torque – D'Alembert's principle – superposition principle – dynamic Force Analysis in simple machine members

UNIT – V BALANCING AND VIBRATION 9

Static and Dynamic balancing – Balancing of revolving and reciprocating masses – Balancing machines – free vibrations – Equations of motion – natural Frequency – Damped Vibration – bending critical speed of simple shaft – Torsional vibration – Forced vibration – harmonic Forcing – Vibration isolation. (Gyroscopicprinciples)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the basics of mechanism.
2. Solve problems on gears and gear trains.
3. Examine friction in machine elements.
4. Calculate static and dynamic forces of mechanisms.
5. Calculate the balancing masses and their locations of reciprocating and rotating masses. Computing the frequency of free vibration, forced vibration and damping coefficient.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Uicker, J.J., Pennock G.R and Shigley, J.E., "Theory of Machines and Mechanisms", Oxford UniversityPress, 2017.
2. Ramamurthi. V, "Mechanics of Machines", Narosa Publishing House, 3rd edition 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. AmitabhaGhosh and Asok Kumar Mallik, "Theory of Mechanisms and Machines", Affiliated East-WestPvt. Ltd., 1988.
2. Rao.J.S. and Dukkipati.R.V. "Mechanism and Machine Theory", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2nd edition,2014.
3. Rattan, S.S, "Theory of Machines", McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 5th edition 2019.
4. Robert L. Norton, Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.
5. Wilson and Sadler, Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery, Pearson, 2008.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	2		2			1				1	3		1
2	3	2	2		2			1				1	3		1
3	3	2	2		2			1				1	3		1
4	3	2	2		2			1				1	3		1
5	3	2	2		2			1				1	3		1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C42	THERMAL ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		4	0	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To learn the concepts and laws of thermodynamics to predict the operation of thermodynamic cycles and performance of Internal Combustion(IC) engines and Gas Turbines.
2 To analyzing the performance of steam nozzle, calculate critical pressure ratio
3 To Evaluating the performance of steam turbines through velocity triangles, understand the need for governing and compounding of turbines
4 To analyzing the working of IC engines and various auxiliary systems present in IC engines
5 To evaluating the various performance parameters of IC engines

UNIT I THERMODYNAMIC CYCLES 12

Air Standard Cycles – Carnot, Otto, Diesel, Dual, Brayton – Cycle Analysis, Performance and Comparison, Basic Rankine Cycle, modified, reheat and regenerative cycles.

UNIT II STEAM NOZZLES AND INJECTOR 12

Types and Shapes of nozzles, Flow of steam through nozzles, Critical pressure ratio, Variation of mass flowrate with pressure ratio. Effect of friction. Metastable flow.

UNIT III STEAM AND GAS TURBINES 12

Types, Impulse and reaction principles, Velocity diagrams, Work done and efficiency – optimal operating conditions. Multi-staging, compounding and governing. Gas turbine cycle analysis – open and closed cycle. Performance and its improvement - Regenerative, Intercooled, Reheated cycles and their combination.

UNIT IV INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES – FEATURES AND COMBUSTION 12

IC engine – Classification, working, components and their functions. Ideal and actual : Valve and port timing diagrams, p-v diagrams- two stroke & four stroke, and SI & CI engines – comparison. Geometric, operating, and performance comparison of SI and CI engines. Desirable properties and qualities of fuels. Air-fuel ratio calculation – lean and rich mixtures. Combustion in SI & CI Engines – Knocking – phenomena and control.

UNIT V INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE PERFORMANCE AND AUXILIARY SYSTEMS 12

Performance and Emission Testing, Performance parameters and calculations. Morse and Heat Balance tests. Multipoint Fuel Injection system and Common rail direct injection systems. Ignition systems – Magneto, Battery and Electronic. Lubrication and Cooling systems. Concepts of Supercharging and Turbocharging – Emission Norms

TOTAL :60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply thermodynamic concepts to different air standard cycles and solve problems.
2. To solve problems in steam nozzle and calculate critical pressure ratio.
3. Explain the flow in steam turbines, draw velocity diagrams, flow in Gas turbines and solve problems.
4. Explain the functioning and features of IC engine, components and auxiliaries.
5. Calculate the various performance parameters of IC engines

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mahesh. M. Rathore, “Thermal Engineering”, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. Ganesan.V, " Internal Combustion Engines" 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Ballaney. P, “Thermal Engineering”, 25th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2017.
2. Domkundwar, Kothandaraman, &Domkundwar, “A Course in Thermal Engineering”, 6th Edition, DhanpatRai& Sons, 2011.
3. Gupta H.N, “Fundamentals of Internal Combustion Engines”, 2nd Edition Prentice Hall of India, 2013.
4. Mathur M.L and Mehta F.S., “Thermal Science and Engineering”, 3rd Edition, Jain Brothers Pvt. Ltd, 2017.
5. Soman. K, “Thermal Engineering”, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2011.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	1	1								1	2	1	
2	3	2	2	1								1	2	1	
3	3	2	2	1								1	2	1	
4	3	2	1	1								1	2	1	
5	3	2	1	1								1	2	1	
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C43	HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To provide the knowledge on the working principles of fluid power systems.
2. To study the fluids and components used in modern industrial fluid power system.
3. To develop the design, construction and operation of fluid power circuits.
4. To learn the working principles of pneumatic power system and its components.
5. To provide the knowledge of trouble shooting methods in fluid power systems.

UNIT I FLUID POWER PRINICIPLES AND HYDRAULIC PUMPS 9

Introduction to Fluid power – Advantages and Applications – Fluid power systems – Types of fluids - Properties of fluids and selection – Basics of Hydraulics – Pascal's Law – Principles of flow - Friction loss –Work, Power and Torque- Problems, Sources of Hydraulic power: Pumping Theory-– Pump Classification – Construction, Working, Design, Advantages, Disadvantages, Performance, Selection criteria of pumps – Fixed and Variable displacement pumps – Problems

UNIT II HYDRAULIC ACTUATORS AND CONTROL COMPONENTS 9

Hydraulic Actuators: Cylinders — Types and construction, Application, Hydraulic cushioning — RotaryActuators-Hydraulic motors - Control Components: Direction Control, Flow control and pressure control valves
– Types, Construction and Operation – Accessories: Reservoirs, Pressure Switches – Filters –types and selection- Applications – Fluid Power ANSI Symbols – Problems

UNIT III HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS 9

Accumulators, Intensifiers, Industrial hydraulic circuits – Regenerative, Pump Unloading, Double-Pump, Pressure Intensifier, Air-over oil, Sequence, Reciprocation, Synchronization, Fail-Safe, Speed Control, Deceleration circuits, Sizing of hydraulic systems, Hydrostatic transmission, Electro hydraulic circuits, –Servo and Proportional valves – Applications- Mechanical, hydraulic servo systems.

UNIT IV PNEUMATIC AND ELECTRO PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS 9

Properties of air –Air preparation and distribution – Filters, Regulator, Lubricator, Muffler, Air control Valves, Quick Exhaust Valves, Pneumatic actuators, Design of Pneumatic circuit –classification- single cylinder and multi cylinder circuits-Cascade method –Integration of fringe circuits, Electro Pneumatic System – Elements
– Ladder diagram – timer circuits-Problems, Introduction to fluidics and pneumatic logic circuits

UNIT V TROUBLE SHOOTING AND APPLICATIONS 9

Installation, Selection, Maintenance, Trouble Shooting and Remedies in Hydraulic and Pneumatic systems, Conditioning of hydraulic fluids Design of hydraulic circuits for Drilling, Planning, Shaping, Surface grinding, Press and Forklift applications- mobile hydraulics; Design of Pneumatic circuits for metal working, handling, clamping counter and timer circuits. – Low-cost Automation – Hydraulic and Pneumatic power packs, IOT in Hydraulics and pneumatics
Note: (Use of standard Design Data Book is permitted in the University examination)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply the working principles of fluid power systems and hydraulic pumps.
2. Apply the working principles of hydraulic actuators and control components.
3. Design and develop hydraulic circuits and systems.
4. Apply the working principles of pneumatic circuits and power system and its components.
5. Identify various troubles shooting methods in fluid power systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anthony Esposito, "Fluid Power with Applications", Prentice Hall, 2009.
2. James A. Sullivan, "Fluid Power Theory and Applications", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 1997

REFERENCES:

1. Jagadeesha. T., "Pneumatics Concepts, Design and Applications ", Universities Press, 2015.
2. Joshi.P., Pneumatic Control", Wiley India, 2008.
3. Majumdar, S.R., "Oil Hydraulics Systems – Principles and Maintenance",TataMcGraw Hill, 2001.
4. Shanmugasundaram.K., "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls". Chand & Co, 2006.
5. Srinivasan.R., "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls", Vijay Nicole Imprints, 3rd edition,2019.

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	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
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2	2	1	1	1								1	2	1	1
3	2	1	1	1								1	2	1	1
4	2	1	1	1								1	2	1	1
5	2	1	1	1								1	2	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C44 MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1 To study the concepts and basic mechanics of metal cutting and the factors affecting machinability
2 To learn working of basic and advanced turning machines.
3 To teach the basics of machine tools with reciprocating and rotating motions and abrasive finishing processes.
4 To study the basic concepts of CNC of machine tools and constructional features of CNC.
5 To learn the basics of CNC programming concepts to develop the part programme for Machine centre and turning centre

UNIT – I MECHANICS OF METAL CUTTING 9

Mechanics of chip formation, forces in machining, Types of chip, cutting tools — single point cutting tool nomenclature, orthogonal and oblique metal cutting, thermal aspects, cutting tool materials, tool wear, tool life, surface finish, cutting fluids and Machinability.

UNIT – II TURNING MACHINES 9

Centre lathe, constructional features, specification, operations — taper turning methods, thread cutting methods, special attachments, surface roughness in turning, machining time and power estimation. Special lathes - Capstan and turret lathes- tool layout – automatic lathes: semi-automatic – single spindle: Swiss type, automatic screw type – multi spindle

UNIT – III RECIPROCATING MACHINE TOOLS 9

Reciprocating machine tools: shaper, planer, slotter: Types and operations- Hole making: Drilling, reaming, boring, tapping, type of milling operations-attachments- types of milling cutters– machining time calculation - Gear cutting, gear hobbing and gear shaping – gear finishing methods Abrasive processes: grinding wheel – specifications and selection, types of grinding process – cylindrical grinding, surface grinding, centreless grinding, internal grinding - micro finishing methods

UNIT – IV CNC MACHINES 9

Computer Numerical Control (CNC) machine tools, constructional details, special features — Drives, Recirculating ball screws, tool changers; CNC Control systems – Open/closed, point-to-point/continuous - Turning and machining centres – Work holding methods in Turning and machining centres, Coolant systems, Safety features.

UNIT – V PROGRAMMING OF CNC MACHINE TOOLS 9

Coordinates, axis and motion, Absolute vs Incremental, Interpolators, Polar coordinates, Program planning, G and M codes, Manual part programming for CNC machining centers and Turning centers — Fixed cycles, Loops and subroutines, Setting up a CNC machine for machining.

TOTAL 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply the mechanism of metal removal process and to identify the factors involved in improvingmachinability.
2. Describe the constructional and operational features of centre lathe and other special purpose lathes.
3. Describe the constructional and operational features of reciprocating machine tools.
4. Apply the constructional features and working principles of CNC machine tools.
5. Demonstrate the Program CNC machine tools through planning, writing codes and setting up CNC machine tools to manufacture a given component.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kalpakjian. S, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Pearson Education India,7th Edition,2018.
2. Michael Fitzpatrick, Machining and CNC Technology, McGraw-Hill Education; 4th edition, 2018.

REFERENCES:

1. Roy. A. Lindberg, Processes and materials of manufacture, PHI / Pearson education, 2006.
2. Geofrey Boothroyd, "Fundamentals of Metal Machining and Machine Tools", McGraw Hill, 1984.
3. Rao. P.N "Manufacturing Technology," Metal Cutting and Machine Tools, Tata McGraw- Hill, New Delhi,2009.
4. A. B. Chattopadhyay, Machining and Machine Tools, Wiley, 2nd edition, 2017.
5. Peter Smid, CNC Programming Handbook, Industrial Press Inc.;Third edition, 2007.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	3	1	1	1	3			3		2	3	3	2
2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3			3		2	3	2	2
3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3			3		2	3	2	2
4	3	3	2	1	1	1	3			3		2	3	2	2
5	3	3	3	1	1	1	3			3		2	3	2	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C45 **STRENGTH OF MATERIALS**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of stress, strain, principal stresses and principal planes.
- To study the concept of shearing force and bending moment due to external loads in determinate beams and their effect on stresses.
- To determine stresses and deformation in circular shafts and helical spring due to torsion.
- To compute slopes and deflections in determinate beams by various methods.
- To study the stresses and deformations induced in thin and thick shells.

UNIT I STRESS, STRAIN AND DEFORMATION OF SOLIDS 9

Rigid bodies and deformable solids – Tension, Compression and Shear Stresses - Deformation of simple and compound bars – Thermal stresses – Elastic constants - Volumertric strains – Stresses on inclined planes – Principal stresses and principal planes – Mohr's circle of stress.

UNIT II TRANSVERSE LOADING ON BEAMS AND STRESSES IN BEAM 9

Beams – Types - Transverse loading on beams – Shear force and Bending moment in beams – Cantilever, Simply supported and over hanging beams. Theory of simple bending – Bending stress distribution – Load carrying capacity – Proportioning of sections – Flitched beams – Shear stress distribution.

UNIT III TORSION 9

Theory of Torsion – Stresses and Deformations in Solid and Hollow Circular Shafts – Combined bending moment and torsion of shafts - Power transmitted to shaft – Shaft in series and parallel – Closed and Open Coiled helical springs – springs in series and parallel.

UNIT IV DEFLECTION OF BEAMS 9

Elastic curve – Governing differential equation - Double integration method - Macaulay's method - Area moment method - Conjugate beam method for computation of slope and deflection of determinant beams.

UNIT V THIN CYLINDERS, SPHERES AND THICK CYLINDERS 9

Stresses in thin cylindrical shell due to internal pressure - circumferential and longitudinal stresses - Deformation in thin cylinders – Spherical shells subjected to internal pressure – Deformation in sphericalshells — Thick cylinders - Lame's theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Understand the concepts of stress and strain in simple and compound bars, the important of principal stresses and principal planes.
2. Understand the load transferring mechanism in beams and stress distribution dueshearing force and bending moment.
3. Apply basic equation of torsion in designing of shafts and helical springs
4. Calculate slope and deflection in beams using different methods.
5. Analyze thin and thick shells for applied pressures.

TEXT BOOK

1. Rajput R.K. "Strength of Materials (Mechanics of Solids)", S.Chand & company Ltd., New Delhi, 7th edition, 2018.
2. Rattan S.S., "Strength of Materials", Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt .Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Singh. D.K., "Strength of Materials", Ane Books Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2021.
2. Egor P Popov, "Engineering Mechanics of Solids", 2nd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2015.
3. Beer. F.P. & Johnston. E.R. "Mechanics of Materials", Tata McGraw Hill, 8th Edition, New Delhi2019.
4. Vazirani. V.N, Ratwani. M.M, Duggal .S.K "Analysis of Structures: Analysis, Design andDetailing of Structures-Vol.1", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 2014.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3
2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3
3	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3
4	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3
5	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	1	3	3	2	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21149S46 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY L T P C
3 1 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and emphasize on the biodiversity of India and its conservation.
- To impart knowledge on the causes, effects and control or prevention measures of environmental pollution and natural disasters.
- To facilitate the understanding of global and Indian scenario of renewable and nonrenewable resources, causes of their degradation and measures to preserve them.
- To familiarize the concept of sustainable development goals and appreciate the interdependence of economic and social aspects of sustainability, recognize and analyze climate changes, concept of carbon credit and the challenges of environmental management.
- To inculcate and embrace sustainability practices and develop a broader understanding on green materials, energy cycles and analyze the role of sustainable urbanization.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY 6

Definition, scope and importance of environment — need for public awareness. Eco-system and Energy flow– ecological succession. Types of biodiversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity– values of biodiversity, India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION 6

Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water, Soil, Air and Noise Pollutions. Solid, Hazardous and E-Waste management. Case studies on Occupational Health and Safety Management system (OHASMS). Environmental protection, Environmental protection acts.

UNIT III RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY 6

Energy management and conservation, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of- Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion. Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT 6

Development, GDP, Sustainability- concept, needs and challenges-economic, social and aspects of sustainability-from unsustainability to sustainability-millennium development goals, and protocols-Sustainable Development Goals-targets, indicators and intervention areas Climate change- Global, Regional and local environmental issues and possible solutions-case studies. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in industry-A case study.

UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES 6

Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14000 Series, Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports. Sustainable energy: Non-conventional Sources, Energy Cycles-carbon cycle, emission and sequestration, Green Engineering: Sustainable urbanization- Socio-economical and technological change.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- To recognize and understand the functions of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and their conservation.
- To identify the causes, effects of environmental pollution and natural disasters and contribute to the preventive measures in the society.
- To identify and apply the understanding of renewable and non-renewable resources and contribute to the sustainable measures to preserve them for future generations.

- To recognize the different goals of sustainable development and apply them for suitable technological advancement and societal development.
- To demonstrate the knowledge of sustainability practices and identify green materials, energy cycles and the role of sustainable urbanization.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anubha Kaushik and C. P. Kaushik's "Perspectives in Environmental Studies", 6th Edition,New Age International Publishers ,2018.
2. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi,2016.
3. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition,Pearson Education, 2004.
4. Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall.
5. Bradley. A.S; Adebayo, A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning.
6. Environment Impact Assessment Guidelines, Notification of Government of India, 2006.
7. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998.

REFERENCES :

1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media. 38 . Edition 2010.
2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.
3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT. LTD, New Delhi,2007.
4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, ThirdEdition, 2015.
5. Erach Bharucha "Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses" Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd. 2013.

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	1	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
2	3	2	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
3	3	-	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
4	3	2	1	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
5	3	2	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Avg.	**2.8**	**1.8**	**1**	**1**	**-**	**2.2**	**2.4**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1.8**	-	-	-

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

21154L47 STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND FLUID MACHINERY LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

1. To study the mechanical properties of metals, wood and spring by testing in laboratory.
2. To verify the principles studied in fluid mechanics and machinery theory by performingexperiments in laboratory.

UNIT – I STRENGTH OF MATERIALS **30**

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Tension test on mild steel rod
2. Torsion test on mild steel rod
3. Hardness test on metal (Rockwell and Brinell Hardness)
4. Compression test on helical spring
5. Deflection test on carriage spring

UNIT – II FLUID MECHANICS AND MACHINES LABORATORY **30**

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. (a) Determination of coefficient of discharge of a venturimeter
   (b) Determination of friction factor for flow through pipes
2. (a) Determination of metacentric height
   (b) Determination of forces due to impact of jet on a fixed plate
3. Characteristics of centrifugal pumps
4. Characteristics of reciprocating pump
5. Characteristics of Pelton wheel turbine

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

1. Determine the tensile, torsion and hardness properties of metals by testing
2. Determine the stiffness properties of helical and carriage spring
3. Apply the conservation laws to determine the coefficient of discharge of a venturimeter and finding the friction factor of given pipe
4. Apply the fluid static and momentum principles to determine the metacentric height and forces due to impact of jet
5. Determine the performance characteristics of turbine, rotodynamic pump and positive displacement pump.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	2	2	1
2	3	2	1	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	2	1
3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	2	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L48	THERMAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the valve and port timing diagram and performance characteristics of IC engines
2 To study the Performance of refrigeration cycle / components
3 To study the Performance and Energy Balance Test on a Steam Generator.

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PART I IC ENGINES LABORATORY

List of Experiments

1. Valve Timing and Port Timing diagrams.
2. Actual p-v diagrams of IC engines.
3. Performance Test on four – stroke Diesel Engine.
4. Heat Balance Test on 4 – stroke Diesel Engine.
5. Morse Test on Multi-Cylinder Petrol Engine.
6. Retardation Test on a Diesel Engine.
7. Determination of p-θ diagram and heat release characteristics of an IC engine.
8. Determination of Flash Point and Fire Point of various fuels / lubricants
9. Performance test on a two stage Reciprocating Air compressor
10. Determination of COP of a Refrigeration system

15

PART II STEAM LABORATORY

List of Experiments:

1. Study of Steam Generators and Turbines.
2. Performance and Energy Balance Test on a Steam Generator.
3. Performance and Energy Balance Test on Steam Turbine.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Conduct tests to evaluate performance characteristics of IC engines
2. Conduct tests to evaluate the performance of refrigeration cycle
3. Conduct tests to evaluate Performance and Energy Balance on a Steam Generator.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	2	1	1					1			1	1	1	1
2	2	2	1	1					1			1	1	1	1
3	2	2	1	1					1			1	1	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C51	DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To learn the various steps involved in the Design Process.
2 To Learn designing shafts and couplings for various applications.
3 To Learn the design of temporary and permanent Joints.
4 To Learn designing helical, leaf springs, flywheels, connecting rods and crank shafts for variousapplications.
5 To Learn designing and select sliding and rolling contact bearings, seals and gaskets.
(Use of PSG Design Data book is permitted)

UNIT – I FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS IN DESIGN 12

Introduction to the design process - factors influencing machine design, selection of materials based on mechanical properties - Preferred numbers- Direct, Bending and torsional loading- Modes of failure - Factor of safety – Combined loads – Principal stresses – Eccentric loading – curved beams – crane hook and 'C' frame- theories of failure – Design based on strength and stiffness – stress concentration – Fluctuating stresses – Endurance limit –Design for finite and infinite life under variable loading - Exposure to standards.

UNIT – II DESIGN OF SHAFTS AND COUPLINGS 12

Shafts and Axles - Design of solid and hollow shafts based on strength, rigidity and critical speed – Keys and splines — Rigid and flexible couplings.

UNIT – III DESIGN OF TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT JOINTS 12

Threaded fasteners - Bolted joints including eccentric loading, Knuckle joints, Cotter joints – Welded joints- Butt, Fillet and parallel transverse fillet welds – welded joints subjected to bending, torsional and eccentricloads, riveted joints for structures - theory of bonded joints.

UNIT – IV DESIGN OF ENERGY STORING ELEMENTS AND ENGINE COMPONENTS 12

Types of springs, design of helical and concentric springs–surge in springs, Design of laminated springs - rubber springs - Flywheels considering stresses in rims and arms for engines and punching machines-- Solid and Rimmed flywheels- connecting rods and crank shafts

UNIT – V DESIGN OF BEARINGS AND MISCELLANEOUS ELEMENTS 12

Sliding contact and rolling contact bearings - Hydrodynamic journal bearings, Sommerfeld Number, Raimondi& Boyd graphs, -- Selection of Rolling Contact bearings –Design of Seals and Gaskets.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain the design machine members subjected to static and variable loads.
2. Apply the concepts design to shafts, key and couplings.
3. Apply the concepts of design to bolted, Knuckle, Cotter, riveted and welded joints.
4. Apply the concept of design helical, leaf springs, flywheels, connecting rods and crank shafts.
5. Apply the concepts of design and select sliding and rolling contact bearings, seals and gaskets.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhandari V B, "Design of Machine Elements", 4th Edition , Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2016
2. Joseph Shigley, Richard G. Budynas and J. Keith Nisbett "Mechanical Engineering Design", 10th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill , 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Ansel C Ugural, "Mechanical Design – An Integral Approach", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co,2004.
2. Merhyle Franklin Spotts, Terry E. Shoup, and Lee EmreyHornberger, "Design of Machine Elements"8th Edition, Printice Hall, 2004.

3. Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, “Fundamentals of Machine component Design”,6th Edition,Wiley, 2017.
4. Sundararajamoorthy T. V. and Shanmugam .N, “Machine Design”, Anuradha Publications, Chennai, 2003.
5. Design of Machine Elements | SI Edition | Eighth Edition | By Pearson by M. F. Spotts, Terry E. Shoup,et al. | 25 March 2019

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	2	3					1	1			2	3	2	2
2	2	2	3					1	1			2	3	2	2
3	2	2	3					1	1			2	3	2	2
4	2	2	3					1	1			2	3	2	2
5	2	2	3					1	1			2	3	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C52	METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENTS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To learn basic concepts of the metrology and importance of measurements.
2 To teach measurement of linear and angular dimensions assembly and transmission elements.
3 To study the tolerance analysis in manufacturing.
4 To develop the fundamentals of GD & T and surface metrology.
5 To provide the knowledge of the advanced measurements for quality control in manufacturing industries.

UNIT – I BASICS OF METROLOGY **9**

Measurement – Need, Process, Role in quality control; Factors affecting measurement - SWIPE; Errors in Measurements – Types – Control – Measurement uncertainty – Types, Estimation, Problems on Estimation of Uncertainty, Statistical analysis of measurement data, Measurement system analysis, Calibration of measuring instruments, Principle of air gauging- ISO standards.

UNIT – II MEASUREMENT OF LINEAR, ANGULAR DIMENSIONS, ASSEMBLY AND TRANSMISSION ELEMENTS **9**

Linear Measuring Instruments – Vernier caliper, Micrometer, Vernier height gauge, Depth Micrometer, Bore gauge, Telescoping gauge; Gauge blocks – Use and precautions, Comparators – Working and advantages; Opto-mechanical measurements using measuring microscope and Profile projector - Angular measuring instruments – Bevel protractor, Clinometer, Angle gauges, Precision level, Sine bar, Autocollimator, Angle dekkor, Alignment telescope. Measurement of Screw threads - Single element measurements — Pitch Diameter, Lead, Pitch. Measurement of Gears — purpose — Analytical measurement – Runout, Pitch variation, Tooth profile, Tooth thickness, Lead – Functional checking – Rolling gear test.

UNIT – III TOLERANCE ANALYSIS **9**

Tolerancing– Interchangeability, Selective assembly, Tolerance representation, Terminology, Limits and Fits, Problems (using tables IS919); Design of Limit gauges, Problems. Tolerance analysis in manufacturing, Process capability, tolerance stackup, tolerance charting.

UNIT – IV METROLOGY OF SURFACES **9**

Fundamentals of GD & T- Conventional vs Geometric tolerance, Datums, Inspection of geometric deviations like straightness, flatness, roundness deviations; Simple problems – Measurement of Surface finish — Functionality of surfaces, Parameters, Comparative, Stylus based and Optical Measurement techniques, Filters, Introduction to 3D surface metrology- Parameters.

UNIT – V ADVANCES IN METROLOGY **9**

Lasers in metrology - Advantages of lasers – Laser scan micrometers; Laser interferometers – Applications – Straightness, Alignment; Ball bar tests, Computer Aided Metrology - Basic concept of CMM – Types of CMM – Constructional features – Probes – Accessories – Software – Applications – Multi-sensor CMMs.

Machine Vision - Basic concepts of Machine Vision System – Elements – Applications - On-line and in-process monitoring in production - Computed tomography – White light Scanners.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the concepts of measurements to apply in various metrological instruments.
2. Apply the principle and applications of linear and angular measuring instruments, assembly and transmission elements.
3. Apply the tolerance symbols and tolerance analysis for industrial applications.
4. Apply the principles and methods of form and surface metrology.
5. Apply the advances in measurements for quality control in manufacturing Industries.

TEXT BOOKS:

1 Dotson Connie, "Dimensional Metrology", Cengage Learning, First edition, 2012.
2 Mark Curtis, Francis T. Farago, "Handbook of Dimensional Measurement", Industrial Press, Fifthedition, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. AmmarGrous, J "Applied Metrology for Manufacturing Engineering", Wiley-ISTE, 2011.
2. Galyer, J.F.W. Charles Reginald Shotbolt, "Metrology for Engineers", Cengage Learning EMEA; 5threvised edition, 1990.
3. National Physical LaboratoryGuideNo. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 80, No. 118, No. 130, No. 131.http://www.npl.co.uk.
4. Raghavendra N.V. and Krishnamurthy. L., Engineering Metrology and Measurements, Oxford University Press, 2013.
5. Venkateshan, S. P., "Mechanical Measurements", Second edition, John Wiley &Sons, 2015.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	2	2					1			1	3	2	1
2	3	2	2	2					1			1	3	2	1
3	3	2	2	2					1			1	3	2	1
4	3	2	2	2					1			1	3	2	1
5	3	2	2	2					1			1	3	2	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L58 METROLOGY AND DYNAMICS LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the different measurement equipment and use of this industry for quality inspection.
2 To supplements the principles learnt in dynamics of machinery.
3 To understand how certain measuring devices are used for dynamic testing.

UNIT – I METROLOGY **30**

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Calibration and use of linear measuring instruments – Vernier caliper, micrometer, Vernierheight gauge, depth micrometer, bore gauge, telescopic gauge, Comparators.
2. Measurement of angles using bevel protractor, sine bar, autocollimator, precision level.
3. Measurement of assembly and transmission elements - screw thread parameters – Screw thread Micrometers, Three wire method, Toolmaker's microscope.
4. Measurement of gear parameters – Micrometers, Vernier caliper, Gear tester.
5. Measurement of features in a prismatic component using Coordinate Measuring Machine (CMM), Programming of CNC Coordinate Measuring Machines for repeated measurements of identical components.
6. Non-contact (Optical) measurement using Measuring microscope / Profile projector and Video measurement system.
7. Surface metrology - Measurement of form parameters – Straightness, Flatness, Roundness, Cylindricity, Perpendicularity, Runout, Concentricity – in the given component using Roundness tester.
8. Measurement of Surface finish in components manufactured using various processes (turning, milling, grinding, etc.,) using stylus based instruments.

UNIT – II DYNAMICS LABORATORY **30**

List of Experiments:

1. Study of gear parameters.
2. Epicycle gear Train.
3. Determination of moment of inertia of flywheel and axle system.
4. Determination of mass moment of inertia of a body about its axis of symmetry.
5. Undamped free vibrations of a single degree freedom spring-mass system.
6. Torsional Vibration (Undamped) of single rotor shaft system.
7. Dynamic analysis of cam mechanism.
8. Experiment on Watts Governor.
9. Experiment on Porter Governor.
10. Experiment on Proell Governor.
11. Experiment on motorized gyroscope.
12. Determination of critical speed of shafts.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. The students able to measure the gear tooth dimensions, angle using sine bar, straightness.
2. Determine mass moment of inertia of mechanical element, governor effort and range of sensitivity.
3. Determine the natural frequency and damping coefficient, critical speeds of shafts,

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		2	2	3		2	2		1	2	2		3	2	2
2		2	2	3		2	2		1	2	2		2	2	2
3		2	2	3		2	2		1	2	2		3	2	2
Avg	-	2	2	3	-	2	2	-	1	2	2	-	2.6	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C62	HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To Learn the principal mechanism of heat transfer under steady state and transient conditions.
2 To learn the fundamental concept and principles in convective heat transfer.
3 To learn the theory of phase change heat transfer and design of heat exchangers.
4 To study the fundamental concept and principles in radiation heat transfer.
5 To develop the basic concept and diffusion, convective di mass transfer.

UNIT – I CONDUCTION **12**

General Differential equation – Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinates – One Dimensional Steady State Heat Conduction — plane and Composite Systems – Conduction with Internal Heat Generation – Extended Surfaces – Unsteady Heat Conduction – Lumped Analysis – Semi Infinite and Infinite Solids – Useof Heisler's charts – Methods of enhanced thermal conduction

UNIT – II CONVECTION **12**

Conservation Equations, Boundary Layer Concept – Forced Convection: External Flow – Flow over Plates,Cylinders Spheres and Bank of tubes. Internal Flow – Entrance effects. Free Convection – Flow over Vertical Plate, Horizontal Plate, Inclined Plate, Cylinders and Spheres. Mixed Convection.

UNIT – III PHASE CHANGE HEAT TRANSFER AND HEAT EXCHANGERS **12**

Nusselt's theory of condensation- Regimes of Pool boiling and Flow boiling - Correlations in boiling and condensation. Heat Exchanger Types — TEMA Standards - Overall Heat Transfer Coefficient — Fouling Factors. LMTD and NTU methods. Fundamentals of Heat Pipes and its applications.

UNIT – IV RADIATION **12**

Introduction to Thermal Radiation - Radiation laws and Radiative properties - Black Body and Gray body Radiation - Radiosity - View Factor Relations. Electrical Analogy. Radiation Shields.

UNIT – V MASS TRANSFER **12**

Basic Concepts – Diffusion Mass Transfer – Fick's Law of Diffusion – Steady state and Transient Diffusion -Stefan flow –Convective Mass Transfer – Momentum, Heat and Mass Transfer Analogy – Convective Mass
Transfer Correlations.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply heat conduction equations to different surface configurations under steady state andtransient conditions and solve problems.
2. Apply free and forced convective heat transfer correlations to internal and external flows through/over various surface configurations and solve problems.
3. Explain the phenomena of boiling and condensation, apply LMTD and NTU methods of thermal analysis to different types of heat exchanger configurations and solve problems.
4. Explain basic laws for Radiation and apply these principles to radiative heat transfer between different types of surfaces to solve problems.
5. Apply diffusive and convective mass transfer equations and correlations to solve problems for different applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.C. Sachdeva, "Fundamentals of Engineering Heat & Mass transfer", New Age International Publishers, 2009
2. Yunus A. Cengel, "Heat Transfer A Practical Approach" – Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition – 2013

REFERENCES:

1. Frank P. Incropera and David P. Dewitt, "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", John Wiley & Sons, 7th Edition, 2014.
2. Holman, J.P., "Heat and Mass Transfer", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010
3. Kothandaraman, C.P., "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", New Age International, New Delhi, 2012

4. Ozisik, M.N., “Heat Transfer”, McGraw Hill Book Co., 1994.
5. S.P. Venkateshan, “Heat Transfer”, Ane Books, New Delhi, 2014

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
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2	3	3	3	3					1			1	3	2	1
3	3	3	3	2					1			1	3	2	1
4	3	3	3	2					1			1	3	2	1
5	3	3	3	2					1			1	3	2	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L68	CAD/CAM LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To gain practical experience in handling 2D drafting and 3Dmodelling software systems
2 Designing 3 Dimensional geometric model of parts, sub-assemblies, assemblies and exporting it todrawing
3 Programming G & M Code programming and simulate the CNC program and Generating partprogramming data through CAM software

3D GEOMETRIC MODELLING **30**

1.CAD Introduction

Sketch:
Solid modeling: Extrude, Revolve, Sweep, Variational sweep and Loft. Surface modeling: Extrude, Sweep, Trim, Mesh of curves and Free form.Feature manipulation: Copy, Edit, Pattern, Suppress, History operations.Assembly: Constraints, Exploded Views, Interference check
Drafting: Layouts, Standard & Sectional Views, Detailing & Plotting

2. Creation of 3D assembly model of following machine elements using 3D Modelling software

1. Flange Coupling
2. Plummer Block
3. Screw Jack
4. Lathe Tailstock
5. Universal Joint
6. Machine Vice
7. Stuffing box
8. Crosshead
9. Safety Valves
10. Non-return valves
11. Connecting rod
12. Piston
13. Crankshaft

* Students may also be trained in manual drawing of some of the above components (specify the number – progressive arrangement of 3D)

30

MANUAL PART PROGRAMMING

1. CNC Machining Centre

i) Linear Cutting.
ii) Circular cutting.
iii) Cutter Radius Compensation.
iv) Canned Cycle Operations.

2. CNC Turning Centre

i) Straight, Taper and Radial Turning.
ii) Thread Cutting.
iii) Rough and Finish Turning Cycle.
iv) Drilling and Tapping Cycle.

3. COMPUTER AIDED PART PROGRAMMING

i) Generate CL Data and Post process data using CAM packages for Machining and Turning Centre.
ii) Application of CAPP in Machining and Turning

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Design experience in handling 2D drafting and 3D modelling software systems
2. Design 3 Dimensional geometric model of parts, sub-assemblies, assemblies and export it

todrawing

3. Demonstrate manual part programming and simulate the CNC program and Generate part programming using G and M code through CAM software.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	2	2	2	3				2			1	3	3	1
2	2	2	2	2	3				2			1	3	3	1
3	2	2	2	2	3				2			1	3	3	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L69 HEAT TRANSFER LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To gain experimental knowledge of Predicting the thermal conductivity of solids and liquids.
2 To gain experimental knowledge of Estimating the heat transfer coefficient values of various fluids.
3 To gain experimental knowledge of Testing the performance of tubes in tube heat exchangers

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Thermal conductivity measurement of pipe insulation using lagged pipe apparatus.
2. Determination of thermal conductivity of a composite wall, insulating powder, oils, and water.
3. Determination of heat transfer coefficient of air under natural convection and forced convection.
4. Heat transfer from pin-fin under natural and forced convection.
5. Determination of heat flux under pool boiling and flow boiling in various regimes.
6. Determination of heat transfer coefficient in film-wise and drop-wise condensation.
7. Determination of friction factor, heat transfer coefficient of cold/hot fluid and effectiveness of a tube-in-tubeheat exchanger.
8. Determination of Stefan – Boltzmann constant.
9. Determination of emissivity of a grey surface.
10. Calibration of thermocouples / RTDs at standard reference temperatures.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Conduct experiment on Predict the thermal conductivity of solids and liquids
2. Conduct experiment on Estimate the heat transfer coefficient values of various fluids.
3. Conduct experiment on Test the performance of tubes in tube heat exchangers

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	1	1	3	2					1			1	2	2	3
2	1	1	3	2					1			1	2	2	3
3	1	1	3	2					1			1	2	2	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21147S71 HUMAN VALUES AND ETHICS LT P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values, to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

UNIT I HUMAN VALUES 10

Morals, values and Ethics – Integrity – Work ethic – Service learning – Civic virtue – Respect for others – Living peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty – Courage – Valuing time – Cooperation – Commitment – Empathy – Self confidence – Character – Spirituality – Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

UNIT II ENGINEERING ETHICS 9

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of moral issues – Types of inquiry – Moral dilemmas – Moral Autonomy – Kohlberg's theory – Gilligan's theory – Consensus and Controversy – Models of professional roles - Theories about right action – Self-interest – Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories.

UNIT III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION 9

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as responsible Experimenters – Codes of Ethics – A Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS 9

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination.

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES 8

Multinational Corporations – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors – Moral Leadership – Code of Conduct – Corporate Social Responsibility.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in the society.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.
2. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics – Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1			1	1		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1
2			1	1		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1
3			1	1		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1
4			1	1		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1
5			1	1		3	2	3	2	3	2	3	1	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C75	MECHATRONICS AND IoT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To make students get acquainted with the sensors and the actuators, which are commonly used in mechatronics systems.
2. To provide insight into the signal conditioning circuits, and also to develop competency in PLC programming and control
3. To make students familiarize with the fundamentals of IoT and Embedded systems.
4. To impart knowledge about the Arduino and the Raspberry Pi.
5. To inculcate skills in the design and development of mechatronics and IoT based systems.

UNIT – I SENSORS AND ACTUATORS 9

Introduction to Mechatronics - Modular Approach, Sensors and Transducers: Static and Dynamic Characteristics, Transducers - Resistive, Capacitive, Inductive and Resonant, Optical Sensors — Photodetectors - Vision Systems – Laser - Fibre optic - Non-fibre Optic, Solid State Sensors, Piezoelectric and Ultrasonic Sensors. Actuators – Brushless Permanent Magnet DC Motor – PM, VR and Hybrid Stepper motors — DC and AC Servo Motors

UNIT – II SIGNAL CONDITIONING CIRCUITS AND PLC 9

Operational Amplifiers — Inverting and Non-Inverting Amplifier — Wheatstone bridge Amplifier — Instrumentation Amplifier – PID Controller, Protection Circuits, Filtering Circuits, Multiplexer, Data Logger andData Acquisition System –, Switching Loads by Power Semiconductor Devices Circuits – Thyristors – TRIAC – Darlington Pair –MOSFET and Relays.PLC – Architecture – Input / Output Processing – Logic Ladder Programming – Functional Block Programming using Timers and Counters — Applications.

UNIT – III FUNDAMENTALS OF IoT AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS 9

The Internet of Things (IoT) - Introduction to the IoT Framework — IoT Enabling Technologies- The Effective Implementation of IoT: The Detailed Procedure. Embedded Systems: An Introduction - Single-Chip Microcontroller Systems - Single-Board Microcontroller Systems - Single-Board Computer Systems - Embedded Systems: Peripherals - Software Considerations

UNIT – IV CONTROLLERS 9

Foundation topics: Programming Languages: C++ and Python - The Linux Operating System. Arduino: The Arduino Boards - Arduino Peripherals- Arduino IDE — ESP8266 Wi-Fi module. Raspberry Pi: The Raspberry Pi Boards - The Raspberry Pi Peripherals - The Raspberry Pi Operating System. (typical peripherals) Interfacing and Controlling I/O devices by Arduino and Raspberry Pi: LEDs - Push buttons - Light intensity sensor - Ultrasonic distance sensor — Temperature sensor- Humidity sensor - Sensor and Actuator interactions

UNIT – V MECHATRONICS AND IoT CASE STUDIES 9

Mechatronics systems: Drone actuation and Control -Autonomous Robot with Vision System, Automotive Mechatronics: Electronic Ignition System - ABS - EBD - Adaptive Cruise Control. IoT case studies: Remote Monitoring Systems- Remotely Operated Autonomous Systems - Centralized Water Management System -IoT Enabled Robotic Camera Dolly - Portable, Wireless, Interactive IoT Sensors for Agriculture - IoT VehicleManagement System with Network Selection.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain Select suitable sensors and actuators to develop mechatronics systems.
2. Discuss Devise proper signal conditioning circuit for mechatronics systems, and also able toimplement PLC as a controller for an automated system.
3. Elucidate the fundamentals ofIot and Embedded Systems
4. Discuss Control I/O devices through Arduino and Raspberry Pi.
5. Design and develop an apt mechatronics/IoT based system for the given real-time application.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bradley D.A., Burd N.C., Dawson D., Loader A.J., "Mechatronics: Electronics in Products andProcesses", Routledge, 2017.
2. Sami S.H and Kisheen Rao G "The Internet of Mechanical Things: The IoT Framework for Mechanical Engineers", CRC Press, 2022.

REFERENCES:

1. John Billingsley, "Essentials of Mechatronics", Wiley, 2006
2. David H., Gonzalo S., Patrick G.,Rob B. and Jerome H.,"IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things", Pearson Education, 2018.
3. Nitin G and Sharad S, "Internet of Things: Robotic and Drone Technology", CRC Press, 2022
4. Newton C. Braga, "Mechatronics for The Evil Genius", McGrawHill, 2005.
5. Bell C., "Beginning Sensor Networks with Arduino and Raspberry Pi", Apress, 2013

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
2	3	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	1	2	3
3	3	1	2	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	1	2	3
5	3	3	3	3	3	-	2	-	3	-	-	3	1	2	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C76	COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To provide the overview of evolution of automation, CIM and its principles.
2 To learn the various Automation tools, include various material handling system.
3 To train students to apply group technology and FMS.
4 To familiarize the computer aided process planning in manufacturing.
5 To introduce to basics of data transaction, information integration and control of CIM.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to CAD, CAM, CAD/CAM and CIM - Evolution of CIM – CIM wheel and cycle – Production concepts and mathematical models – Simple problems in production models – CIM hardware and software– Major elements of CIM system – Three step process for implementation of CIM – Computers in CIM – Computer networks for manufacturing – The future automated factory – Management of CIM – safety aspectsof CIM– advances in CIM

UNIT – II AUTOMATED MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS 9

Automated production line – system configurations, work part transfer mechanisms – Fundamentals of Automated assembly system – System configuration, Part delivery at workstations – Design for automated assembly – Overview of material handling equipments – Consideration in material handling system design – The 10 principles of Material handling. Conveyor systems – Types of conveyors – Operations and features. Automated Guided Vehicle system – Types &applications – Vehicle guidance technology – Vehicle management and safety. Storage system performance – storage location strategies – Conventional storage methods and equipments – Automated storage/Retrieval system and Carousel storage system Deadlocks in Automated manufacturing systems – Petrinet models – Applications in Dead lock avoidance – smart manufacturing – Industry 4.0 - Digital manufacturing – Virtual manufacturing

UNIT – III GROUP TECHNOLOGY AND FMS 9

Part families – Visual – Parts classification and coding – Production flow analysis – Grouping of parts and Machines by rank order clustering method — Benefits of GT — Case studies. FMS — Components — workstations – FMS layout configurations – Computer control systems – FMS planning and implementation issues – Architecture of FMS – flow chart showing various operations in FMS – Machine cell design – Composite part concept, Holier method, Key machine concept – Quantitative analysis of FMS – Bottleneck model – Simple and complicated problems – Extended Bottleneck model - sizing the FMS ─ FMS applications, Benefits.

UNIT – IV PROCESS PLANNING 9

Process planning – Activities in process planning, Informations required. From design to process planning – classification of manufacturing processes – Selection of primary manufacturing processes – Sequencing of operations according to Anteriorities – various examples – forming of Matrix of Anteriorities – case study. Typical process sheet – case studies in Manual process planning. Computer Aided Process Planning –Process planning module and data base – Variant process planning – Two stages in VPP – Generative process planning – Flow chart showing various activities in generative PP – Semi generative process planning- Comparison of CAPP and Manual PP.

UNIT – V PROCESS CONTROL AND DATA ANALYSIS 9

Introduction to process model formulation – linear feedback control systems – Optimal control – Adaptivecontrol –Sequence control and PLC& SCADA. Computer process control – Computer process interface – Interface hardware – Computer process monitoring – Direct digital control and Supervisory computer control Overview of Automatic identification methods — Bar code technology –Automatic data capture technologies.- Quality management (SPC) and automated inspection

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the basics of computer aided engineering.
2. Choose appropriate automotive tools and material handling systems.
3. Discuss the overview of group technology, FMS and automation identification methods.
4. Design using computer aided process planning for manufacturing of various components
5. Acquire knowledge in computer process control techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Shivanand H K, Benal M M and Koti V, Flexible Manufacturing System, New Age, 2016.
2. CIM: Computer Integrated Manufacturing: Computer Steered Industry Book by August-WilhelmScheer

REFERENCES:

1. Alavudeen and Venkateshwaran, Computer Integrated Manufacturing‖, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,New Delhi, 2013.
2. Gideon Halevi and Ronald D. Weill, Principles of Process Planning‖, Chapman Hall, 1995.
3. James A. Retrg, Herry W. Kraebber, Computer Integrated Manufacturing‖, Pearson Education,Asia,3rdEdition,2004.
4. Mikell P. Groover, Automation, Production system and Computer integrated Manufacturing,Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 4thEdition, 2014.
5. Radhakrishnan P, Subramanian S and Raju V, CAD/CAM/CIM, New Age International Publishers,3rd Edition, 2008.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
2	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
3	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154C77 INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To study the basic concepts of management; approaches to Contributors tomanagement studies; various forms of business organization and trade unions function in professional organizations.
2. To study the planning; organizing and staffing functions of management in professional organization.
3. To study the leading; controlling and decision making functions of management in professionalorganization.
4. To learn the organizational theory in professional organization.
5. To learn the principles of productivity and modern concepts in management in professional organization.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT **9**

Management: Introduction; Definition and Functions – Approaches to the study of Management – Mintzberg's Ten Managerial Roles – Principles of Taylor; Fayol; Weber; Parker – Forms of Organization: Sole Proprietorship; Partnership; Company (Private and Public); Cooperative – Public Sector Vs Private Sector Organization – Business Environment: Economic; Social; Political; Legal – Trade Union: Definition; Functions; Merits & Demerits.

UNIT – II FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT - I **9**

Planning: Characteristics; Nature; Importance; Steps; Limitation; Planning Premises; Strategic Planning; Vision & Mission statement in Planning– Organizing: Organizing Theory; Principles; Types; Departmentalization; Centralization and Decentralization; Authority & Responsibility — Staffing: Systems Approach; Recruiting and SelectionProcess; Human Resource Development (HRD) Concept and Design.

UNIT – III FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT - II **9**

Directing (Leading): Leadership Traits; Style; Morale; Managerial Grids (Blake-Mounton, Reddin) – Communication: Purpose; Model; Barriers — Controlling: Process; Types; Levels; Guidelines; Audit (External, Internal, Merits); Preventive Control – Decision Making: Elements; Characteristics; Nature; Process; Classifications.

UNIT – IV ORGANIZATION THEORY **9**

Organizational Conflict: Positive Aspects; Individual; Role; Interpersonal; Intra Group; Inter Group; Conflict Management — Maslow's hierarchy of needs theory; Herzberg's motivation-hygiene theory; McClelland's three needs motivation theory; Vroom's valence-expectancy theory — Change Management: Concept of Change; Lewin's Process of Change Model; Sources of Resistance; Overcoming Resistance; Guidelines to managing Conflict.

UNIT – V PRODUCTIVITY AND MODERN TOPICS **9**

Productivity: Concept; Measurements; Affecting Factors; Methods to Improve — Modern Topics (concept, feature/characteristics, procedure, merits and demerits): Business Process Reengineering (BPR); Benchmarking; SWOT/SWOC Analysis; Total Productive Maintenance; Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP); Management of Information Systems (MIS), Industry 4.0.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss basic concepts of management; approaches to management; contributors to management studies; various forms of business organization and trade unions function in professional organizations.
2. Discuss the planning; organizing and staffing functions of management in professional organization.
3. Apply the leading; controlling and decision making functions of management in professional organization.
4. Discuss the organizational theory in professional organization.
5. Apply principles of productivity and modern concepts in management in professional organization.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. Govindarajan and S. Natarajan, "Principles of Management", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009.
2. Koontz. H. and Weihrich. H., "Essentials of Management: An International Perspective", 8th Edition, TataMcGrawhill, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Joseph J, Massie, "Essentials of Management", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 1987.
2. Saxena, P. K., "Principles of Management: A Modern Approach", Global India Publications, 2009.
3. S.Chandran, "Organizational Behaviours", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1994.
4. Richard L. Daft, "Organization Theory and Design", South Western College Publishing, 11th Edition, 2012.
5. S. TrevisCerto, "Modern Management Concepts and Skills", Pearson Education, 2018.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
2	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
3	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
	3	2	2	1	2				1			1	2	1	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154L79 MECHATRONICS AND IoT LABORATORY

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	2

Course Objectives

1. To study the concept of mechatronics to design, modelling and analysis of basic electrical hydraulic systems.
2. To provide the hands on-training in the control of linear and rotary actuators.
3. To study the concepts and fundamentals of IoT, sensors, actuators and IoT boards

MECHATRONICS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Measurement of Linear/Angular of Position, Direction and Speed using Transducers.
2. Measurement of Pressure, Temperature and Force using Transducers.
3. Speed and Direction control of DC Servomotor, AC Servomotor and Induction motors.
4. Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication Programming in 8051.
5. Programming and Interfacing of Stepper motor and DC motor using 8051/PLC.
6. Programming and Interfacing of Traffic Light Interface using 8051.
7. Sequencing of Hydraulic and Pneumatic circuits.
8. Sequencing of Hydraulic, Pneumatic and Electro-pneumatic circuits using Software.
9. Electro-pneumatic/hydraulic control using PLC.
10. Vision based image acquisition and processing technique for inspection and classification.

INTERNET OF THINGS

1. Familiarization with concept of IoT and its open source microcontroller/SBC.
2. Write a program to turn ON/OFF motor using microcontroller/SBC through internet.
3. Write a program to interface sensors to display the data on the screen through internet.
4. Interface the sensors with microcontroller/SBC and write a program to turn ON/OFF Solenoid valve through internet when sensor data is detected.
5. To interface sensor with microcontroller/SBC and write a program to turn ON/OFF Linear/Rotary Actuator through IoT when sensor data is detected.
6. To interface Bluetooth/Wifi with microcontroller/SBC and write a program to send sensor data to smart phone using Bluetooth/wifi.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Demonstrate the functioning of mechatronics systems with various pneumatic, hydraulic and electrical systems.
2. Demonstrate the microcontroller and PLC as controllers in automation systems by executing proper interfacing of I/O devices and programming
3. Demonstrate of IoT based Home automation, CNC router, Robotic arm.

PO												PSO
3	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	1	1	3
1	1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	1	1	3
3	3	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	3	3	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)												

21154E53A	CAD/CAM	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To Introduce and understand the Basic of Design.
2 To study the two dimensional drafting and bill of material creation.
3 To learn three dimensional modelling and its advantages.
4 To study the basic and purpose of assembling modeling.
5 To study the basics of computer aided machining and part programming.

UNIT – I BASICS OF DESIGNS 9

Understanding of Projections, Scales, units, GD & T; its 14 symbols, Special characteristics & Title Block readings. Revision / ECN status of drawings – Customer Specific requirements – Drawing Gridreading

UNIT – II 2D DRAFTING 9

Projection views – Orthographic view, Axillary view, Full & Half Section views, Broken Section view,Offset Section view – Title Block creation – BOM Creation – Notes creation – Ballooning of 2D drawing and its features for Inspection reporting

UNIT – III 3D MODELING 9

Conversion of Views – 2D to 3D & 3D to 2D – Parametric and Non-Parametric Modeling – Tree features of 3D Modeling and its advantages – Surface Modeling – BIW (Body In White) – Solid Modeling,Boolean operations like Unites, Subtraction, Intersect, etc.

UNIT – IV ASSEMBLY MODELING 9

Basics of Assembly modeling, Purpose of Assembly modeling & amp; its advantages – Top to Down & BottomUp modeling approaches – Analysis of Clearances – Undercuts – Interferences – Stack up analysis –Cumulative effect of Tolerances in after assembly conditions.- motion analysis

UNIT – V CAM 9

Basics of CNC Machining — 3, 4 & 5 Axis machines - CNC and Part Programing, CAM programing2D & 3D. Elements of CAM Orientation, Boundary Creation, Cutter Path Selection, Cutter Compensation –Machining Stocks, Roughing, Re-roughing, Semi Finishing & Finishing - Tool Path Generation, Isl and Milling Programing. Machining program simulation, integration of program with machine; Estimation of CNC Cycle time. — Post Process NC Code conversion and Setup Sheet Preparation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the basics of the design and concepts.
2. Develop the two dimensional drafting and projection views.
3. Discuss the three dimensional modeling, parametric and Non-parametric modeling
4. Discuss the assembly modeling and top down, bottom up approaches.
5. Develop the computer aided machining and wirting part programming.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Computer Aided Design & Manufacturing - Jacob Moses & Ruchi Agarwal
2. CAD / CAM Principles & Application - J. Srinivas

REFERENCES:

1. CAD / CAM - Ibrahim Zaid (Text & Reference Book)
2. CAD / CAM – Chandandeep Grewal
3. CAD CAM & Automation - FarazdakHaideri (Text & Reference Book)
4. Computer Aided Design & Manufacturing – Anup Goel
5. CAD / CAM – PN Rao

CO	PO												PSO		
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3	3	2	2	2	2				1			1	3	3	2
4	3	2	2	2	2				1			1	3	3	2
5	3	2	2	2	2				1			1	3	3	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E53B **VALUE EGNINEERING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the value engineering process and able to identify its functions within the process.
2 To determine the appropriate value engineering methodology for a given project and proposeappropriate training to centralized and decentralized modes.
3 To learn various decision-making processes and cost evaluation models and apply them inappropriately in the product development life-cycle.
4 To explore in-depth understanding of various value engineering applications in humanresources, manufacturing and marketing.
5 To demonstrate to implement value engineering solutions and propose to perfect them.

UNIT – I VALUE ENGINEERING BASICS 9

Origin of value engineering - Meaning of value engineering - Definition of value engineering and Value analysis- Value Management - Value Analysis Versus Value Engineering - Value Analysis versus Traditional cost reduction techniques - Types of Value function — Basic and Secondary functions - conceptof cost and worth - creativity In Value Engineering - uses, applications, advantages and limitations of Valueanalysis.

UNIT – II VALUE ENGINEERING JOB PLAN AND PROCESS 9

Seven phases of job plan - FAST Diagramming as Value Engineering Tool - Behavioral and organizational aspects of Value Engineering - Ten principles of Value analysis - Benefits of Value Engineering.

UNIT – III VALUE ENGINEERING TECHNIQUES 9

Creativity - Brain storming - Gordon technique - Morphological Analysis - ABC Analysis- Probabilistic approach - Make or Buy decisions — Function cost worth analysis (FCWA) - Function Analysis System technique (FAST) - Break Even Analysis - Life cycle cost(LCC)

UNIT – IV WORKSHEETS AND GUIDELINES 9

Preparation of worksheets - general and information phase - Function Classification, relationship and summary - Meaningful costs - Cost analysis - idea listing and comparison - Feasibility ranking - Investigator phase, study summary - guidelines for writing value engineering proposal - Financial aspects - List cycle cost analysis - Oral presentation - Audit - Case studies and Discussion.

UNIT – V VERSATILITY OF VALUE ENGINEERING 9

Value engineering operation in maintenance and repair activities - value engineering in non hardware projects - Initiating a value engineering programme Introduction - training plan - career development for value engineering specialties.

Total :45 Periods

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Estimate a product cost based on value engineering principles in terms of its values, functions and worthiness.
2. Discuss the product and articulate it in various phases of value engineering
3. Discuss and select appropriate methods, standards and apply them on value engineering project and propose appropriate training
4. Apply querying theory and FAST to prefect a value engineering project implementation.
5. Develop various case studies related to value engineering project implementation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Iyer. S.S., “Value Engineering”, New Age International (P) Limited, 9th Edition, 2009 3Ed”, , 2009.
2. Anil Kumar. and Mukhopadhyaya., “Value Engineering: Concepts Techniques and applications”,

SAGE Publications, 1st Edition, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Del L. Younker., "Value Engineering: analysis and methodology", CRC Press, 2003.
2. Richard Park., "Value Engineering A Plan for Invention", CRC Press, 1998.
3. Arthur E. Mudge., "Value Engineering :A systematic approach", McGraw Hill, 1989.
4. Alphonse Dell'Isola., "Value Engineering: Practical Applications...for Design, Construction,Maintenance and Operations", R.S. Means Company, 1997.
5. Lawrence D. Miles., "Techniques of Value Analysis and Engineering", Lawrence D. MilesValue Foundation, 3rd Edition, 2015.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	1			1			1	2	1		3	1	1	2	1
2	1			1			1	2	1		3	1	1	2	1
3	1			1			1	2	1		3	1	1	2	1
4	1			1			1	2	1		3	1	1	2	1
5	1			1			1	2	1		3	1	1	2	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E53C	PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study about the history, concepts and terminology in PLM
2 To learn the functions and features of PLM/PDM
3 To develop different modules offered in commercial PLM/PDM tools
4 To demonstrate PLM/PDM approaches for industrial applications
5 To use PLM/PDM with legacy data bases, Coax& ERP systems

UNIT – I HISTORY, CONCEPTS AND TERMINOLOGY OF PLM **9**

Introduction to PLM, Need for PLM, opportunities of PLM, Different views of PLM - Engineering Data Management (EDM), Product Data Management (PDM), Collaborative Product Definition Management (cPDm), Collaborative Product Commerce (CPC), Product Lifecycle Management (PLM). PLM/PDM Infrastructure — Network and Communications, Data Management, Heterogeneous data sources and applications

UNIT – II PLM/PDM FUNCTIONS AND FEATURES **9**

User Functions – Data Vault and Document Management, Workflow and Process Management, Product Structure Management, Product Classification and Programme Management. Utility Functions — Communication and Notification, data transport, data translation, image services, system administration and application integration

UNIT – III DETAILS OF MODULES IN A PDM/PLM SOFTWARE **9**

Case studies based on top few commercial PLM/PDM tools — Teamcenter, Windchill, ENOVIA, Aras PLM,SAP PLM, Arena, Oracle Agile PLM and Autodesk Vault.-Architecture of PLM software- selection criterion of software for particular application - Brand name to be removed

UNIT – IV ROLE OF PLM IN INDUSTRIES **9**

Case studies on PLM selection and implementation (like auto, aero, electronic) - other possible sectors, PLM visioning, PLM strategy, PLM feasibility study, change management for PLM, financial justification of PLM, barriers to PLM implementation, ten step approach to PLM, benefits of PLM for–business, organisation, users, product or service, process performance- process compliance and process automation

UNIT – V BASICS ON CUSTOMISATION/INTEGRATION OF PDM/PLM SOFTWARE **9**

PLM Customization, use of EAI technology (Middleware), Integration with legacy data base, CAD, SLMand ERP

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Summarize the history, concepts and terminology of PLM
2. Develop the functions and features of PLM/PDM
3. Discuss different modules offered in commercial PLM/PDM tools.
4. Interpret the implement PLM/PDM approaches for industrial applications.
5. Integrate PLM/PDM with legacy data bases, CAx& ERP systems

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Product Lifecycle Management for a Global Market, Springer; 2014 edition (29 September2016),ISBN-10 : 3662516330
2. Product Life Cycles and Product Management, Praeger Publishers Inc (27 March 1989)ISBN-10 :0899303196

REFERENCES:

1. AnttiSaaksvuori and AnselmiImmonen, “Product Lifecycle Management”, Springer Publisher, 2008(3rd Edition)
2. IvicaCrnkovic, Ulf Asklund and AnnitaPerssonDahlqvist, “Implementing and Integrating ProductData Management and Software Configuration Management”, Artech House Publishers, 2003.
3. John Stark, “Global Product: Strategy, Product Lifecycle Management and the Billion CustomerQuestion”, Springer Publisher, 2007
4. John Stark, “Product Lifecycle Management: 21st Century Paradigm for Product Realisation”, Springer Publisher, 2011 (2nd Edition).
5. Michael Grieves, “Product Life Cycle Management”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	3
2	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	3
3	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	3
4	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	3
5	1	1	3	1				1	1			1	1	3	3

Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)

21154E54A **ROBOTICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To learn about basics of robots and their classifications
2. To understand the robot kinematics in various planar mechanisms
3. To learn about the concepts in robot dynamics
4. To understand the concepts in trajectory planning and programming
5. To know about the various applications of robots

UNIT – I BASICS OF ROBOTICS 8

Introduction- Basic components of robot-Laws of robotics- classification of robot- robot architecture, work space-accuracy-resolution –repeatability of robot.

UNIT – II ROBOT KINMEATICS 11

Robot kinematics: Introduction- Matrix representation- rigid motion & homogeneous transformation- D-H, forward & inverse kinematics of 2DOF and 3 DOF planar and spatial mechanisms

UNIT – III ROBOT DYNAMICS 9

Introduction - Manipulator dynamics – Lagrange - Euler formulation- Newton - Euler formulation

UNIT – IV TRAJECTORY, PATH PLANNING AND PROGRAMMING 8

Trajectory Planning- Joint space and Cartesian space technique, Introduction to robot control, Robot programming and Languages- Introduction to ROS

UNIT – V ROBOT AND ROBOT APPLICATIONS 9

Sensors and Actuators for Robots, Power transmission systems, Rotary to rotary motion, Rotary to linear motion, Harmonics drives — gear system - belt drives. Robot end effectors & Grippers: Introduction- types & classification- Mechanical gripper- gripper force analysis- other types & special purpose grippers. Robot Applications: pick and place, manufacturing, automotive, medical, space and underwater.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to

CO1: State the basic concepts and terminologies of robots

CO2:Know the Procedures for Forward and Inverse Kinematics, Dynamics for Various Robots

CO3: Derive the Forward and Inverse Kinematics, Dynamics for Various Robots

CO4:Apply the various programming techniques in industrial applications

CO5: Analyze the use of various types of robots in different applications

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs

COs/POs&PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	2	3	1	2							1	2	1	3
CO2	3	2	3	1	2							1	2	1	3
CO3	3	2	3	1	2							1	2	1	3
CO4	3	2	3	1	2							1	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	1	3							1	2	2	3
CO/PO & PSO Average	3	2	3	1	2.2							1	2	1.4	3
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John.J.Craig, " Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics & control", Pearson Publication,Fourth edition, 2018.
2. K.S.Fu, R.C.Gonzalez, C.S.G.Lee, "Robotics: Sensing, Vision & Intelligence", Tata McGraw-Hill Publication, First Edition, 1987.

REFERENCES:

1. M.P.Groover, M.Weiss ,R.N. Nagal, N.G.Odrey, "Industrial Robotics - Technology, programming and Applications" Tata , McGraw-Hill Education Pvt Limited 2nd Edition, 2012.
2. Jazar, "Theory of Applied Robotics: Kinematics, Dynamics and Control", Springer, 2nd Edition, 2010
3. S K Saha, Introduction to Robotics, Tata McGraw-Hill, ISBN: 9789332902800, Second Edition, 9789332902800
4. Sathya Ranjan Deb, "Robotics Technology & flexible Automation" Second edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publication, 2009.

21154E54B SMART MOBILITY AND INTELLIGENT VEHICLES L T P
3 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of the course are:

1. To introduce students to the various technologies and systems used to implement smart mobility and intelligent vehicles.
2. To learn Basics of Radar Technology and Systems, Ultrasonic Sonar Systems, LIDAR Sensor Technology and Systems and other sensors for automobile vision system.
3. To learn Basic Control System Theory applied to Autonomous Automobiles.
4. To produce overall impact of automating like various driving functions, connecting the automobile to sources of information that assist with a task
5. To allow the automobile to make autonomous intelligent decisions concerning future actions of the vehicle that potentially impact the safety of the occupants through connected car & autonomous vehicle technology.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO AUTOMATED, CONNECTED, AND INTELLIGENT VEHICLES

Concept of Automotive Electronics, Electronics Overview, History & Evolution, Infotainment, Body, Chassis, and Powertrain Electronics, Introduction to Automated, Connected, and Intelligent Vehicles. Case studies: Automated, Connected, and Intelligent Vehicles

UNIT – II SENSOR TECHNOLOGY FOR SMART MOBILITY

Basics of Radar Technology and Systems, Ultrasonic Sonar Systems, Lidar Sensor Technology and Systems, Camera Technology, Night Vision Technology, Other Sensors, Use of Sensor Data Fusion, Integration of Sensor Data to On-Board Control Systems

UNIT – III CONNECTED AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE

Basic Control System Theory applied to Automobiles, Overview of the Operation of ECUs, Basic Cyber-Physical System Theory and Autonomous Vehicles, Role of Surroundings Sensing Systems and Autonomy, Role of Wireless Data Networks and Autonomy

UNIT – IV VEHICLE WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY & NETWORKING

Wireless System Block Diagram and Overview of Components, Transmission Systems — Modulation/Encoding, Receiver System Concepts– Demodulation/Decoding, Wireless Networking and Applications to Vehicle Autonomy, Basics of Computer Networking — the Internet of Things, Wireless Networking Fundamentals, Integration of Wireless Networking and On-Board Vehicle Networks

UNIT – V CONNECTED CAR & AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY 9

Connectivity Fundamentals, Navigation and Other Applications, Vehicle-to-Vehicle Technology and Applications, Vehicle-to-Roadside and Vehicle-to-Infrastructure Applications, Autonomous Vehicles -Driverless Car Technology, Moral, Legal, Roadblock Issues, Technical Issues, Security Issues

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Recognize the concept of cyber-physical control systems and their application to collision avoidance and autonomous vehicles

CO2: Select the concept of remote sensing and the types of sensor technology needed to implement remote sensing

CO3: Familiar with the concept of fully autonomous vehicles

CO4: Apply the basic concepts of wireless communications and wireless data networks

CO 5: Analyze the concept of the connected vehicle and its role in automated vehicles

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs															
COs/POs &PSOs	**POs**												**PSOs**		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
CO1	3	2	1	1		1						1	2	1	1
CO2	3	2	1	1		1						1	2	1	1
CO3	3	2	1	1		1						1	2	1	1
CO4	3	2	1	1		1						1	2	1	1
CO5	3	2	1	1		1						1	2	1	1
CO/PO & PSO Average	3	2	1	1		1						1	2	1	1
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

TEXT BOOKS

1. "Intelligent Transportation Systems and Connected and Automated Vehicles", 2016, Transportation Research Board
2. Radovan Miucic, "Connected Vehicles: Intelligent Transportation Systems", 2019, Springer

REFERENCE:

1. Tom Denton, "Automobile Electrical and Electronic systems, Roultedge", Taylor & FrancisGroup,5th Edition,2018.

ELECTRICAL DRIVES AND ACTUATORS **L T P C**

21154E54C **3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To familiarize a relay and power semiconductor devices
2. To get a knowledge on drive characteristics
3. To obtain the knowledge on DC motors and drives.
4. To obtain the knowledge on AC motors and drives.
5. To obtain the knowledge on Stepper and Servo motor.

UNIT – I RELAY AND POWER SEMI-CONDUCTOR DEVICES 9

Study of Switching Devices – Relay and Types, Switching characteristics -BJT, SCR, TRIAC, GTO, MOSFET, IGBT and IGCT-: SCR, MOSFET and IGBT - Triggering and commutation circuit

- Introduction to Driver and snubber circuits

UNIT – II DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS 9

Electric drive – Equations governing motor load dynamics – steady state stability – multi quadrant Dynamics: acceleration, deceleration, torque, and Direction starting & stopping – Selection ofmotor.

UNIT – III DC MOTORS AND DRIVES 9

DC Servomotor - Types of PMDC & BLDC motors - principle of operation- emf and torque equations - characteristics and control – Drives- H bridge - Single and Three Phases – 4 quadrantoperation — Applications

UNIT – IV AC MOTORS AND DRIVES 9

Introduction – Induction motor drives – Speed control of 3-phase induction motor – Stator voltage control – Stator frequency control – Stator voltage and frequency control – Stator current control

– Static rotor resistance control – Slip power recovery control.

UNIT – V STEPPER AND SERVO MOTOR 9

Stepper Motor: Classifications- Construction and Principle of Operation – Modes of Excitation- Drive System-Logic Sequencer - Applications. Servo Mechanism – DC Servo motor-AC Servo motor — Applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student able to:

CO 1: Recognize the principles and working of relays, drives and motors.
CO 2: Explain the working and characteristics of various drives and motors.
CO 3: Apply the solid state switching circuits to operate various types of Motors and Drivers
CO 4: Interpret the performance of Motors and Drives.
CO 5: Suggest the Motors and Drivers for given applications.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs															
COs/Pos&PSOs	POs												PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	3	1	1	2	1							1	1		3
CO2	3	1	2	2	1							1	1		3
CO3	3	1	2	2	1							1	1		3
CO4	3	1	1	2	2							1	1		3
CO5	3	1	1	2	2							1	1		3

CO/PO & PSO Average	3	1	1.4	2	1.4							1	1		3
1 – Slight, 2 – Moderate, 3 – Substantial															

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING **L T P C**

21154E55A **3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the construction and working principle of various parts of an automobile.
2 To study the practice for assembling and dismantling of engine parts and transmission system
3 To study various transmission systems of automobile.
4 To study about steering, brakes and suspension systems
5 To study alternative energy sources

UNIT – I VEHICLE STRUCTURE AND ENGINES 9

Types of automobiles vehicle construction and different layouts, chassis, frame and body, Vehicle aerodynamics (various resistances and moments involved), IC engines — components-functions and materials, variable valve timing (VVT).

UNIT – II ENGINE AUXILIARY SYSTEMS 9

Electronically controlled gasoline injection system for SI engines, Electronically controlled diesel injection system (Unit injector system, Rotary distributor type and common rail direct injection system), Electronic ignition system (Transistorized coil ignition system, capacitive discharge ignition system), Turbo chargers (WGT, VGT), Engine emission control by three way catalytic converter system, Emission norms (Euro and BS).

UNIT – III TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS 9

Clutch-types and construction, gear boxes- manual and automatic, gear shift mechanisms, Overdrive, transfer box, fluid flywheel, torque converter, propeller shaft, slip joints, universal joints, Differential and rear axle, Hotchkiss Drive and Torque Tube Drive.

UNIT – IV STEERING, BRAKES AND SUSPENSION SYSTEMS 9

Steering geometry and types of steering gear box-Power Steering, Types of Front Axle, Types of Suspension Systems, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Braking Systems, Antilock Braking System (ABS),electronic brake force distribution (EBD) and Traction Control.

UNIT – V ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES 9

Use of Natural Gas, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, Bio-diesel, Bio-ethanol, Gasohol and Hydrogen in Automobiles-Engine modifications required –Performance, Combustion and Emission Characteristics of SI and CI engines with these alternate fuels - Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Fuel Cell Note: Practical Training in dismantling and assembling of Engine parts and Transmission Systems should be given to the students.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Recognize the various parts of the automobile and their functions and materials.
2. Discuss the engine auxiliary systems and engine emission control.
3. Distinguish the working of different types of transmission systems.
4. Explain the Steering, Brakes and Suspension Systems.
5. Predict possible alternate sources of energy for IC Engines.

TEXT BOOKS:

1 Jain K.K. and Asthana .R.B, "Automobile Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES:

Ganesan V. "Internal Combustion Engines", Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2012.

1.
2. Heinz Heisler, "Advanced Engine Technology," SAE International Publications USA, 1998.
3. Joseph Heitner, "Automotive Mechanics," Second Edition, East-West Press, 1999.
4. Martin W, Stockel and Martin T Stockle , "Automotive Mechanics Fundamentals," The Good heart - Will Cox Company Inc, USA ,1978.
5. Newton, Steeds and Garet, "Motor Vehicles", Butterworth Publishers,1989.

21154E55B	DESIGN CONCEPTS IN ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To study the various design requirements and get acquainted with the processes involvedin product development.
2. To study the design processes to develop a successful product.
3. To learn scientific approaches to provide design solutions.
4. Designing solution through relate the human needs and provide a solution.
5. To study the principles of material selection, costing and manufacturing in design.

UNIT – I DESIGN TERMINOLOGY 9

Definition-various methods and forms of design-importance of product design-static and dynamic products-various design projects-morphology of design-requirements of a good design-concurrent engineering-computer aided engineering-codes and standards-product and process cycles-bench marking.

UNIT – II INTRODUCTION TO DESIGN PROCESSES 9

Basic modules in design process-scientific method and design method-Need identification, importance of problem definition-structured problem, real life problem- information gathering -customer requirements-Quality Function Deployment (QFD)- product design specifications-generation of alternative solutions-Analysis and selection-Detail design and drawings-Prototype, modeling, simulation, testing and evaluation

UNIT – III CREATIVITY IN DESIGN 9

Creativity and problem solving-vertical and lateral thinking-invention-psychological view, mental blocks-Creativity methods-brainstorming, synectics, force fitting methods, mind map, concept map-Theory of innovative problem solving (TRIZ) - conceptual decomposition creating design concepts.

UNIT – IV HUMAN AND SOCIETAL ASPECTS IN PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT 9

Human factors in design, ergonomics, user friendly design-Aesthetics and visual aspects environmental aspects-marketing aspects-team aspects-legal aspects-presentation aspects

UNIT – V MATERIAL AND PROCESSES IN DESIGN 9

Material selection for performance characteristics of materials-selection for new design substitution for existing design-economics of materials-selection methods-recycling and material selection-types of manufacturing process, process systems- Design for Manufacturability (DFM) - Design for Assembly (DFA).

Total:45 periods

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Analyze the various design requirements and get acquainted with the processes involved in product development.
2. Apply the design processes to develop a successful product.
3. Apply scientific approaches to provide design solutions.
4. Design solution through relate the human needs and provide a solution.
5. Apply the principles of material selection, costing and manufacturing in design.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dieter. G. N., Linda C. Schmidt, “Engineering Design”, McGraw Hill, 2013..
2. Horenstein, M. N., Design Concepts for Engineers, Prentice Hall, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Dhillon, B. S., Advanced Design Concepts for Engineers, Technomic Publishing Co., 1998.

2. Edward B. Magrab, Satyandra K. Gupta, F. Patrick McCluskey and Peter A. Sandborn, "Integrated Product and Process Design and Development", CRC Press, 2009.
3. James Garratt, "Design and Technology", Cambridge University Press, 1996.
4. Joseph E. Shigley, Charles R.Mische, and Richard G. Budynas, "Mechanical Engineering Design", McGraw Hill Professional, 2003.
5. Sumesh Krishnan and MukulSukla, Concepts in Engineering Design, Notion Press, 2016.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	2	2	2					1			1	2	1	1
2	2	2	2	2					1			1	2	1	1
3	2	2	2	2					1			1	2	1	1
4	2	2	2	2					1			1	2	1	1
5	2	2	2	2					1			1	2	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E55C DYNAMICS OF GROUND VEHICLES L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:
The objective of this course is to make the students to Develop physical and mathematicalmodels to predict the dynamic response of vehicles

UNIT I CONCEPT OF VIBRATION 9
Definitions, Modeling and Simulation, Global and Vehicle Coordinate System, Free, Forced, Undamped and Damped Vibration, Response Analysis of Single DOF, Two DOF, Multi DOF, Magnification factor, Transmissibility ratio, Base excitation. Vibration absorber, Vibration measuringinstruments, Torsional vibration, Critical speed

UNIT II TYRES 9
Tyre axis system, tyre forces and moments, tyre marking, tyre structure, hydroplaning, wheel and rim. Rolling resistance, factors affecting rolling resistance, Longitudinal and Lateral force at variousslip angles, Tractive and cornering property of tire. Performance of tire on wet surface. Ride propertyof tyres. Various test carried on a tyre.

UNIT III VERTICAL DYNAMICS 9
Human response to vibration, Sources of Vibration. Suspension requirements — types. State Space Representation. Design and analysis of Passive, Semi active and Active suspension using Quarter car, Bicycle Model, half car and full car vibrating model. Influence of suspension stiffness, suspension damping, and tire stiffness. Control law. Suspension optimization techniques. Air suspension system and their properties.

UNIT IV LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS AND CONTROL 9
Aerodynamic forces and moments. Equation of motion. Load distribution for three-wheeler and four-wheeler. Calculation of maximum acceleration, tractive effort and reaction forces for differentdrive vehicles. Power limited acceleration and traction limited acceleration. Estimation of CGlocation. Stability of vehicles resting on slope. Driveline dynamics. Braking and Driving torque.Prediction of Vehicle performance. ABS, stability control, Traction control.

UNIT V LATERAL DYNAMICS 9
Steady state handling characteristics. Steady state response to steering input — Yaw velocity gain, Lateral acceleration gain, curvature response gain. Testing of handling characteristics. Transient response characteristics. Steering dynamics. Direction control of vehicles. Roll center, Roll axis. Stability of vehicle on banked road, during turn. Effect of suspension on cornering. Minuro Plot for Lateral Transient Response.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course, the students can able to
1. Develop physical and mathematical models to predict the dynamic response of vehicles
2. Apply vehicle design performance criteria and how to use the criteria to evaluate vehicle dynamic response
3. Use dynamic analyses in the design of vehicles.
4. Understand the principle behind the lateral dynamics.
5. Evaluate the longitudinal dynamics and control in an automobile

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J. Y. Wong, "Theory of Ground Vehicles", Fourth Edition, Wiley-Interscience, 2008
2. Singiresu S. Rao, "Mechanical Vibrations," Fifth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2010
3. Thomas D. Gillespie, "Fundamentals of Vehicle Dynamics," Society of Automotive EngineersInc, 2014

REFERENCES:

1. Dean Karnopp, "Vehicle Dynamics, Stability, and Control", Second Edition, CRC Press, 2013
2. Hans B Pacejka, "Tyre and Vehicle Dynamics," Second edition, SAE International, 2005
3. John C. Dixon, "Tyres, Suspension, and Handling, " Second Edition, Society of Automotive Engineers Inc, 1996
4. Michael Blundell & Damian Harty, "The Multibody Systems Approach to Vehicle Dynamics",Elsevier Limited, 2004
5. R. Nakhaie Jazar, "Vehicle Dynamics: Theory and Application", Second edition, Springer,2013

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	3	3	3	3	3		2	2	3		3	2	2	2
2	3	3	3	3	3	3		2	2	3		3	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3		2	2	3		3	2	3	3
4	3	2	2	2	2	2		2	1	3		3	2	3	3
5	3	3	3	3	3	3		2	2	3		3	2	3	3
Avg.	3	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8		2	1.8	3		3	2	3	3

21154E63A	DESIGN OF TRANSMISSION SYSTEM	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To gain knowledge on the principles and procedure for the design of Mechanical power Transmission components.
2 To understand the standard procedure available for Design of Transmission of Mechanical elements spur gears and parallel axis helical gears.
3 To learn the design bevel, worm and cross helical gears of Transmission system.
4 To learn the concepts of design multi and variable speed gear box for machine tool applications.
5 To learn the concepts of design to cams, brakes and clutches

(Use of P S G Design Data Book permitted)

UNIT – I DESIGN OF FLEXIBLE ELEMENTS 9

Design of Flat belts and pulleys - Selection of V belts and pulleys — Selection of hoisting wire ropes and pulleys — Design of Transmission chains and Sprockets.

UNIT – II SPUR GEARS AND PARALLEL AXIS HELICAL GEARS 9

Speed ratios and number of teeth-Force analysis -Tooth stresses - Dynamic effects — Fatigue strength - Factor of safety - Gear materials – Design of straight tooth spur & helical gears based on strength and wear considerations – Pressure angle in the normal and transverse plane-Equivalent number of teeth-forces for helical gears.

UNIT – III BEVEL, WORM AND CROSS HELICAL GEARS 9

Straight bevel gear: Tooth terminology, tooth forces and stresses, equivalent number of teeth. Estimating the dimensions of pair of straight bevel gears. Worm Gear: Merits and demerits terminology. Thermal capacity, materials-forces and stresses, efficiency, estimating the size of the worm gear pair. Cross helical: Terminology-helix angles-Estimating the size of the pair of cross helical gears.

UNIT – IV GEAR BOXES 9

Geometric progression - Standard step ratio - Ray diagram, kinematics layout -Design of sliding mesh gear box - Design of multi speed gear box for machine tool applications - Constant mesh gear box - Speed reducerunit. — Variable speed gear box, Fluid Couplings, Torque Converters for automotive applications.

UNIT – V CAMS, CLUTCHES AND BRAKES 9

Cam Design: Types-pressure angle and under cutting base circle determination-forces and surface stresses. Design of plate clutches –axial clutches-cone clutches-internal expanding rim clutches-Electromagnetic clutches. Band and Block brakes - external shoe brakes – Internal expanding shoe brake.

Total:45 periods

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply the concepts of design to belts, chains and rope drives.
2. Apply the concepts of design to spur, helical gears.
3. Apply the concepts of design to worm and bevel gears.
4. Apply the concepts of design to gear boxes.
5. Apply the concepts of design to cams, brakes and clutches

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bhandari V, “Design of Machine Elements”, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2016.
2. Joseph Shigley, Charles Mischke, Richard Budynas and Keith Nisbett “Mechanical Engineering Design”, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Merhyle F. Spotts, Terry E. Shoup and Lee E. Hornberger, "Design of Machine Elements" 8th Edition, Printice Hall, 2003.
2. Orthwein W, "Machine Component Design", Jaico Publishing Co, 2003.
3. Prabhu. T.J., "Design of Transmission Elements", Mani Offset, Chennai, 2000.
4. Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, "Fundamentals of Machine Design", 4th Edition, Wiley,2005
5. Sundararajamoorthy T. V, Shanmugam .N, "Machine Design", Anuradha Publications,Chennai, 2003.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
2	3	2	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
3	3	2	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
4	3	2	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
5	3	2	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E63B	THERMAL POWER ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives

1 To study the fuel properties and arrive at proximate and ultimate analysis of fuels.
2 To study the different types of boilers and compute their performance parameters.
3 To study the performance parameters of an air compressor
4 To study the working principles of various refrigeration systems and perform cop calculations
5 To study the psychrometric properties and how they are utilized in arriving at calculations todetermine heating loads

UNIT – I FUELS AND COMBUSTION 9

Fuels - Types and Characteristics of Fuels - Determination of Properties of Fuels – Fuels Analysis - Proximate and Ultimate Analysis - Moisture Determination - Calorific Value -Gross & Net Calorific Values

UNIT – II BOILERS 9

Types and comparison, Mountings and Accessories. Performance calculations, Boiler trial.

UNIT – III AIR COMPRESSORS 9

Classification and comparison, working principle, work of compression - with and without clearance, Volumetric efficiency, Isothermal efficiency and Isentropic efficiency. Multistage air compressor with Intercooling. Working principle and comparison of Rotary compressors with reciprocating air compressors

UNIT – IV REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS 9

Vapour compression refrigeration cycle, Effect of Superheat and Sub-cooling, Performance calculations, Working principle of air cycle, vapour absorption system, and Thermoelectric refrigeration.

UNIT – V PSYCHROMETRY AND AIR-CONDITIONING 9

Psychrometric properties – Property calculations using Psychrometric chart and expressions. Psychrometric processes – adiabatic saturation, sensible heating and cooling, humidification, dehumidification, evaporative cooling and adiabatic mixing Air conditioning systems, concept of RSHF, GSHF and ESHF, Cooling load calculations. Cooling towers – concept and types.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Evaluate the fuel properties and arrive at proximate and ultimate analysis of fuels.
2. Analyze different types of boilers and compute their performance parameters.
3. Evaluate the performance parameters of an air compressor
4. Apply the working principles of various refrigeration systems and perform cop calculations
5. Analyze the psychrometric properties and how they are utilized in arriving at calculations todetermine heating loads.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mahesh. M. Rathore, “Thermal Engineering”, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. Ballaney. P, “ Thermal Engineering”, 25th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2017

REFERENCES:

1. Ananthanarayanan P.N, “ Basic Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning”, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.
2. Arora, “ Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning”, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2010.
3. Mathur M.L and Mehta F.S., “Thermal Science and Engineering”, 3rd Edition, Jain Brothers Pvt. Ltd, 2017.
4. Nag P.K, “ Basic and Applied Thermodynamics”, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010
5. Soman. K, “Thermal Engineering”, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2011

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	1	1	1					1			1	2	1	1
2	3	2	1	1					1			1	2	1	1
3	3	1	1	1					1			1	2	1	1
4	3	2	1	1					1			1	2	1	1
5	3	1	1	1					1			1	2	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E63C	TURBO MACHINES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the energy transfer in rotor and stator parts of the turbo machines.
2 To study the function of various elements of centrifugal fans and blowers.
3 To evaluating the working and performance of centrifugal compressor
4 To analyzing flow behavior and flow losses in axial flow compressor.
5 To study the types and working of axial and radial flow turbines.

UNIT – I WORKING PRINCIPLES 9

Classification of Turbomachines. Energy transfer between fluid and rotor - Euler equation and its interpretation. Velocity triangles. Efficiencies in Compressor and Turbine stages. Degree of reaction. Dimensionless parameters for Turbomachines.

UNIT – II CENTRIFUGAL FANS AND BLOWERS 9

Types – components – working. Flow analysis in impeller blades-volute and diffusers. Velocity triangles - h-s diagram. Stage parameters in fans and blowers. Performance characteristic curves – various losses. Fan – bearings, drives and noise.

UNIT – III CENTRIFUGAL COMPRESSOR 9

Components - blade types. Velocity triangles - h-s diagram, stage work. Slip factor and Degree of Reaction. Performance characteristics and various losses. Geometry and performance calculation.

UNIT – IV AXIAL FLOW COMPRESSOR 9

Construction details. Work done factor. Velocity triangles - h-s diagram, stage work. Work done factor. Performance characteristics, efficiency and stage losses – Stalling and Surging. Free and Forced vortexflow.

UNIT – V AXIAL AND RADIAL FLOW TURBINES 9

Axial flow turbines - Types – Elements - Stage velocity diagrams - h-s diagram, stage work - impulse and reaction stages. Compounding of turbines. Performance coefficients and losses. Radial flow turbines: Types -Elements - Stage velocity diagrams - h-s diagram, stage work Performance coefficients and losses.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain the energy transfer in rotor and stator parts of the turbo machines.
2. Explain the function of various elements of centrifugal fans and blowers
3. Evaluate the working and performance of centrifugal compressor.
4. Analyze flow behavior and flow losses in axial flow compressor.
5. Explain the types and working of axial and radial flow turbines

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ganesan, V., "Gas Turbines", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011. .
2. Yahya, S.M., "Turbines, Compressor and Fans", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Dixon, S.L., "Fluid Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Turbomachinery", 7th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2014.
2. Gopalakrishnan. G and Prithvi Raj. D," A Treatise on Turbomachines", Scitech Publications (India)Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2008.
3. Lewis, R.I., "Turbomachinery Performance Analysis" 1st Edition, Arnold Publisher, 1996.
4. Saravanamutto, Rogers, Cohen, Straznicky., "Gas Turbine Theory" 6th Edition, Pearson Education Ltd, 2009.
5. Venkanna, B.K., "Fundamentals of Turbomachinery", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2009.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	1	1	1					1			1	3	2	1
2	2	1	1	1					1			1	3	2	1
3	2	1	1	1					1			1	3	2	1
4	2	1	1	1					1			1	3	2	1
5	2	1	1	1					1			1	3	2	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E64A MATERIAL HANDLING AND SOLID PROCESSING EQUIPMENT

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To provide knowledge on materials handling equipment.
2 To provide knowledge on Industrial Vehicles
3 To provide knowledge on conveyor equipment.
4 To provide knowledge on Auxiliary Equipment and Hoisting Equipment.
5 To provide knowledge on Bulk Handling Equipment and Systems

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO MATERIALS HANDLING 9

Basic principles &objectives in material handling and its benefits - Classification of material handling equipment - selection of material handling equipments - guidelines for effective utilisation of material handling equipments -unit load concept

UNIT – II INDUSTRIAL VEHICLES 9

Introduction and types - Hand trucks - Two wheel Hand Trucks - Multiple wheel Hand Trucks - Hand Lift Trucks - Power Trucks - Fixed Platform Truck - Platform Lift Truck - Pallet Lift Truck - Walkie Truck - Straddle Carrier - Fork Lift Trucks - Specifications of FLT - FLT Attachments - Tractors - Industrial Tractor-Trailer-Self-propelled trucks and fork trucks - Automated guided vehicles Theory

UNIT – III CONVEYORS 9

Classification of conveyors- Definition - Description - General Characteristics - types and uses of belt Conveyors - Roller conveyors - Haulage Conveyors - Screw Conveyors - Bucket Conveyors - Chain Conveyors - Cable Conveyors - Pneumatic and Hydraulic conveyors - Computer controlled conveyor system.

UNIT – IV AUXILIARY EQUIPMENTAND HOISTING EQUIPMENT 9

Hoppers - Gates- Feeders- Chutes-positioners- Ball Table- Weighing and Control Equipment- Pallet loaders and unloaders -applications and advancements. - Hoisting Equipment - parts of hoisting equipment - Description and uses of hoists - Description and uses of ropes - description and purpose of crane hooks - Elevators - Cranes - Derricks - and its types

UNIT – V BULK HANDLING EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS 9

Storage of bulk solids - bulk handling equipment - Robotic handling - Materials handling at the workplace - Robots and their classification - Major components of a robot - classification of Robotic manipulators - Robotic handling applications

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the basic concepts of material handling equipment.
2. Explain the basic working principles of various industrial Vehicles.
3. Develop the basic working principles of various conveyors.
4. Elabrate the basic working principles of various Auxiliary Equipment and Hoisting Equipment.
5. Explain the basic working principles of various Bulk Handling Equipment and Systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allegri (Sr.), T.H., Material Handling — Principles and Practices, CBS Publishers and Distributors,Delhi, 1987.
2. Siddharta Ray, Introduction to Materials Handling, New Age International Publishers

REFERENCES:

1. Bolz, H. A and Hagemann, G. E (ed.), ‘‘Materials Handling Handbook’’, Ronald Press
2. 8005:1976, Classification of Unit Loads, Bureau of Indian Standards.
3. Apple, J.A., ‘‘Material Handling System Design’’, John Wiley & Sons
4. Theodore H., Allegre Sr., Material Handling Principles and Practice, CBS Publishers and Distributors
5. Immer J. R., Material Handling, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	1	1	1	1				1			1	1	2	2
2	2	1	1	1	1				1			1	1	2	2
3	2	1	1	1	1				1			1	1	2	2
4	2	1	1	1	1				1			1	1	2	2
5	2	1	1	1	1				1			1	1	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E64B	THERMAL AND FIRED EQUIPMENT DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To introduce the concepts of thermal and fired equipment.
2. To study the basis, design and construction of boilers.
3. To study of typical fuel firing systems in the boiler.
4. To study of materials requirements for pressure parts.
5. To study of various boiler auxiliaries system.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION 9

Principal equipment in Thermal Power Plant, Historical developments of Boiler, Utility, Industrial boilers, Morden trends in boiler design , Basic knowledge of different types of Thermal Fired Equipment ,sub critical and super critical boilers - Coal , Oil ,Gas , Pulverised fuel cyclone, FBC, CFBC , MSW , and Stoker firing, Boiler efficiency , auxiliary power consumption , Performance data , Performance Correction Curves

UNIT – II BASIS OF BOILERS AND DESIGN 9

Codes- Design and Construction, IBR, ISO, ASME, BS, Heat balance diagram, Boiler parameters, Fuel analysis and variations, Site conditions, Furnace heat loadings, FOT, Plan area loading, Volumetric loading Balanced Draft and Pressurised Furnace, Natural / Controlled Circulation, Constant and Sliding Pressure, Boiler heat transfer surfaces, Flue gas velocities, boiler auxiliaries, Boiler schemes, Boiler Layouts

UNIT – III FIRING SYSTEM- FUEL AND MILLING 9

Coal / Oil / Natural Gas in any combination, Lignite, Blast Furnace Gas / Coke Oven Gas / Corex Gas Carbon Monoxide / Tail gas, Asphalt, Black Liquor, Bagasse, Rice Husk, Washery Rejects, Wheat / Rice straw MSW, wind box, Burner, Type of Stokers, Pulverisers - Bowl mill, Tube mill, Direct firing, Indirect firing, Wall firing (Turbulent / Vortex Burners), Tangential firing (Jet Burners), Fire Ball.

UNIT – IV PRESSURE PARTS AND DESIGN AND MATERIALS 9

Economiser, Drums , Water Walls , Headers , Links , Super Hater , Super Heaters , Reheaters, Tubes , Spiral Tubes , Surface area , Free Gas Area , Metal temperature , LMTD , Acid Due Point Temperature , Carbon steel , Low alloy steel , Titanium alloy steel

UNIT – V BOILER AUXILIARIES 9

Air preheaters (APH) – bi sector APH , Tri sector APH, Cold PA System, Hot PA System, Tubular APH, Steam coil Air preheater , FANS – Axial, Radial, Performance curves, MILLS- Tube , Vertical mills , Air quality Control systems ,DustCollection System - Mechanical Precipitator, Electrostatic Precipitator, FGD , SCR , SNCR

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain the concepts of thermal and fired equipment.
2. Discuss the basis, design and construction of boilers.
3. Describe of typical fuel firing systems in the boiler.
4. Discuss the materials requirements for pressure parts.
5. Discuss of various boiler auxiliaries system.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A Course in Power Plant Engineering; Dhanapat Rai and Sons - Domkundwar
2. Power Plant Engineering by B. Vijaya Ramnath C. Elanchezhian, L. Saravanakumar

REFERENCES:

1. Elwakil M, Power Plant Technology, McGraw Hill, New York, 1964
2. Steam Generators and Waste Heat Boilers: For Process and Plant Engineers (Mechanical Engineering) by V. Ganapathy

3. Steam Generators: Description and Design by Donatello Annaratone

4. An Introduction to Coal and Wood Firing Steam Generators (Power Plants Engineering) by JPaul Guyer

5. Advances in Power Boilers (JSME Series in Thermal and Nuclear Power Generation)by Mamoru Ozawa and Hitoshi Asano | 28 January 2021

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	1	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
2	2	1	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
3	2	1	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
4	2	1	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
5	2	1	3	1					1			1	2	3	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E64C	DESIGN CODES AND STANDARDS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the Codes and Standards and Need for them in the Industry
2 To know the different sources and the bodies that publish Codes and Standards
3 To familiarize the Government Regulations and its applicability
4 To familiarize with different codes used in Different Industry
5 To familiarize the Codes and Standards used in Process Industry

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to Codes and Standards. What is code? What is Standard?Need for codes and standards. Objective of Codes and Standards. Codes, Standards and Good Engineering Practices.

UNIT – II CODES 9

Codes and Standards used in Different Industry. Material, Design, Inspection and Construction Codes. Process Industry Codes. Machinery Design codes. Codes used in Oil and Gas Industry. Welding Codes. Machine Design. Automotive. HVAC. Performance Test Codes. Other Discipline codes

UNIT – III STANDARDS 9

Sources of Codes and Standards. Who publishes Codes and Standards? International Societies and Professional Bodies. Process of Standardisation and Code publishing in Professional Bodies and Companies. Interdisciplinary Codes.

UNIT – IV REGULATIONS 9

Government and Federal Regulations. Need for them. Indian and International Regulations. Standards organisations. Weather and Climatic codes. IS, ISO, IBR, OISD. Certification Bodies. Authorities and Engineers to certify. PE, Chartered Engineers

UNIT – V DESIGN CODES 9

Codes and Standards applicable in Process Industry Equipment Design. Pressure Vessel Design Codes. Heat Exchanger Design Codes. Wind and Seismic Codes. Machinery Codes. Package Equipment Design Codes. Performance Test Codes. ASTM, ASME, API, AWS, ANSI, ISO, ASHRAE.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain the need for codes and Standards in Industry.
2. Discuss the different codes and standards used in different industry.
3. Discuss the sources of different codes and standards and the societies that publish themand how these are evolved
4. Explain need for Government regulations and Certification authorities and familiar with common regulations in India and International
5. Discuss knowledge of codes and standards used in Process equipment design for Oiland Gas Industry.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mechanical Engg. Handbook. ASME. ASTM.API
2. Perrys Chemical Engg Handbook

REFERENCES:

1. ASME
2. API
3. ISO, IBR, OISD
4. AWS
5. ISHRAE

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	1	3						1			1	1	2	2
2	2	1	3						1			1	1	2	2
3	2	1	3						1			1	1	2	2
4	2	1	3						1			1	1	2	2
5	2	1	3						1			1	1	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E64D **NON-TRADITIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES** **L T P**

3 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To classify non-traditional machining processes and describe mechanical energy based non-traditional machining processes.
2. To differentiate chemical and electro chemical energy-based processes.
3. To describe thermo-electric energy-based processes
4. To explain nano finishing processes.
5. To introduce hybrid non-traditional machining processes and differentiate hybrid non-traditional machining processes

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION AND MECHANICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES **9**

Introduction - Need for non-traditional machining processes - Classification of non-traditional machining processes - Applications, advantages and limitations of non-traditional machining processes - Abrasive jet machining, Abrasive water jet machining, Ultrasonic machining their principles, equipment, effect of process parameters, applications, advantages and limitations.

UNIT – II CHEMICAL AND ELECTRO CHEMICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES **9**

Principles, equipments, effect of process parameters, applications, advantages and limitations of Chemical machining, Electro-chemical machining, Electro-chemical honing, Electro-chemical grinding, Electro chemical deburring.

UNIT – III THERMO-ELECTRIC ENERGY BASED PROCESSES **9**

Principles, equipments, effect of process parameters, applications, advantages and limitations of Electric discharge machining, Wire electric discharge machining, Laser beam machining, Plasma arc machining, Electron beam machining, Ion beam machining.

UNIT – IV NANO FINISHING PROCESSES **9**

Principles, equipments, effect of process parameters, applications, advantages and limitations of Abrasive flow machining – Chemo mechanical polishing, Magnetic abrasive finishing, Magnetorheological finishing, Magneto rheological abrasive flow finishing.

UNIT – V HYBRID NON-TRADITIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES **9**

Introduction - Various hybrid non-traditional machining processes, their working principles, equipments, effect of process parameters, applications, advantages and limitations. Selection and comparison of different non-traditional machining processes.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Formulate different types of non-traditional machining processes and evaluate mechanical energy based non-traditional machining processes.
2. Illustrate chemical and electro chemical energy based processes.
3. Evaluate thermo-electric energy based processes.
4. Interpret nano finishing processes.
5. Analyse hybrid non-traditional machining processes and differentiate non- traditional machining processes.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Adit han. M., “Unconventional Machining Processes”, Atlantic, New Delhi, India, 2009. ISBN 13: 9788126910458
2. Ana nd Pandey, “Modern Machining Processes”, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, 2019.

REFERENCES:

1. Benedict, G.F., “Non-traditional Manufacturing Processes”, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York 1987. ISBN-13: 978-0824773526.
2. Carl Sommer, “Non-Traditional Machining Handbook”, Advance Publishing., United States, 2000, ISBN-13: 978-1575373256.
3. Golam Kibria, Bhattacharyya B. and Paulo Davim J., “Non-traditional Micromachining Processes: Fundamentals and Applications”, Springer International Publishing., Switzerland, 2017, ISBN:978-3- 319-52008-7.
4. Jagadeesha T., “Non-Traditional Machining Processes”, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, 2017, ISBN-13: 978-9385909122.
5. Kapil Gupta, Neelesh K. Jain and Laubscher R.F., “Hybrid Machining Processes: Perspectives on Machining and Finishing”, 1st edition, Springer International Publishing., Switzerland, 2016, ISBN- 13: 978-3319259208.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3		1		1		1		1	1		1	2	2	2
2	3		1		1		1		1	1		1	2	2	2
3	3		1		1		1		1	1		1	2	2	2
4	3		2		1		1		1	1		1	2	2	2
5	3		3		3		1		1	1		1	3	3	3
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

	L	T	P	C
21154E65A	**3**	**0**	**0**	**3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the coal based thermal power plants.
2 To study the diesel, gas turbine and combined cycle power plants.
3 To learn the basic of nuclear engineering and power plants.
4 To learn the power from renewable energy
5 To study energy, economic and environmental issues of power plants

UNIT – I COAL BASED THERMAL POWER PLANTS 9

Rankine cycle - improvisations, Layout of modern coal power plant, Super Critical Boilers, FBC Boilers, Turbines, Condensers, Steam & Heat rate, Subsystems of thermal power plants — Fuel and ash handling, Draught system, Feed water treatment. Binary Cycles and Cogeneration systems.

UNIT – II DIESEL, GAS TURBINE AND COMBINED CYCLE POWER PLANTS 9

Otto, Diesel, Dual & Brayton Cycle - Analysis & Optimisation. Components of Diesel and Gas Turbine power plants. Combined Cycle Power Plants. Integrated Gasifier based Combined Cycle systems.

UNIT – III NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS 9

Basics of Nuclear Engineering, Layout and subsystems of Nuclear Power Plants, Working of Nuclear Reactors : Boiling Water Reactor (BWR), Pressurized Water Reactor (PWR), CANada Deuterium- Uranium reactor (CANDU), Breeder, Gas Cooled and Liquid Metal Cooled Reactors. Safety measures for Nuclear Power plants.

UNIT – IV POWER FROM RENEWABLE ENERGY 9

Hydro Electric Power Plants — Classification, Typical Layout and associated components including Turbines. Principle, Construction and working of Wind, Tidal, Solar Photo Voltaic (SPV), Solar Thermal, Geo Thermal,Biogas and Fuel Cell power systems.

UNIT – V ENERGY, ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES OF POWER PLANTS 9

Power tariff types, Load distribution parameters, load curve, Comparison of site selection criteria, relative merits & demerits, Capital & Operating Cost of different power plants. Pollution control technologies includingWaste Disposal Options for Coal and Nuclear Power Plants.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Explain the layout, construction and working of the components inside a thermal power plant.
2. Explain the layout, construction and working of the components inside a Diesel, Gas and Combined cycle power plants.
3. Explain the layout, construction and working of the components inside nuclear power plants.
4. Explain the layout, construction and working of the components inside Renewable energy power plants
5. Explain the applications of power plants while extend their knowledge to power plant economics and environmental hazards and estimate the costs of electrical energy production.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nag. P.K., "Power Plant Engineering", Third Edition, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2008.
2. A Textbook of Power Plant Engineeringby R.K. Rajput | 1 January 2016

REFERENCES:

1. El-Wakil. M.M., "Power Plant Technology", Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2010.
2. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable energy", Open University, Oxford University Press in association with the Open University, 2004.
3. Thomas C. Elliott, Kao Chen and Robert C. Swanekamp, "Power Plant Engineering", Second Edition, Standard Handbook of McGraw – Hill, 1998.
4. Power Plant Engineeringby B. Vijaya Ramnath C. Elanchezhian, L. Saravanakumar | 1 November 2019
5. Power Plant Engineering, As per AICTE: Theory and Practice by Dipak Kumar Mandal, Somnath Chakrabarti, et al. | 1 January 2019

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
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3	3	1	1	1		1	3			1		1	2	2	1
4	3	1	1	1		1	3			1		1	2	2	1
5	3	1	1	1		1	3			1		1	2	2	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

154E65B	ENERGY CONSERVATION IN INDUSTRIES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To learn Quantifying the energy demand and energy supply scenario of nation and explaining the need for energy auditing for becoming environmentally benign
2. To Analyzing factors behind energy billing and applying the concept of demand side management for lowering energy costs
3. To learn Computing the stoichiometric air requirement for any given fuel and quantifying the energy losses associated with thermal utilities of industries
4. To Diagnosing the causes for under performance of various electrical utilities and suggesting remedies for improving their efficiency
5. To Applying CUSUM and other financial evaluation techniques to estimating the accruable energy savings/monetary benefits for any energy efficiency project

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION **9**

Energy scenario of World, India and TN - Environmental aspects of Energy Generation — Material and Energy balancing - Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology and Barriers. Role of Energy Managers. Basic instruments for Energy Auditing.

UNIT – II ELECTRICAL SUPPLY SYSTEMS **9**

Electricity Tariff structures – Typical Billing - Demand Side Management - HT and LT supply - Power Factor –Energy conservation in Transformers – Harmonics

UNIT – III ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR THERMAL UTILITIES **9**

Stoichiometry - Combustion principles. Energy conservation in: Boilers - Steam Distribution Systems - Furnaces - Thermic Fluid Heaters — Cooling Towers — D.G. sets. Insulation and Refractories - Waste HeatRecovery Devices.

UNIT – IV ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR ELECTRICAL UTILITIES **9**

Energy conservation in: Motors - Pumps – Fans – Blowers - Compressed Air Systems - Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems - Illumination systems

UNIT – V ENERGY MONITORING, TARGETING, LABELLING AND ECONOMICS **9**

Elements of Monitoring & Targeting System – CUSUM - Energy / Cost index diagram – Energy Labelling -Energy Economics – Cost of production and Life Cycle Costing - Economic evaluation techniques – Discounting
and Non-Discounting - ESCO concept – PAT scheme

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss Quantify the energy demand and energy supply scenario of nation and appreciate the need for energy auditing for becoming environmentally benign
2. Analyse factors behind energy billing and apply the concept of demand side management for lowering energy costs
3. Compute the stoichiometric air requirement for any given fuel and quantify the energy losses associated with thermal utilities of industries
4. Diagnose the causes for under performance of various electrical utilities and suggest remedies for improving their efficiency
5. Apply CUSUM and other financial evaluation techniques to estimate the accruable energy savings/monetary benefits for any energy efficiency project

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Guide book for National Certification Examination for "Energy Managers and Energy Auditors" (4 Volumes). Available at http://www.em-ea.org/gbook1.asp. This website is administered by Bureau ofEnergy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India.
2. K. Nagabhushan Raju, Industrial Energy Conservation Techniques: (concepts, Applications and Case Studies), Atlantic Publishers &Dist, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Abbi Y P, Shashank Jain., Handbook on Energy Audit and Environment Management, TERI Press, 2006.
2. Albert Thumann and Paul Mehta D, “Handbook of Energy Engineering”, 7thEdition, The Fairmont Press, 2013.
3. Murphy.W.R. and McKay.G, “Energy Management”, Butterworth, London 1982.
4. Paul W.O'Callaghan, Design and management for energy conservation: A handbook for energy managers, plant engineers, and designers, Pergamon Press, 1981.
5. Steve Doty, Wayne Turner C, Energy Management Handbook 7th Edition, The Fairmont Press, 2009.

21154E65C	BIOENERGY CONVERSION TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To elucidate on biomass, types, availability, and characteristics

2 To study the bio-methanation process.

3 To impart knowledge on combustion of biofuels

4 To describe on the significance of equivalence ratio on thermochemical conversion ofbiomass

5 To provide insight to the possibilities of producing liquid fuels from biomass

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION **4**

Biomass: types – advantages and drawbacks – typical characteristics – proximate & ultimate analysis – comparison with coal - Indian scenario - carbon neutrality – biomass assessment studies – typical conversion mechanisms - densification technologies

UNIT – II BIOMETHANATION

Biomethenation process – influencing parameters – typical feed stocks – Biogas plants: types and design, Biogas appliances – burner, luminaries and power generation systems – Industrial effluentbased biogas plants.

UNIT – III COMBUSTION **9**

Perfect, complete and incomplete combustion – stoichiometric air requirement for biofuels - equivalence ratio – fixed Bed and fluid Bed combustion

UNIT – IV GASIFICATION, PYROLYSIS AND CARBONISATION **9**

Chemistry of gasification - types – comparison – typical application – performance evaluation – economics. Pyrolysis - Classification - process governing parameters – Typical yield rates. Carbonization – merits of carbonized fuels – techniques adopted for carbonisation

UNIT – V LIQUIFIED BIOFUELS **9**

Straight Vegetable Oil (SVO) as fuel - Biodiesel production from oil seeds, waste oils and algae - Process and chemistry - Biodiesel Vs. Diesel – comparison on emission and performance fronts. Production of alcoholic fuels (methanol and ethanol) from biomass – engine modifications

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Estimate the surplus biomass availability of any given area.
2. Design a biogas plant for a variety of biofuels.
3. Determine and compare the cost of steam generation from biofuels with that of coal and petroleum fuels.
4. Analyse the influence of process governing parameters in thermochemical conversion of biomass. 5. Synthesize liquid biofuels for power generation from biomass.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Biomass for Bioenergy and Biomaterials, by Nidhi Adlakha, Rakesh Bhatnagar , Syed Shams Yazdani, CRC Press; 1st edition (22 October 2021), ISBN-10 : 0367745550

2. Bioenergy and Biochemical Processing Technologies, by Augustine O. Ayeni, Samuel EshorameSanni , Solomon U. Oranusi, Springer (30 June 2022).

REFERENCES:

1. David Boyles, Bio Energy Technology Thermodynamics and costs, Ellis Hoknood Chichester,1984.
2. Iyer PVR et al, Thermochemical Characterization of Biomass, M N E S
3. Khandelwal KC, Mahdi SS, Biogas Technology – A Practical Handbook, Tata McGraw Hill, 1986
4. Mahaeswari, R.C. Bio Energy for Rural Energisation, Concepts Publication,1997
5. Tom B Reed, Biomass Gasification – Principles and Technology, Noyce Data Corporation, 1981

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2				2		3		1			2	3		
2	2	2	3			2	2				2	2	3		
3	2	2	3	2			1				2	2	3	2	
4	2	2	3	2			1				2	2	3	1	
5	2	2	3	2			1				2	2	3	1	
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E65A	GAS DYNAMICS AND JET PROPULSION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To study the fundamentals of compressible flow concepts and the use of gas tables.
2 To learn the compressible flow behaviour in constant area ducts.
3 To study the development of shock waves and its effects.
4 To study the types of jet engines and their performance parameters.
5 To learn the types of rocket engines and their performance parameters.

UNIT – I BASIC CONCEPTS AND ISENTROPIC FLOWS 9

Energy and momentum equations of compressible fluid flows, Concepts of compressible flow – Mach waves and Mach cone. Flow regimes, effect of Mach number on compressibility. Stagnation, static, critical properties and their interrelationship. Isentropic flow and its relations. Isentropic flow through variable area ducts ─nozzles and diffusers. Use of Gas tables.

UNIT – II COMPRESSIBLE FLOW THROUGH DUCTS 9

Flows through constant area ducts with heat transfer (Rayleigh flow) and Friction (Fanno flow) – variation of flow properties. Choking. Isothermal flow with friction. Use of Gas tables.

UNIT – III NORMAL AND OBLIQUE SHOCKS 9

Governing equations - Rankine-Hugoniot Relation. Variation of flow parameters across the normal andoblique shocks. Prandtl ─ Meyer expansion and relation. Use of Gas tables.

UNIT – IV JET PROPULSION 9

Theory of jet propulsion – thrust equation – Performance parameters - thrust, power and efficiency. Operation,cycle analysis and performance of ram jet, turbojet, turbofan, turbo prop and pulse jet engines.

UNIT – V SPACE PROPULSION 9

Types of rocket engines and propellants. Characteristic velocity ─ thrust equation. Theory of single and multistage rocket propulsion. Liquid fuel feeding systems. Solid propellant geometries. Orbital and escape velocity. Rocket performance calculations.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Apply the fundamentals of compressible flow concepts and the use of gas tables.
2. Analyze the compressible flow behaviour in constant area ducts.
3. Analyze the development of shock waves and its effects.
4. Explain the types of jet engines and their performance parameters.
5. Explain the types of rocket engines and their performance parameters.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anderson, J.D., "Modern Compressible flow", Third Edition, McGraw Hill, 2003.
2. S.M. Yahya, "Fundamentals of Compressible Flow with Aircraft and Rocket propulsion", New AgeInternational (P) Limited, 4th Edition, 2012.

REFERENCES

1. R. D. Zucker and O Biblarz, "Fundamentals of Gas Dynamics", 2nd edition, Wiley, 2011.
2. Balachandran, P., "Fundamentals of Compressible Fluid Dynamics", Prentice-Hall of India, 2007.
3. Radhakrishnan, E., "Gas Dynamics", Printice Hall of India, 2006.
4. Hill and Peterson, "Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion", Addison – Wesley, 1965.
5. Babu, V., "Fundamentals of Compressible Flow", CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2008.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	3	2	1	1					1			1	3	1	2
2	3	2	1	1					1			1	3	1	2
3	3	2	1	1					1			1	3	1	2
4	3	2	1	1					1			1	3	1	2
5	3	2	1	1					1			1	3	1	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E65B	OPERATIONAL RESEARCH	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

1. To learn Selecting the constraints on the availability of resources and developing a model andrendering an optimal solution for the given circumstances.
2. To study Appraising the challenges in the transportation and production problems and furnishing a rational solution to maximize the benefits.
3. To learn Planning the purchase/ manufacturing policies, managing the spares/ stocks and meeting the customer demands.
4. To Analysing the queue discipline and exploring the avenues for better customer service.
5. To Investigating the nature of the project and offering methodical assistance towards decision making in maintenance.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND LINEAR PROGRAMMING 9

Operation Research: Definition – Models – Steps – Important topics – Scope - Tools. Linear Programing(LP): Introduction – Concept (Problem mix, Assumption, Properties) –Development (Problem formulation) – Problems in: Graphical method, Simplex methods, Big M method.

UNIT – II TRANSPORTATION, ASSIGNMENT AND PRODUCTION SCHEDULINGPROBLEMS 9

Transportation problems: Introduction, Model, Types — Problems in: Initial Basic (feasible) solution: Northwest Corner Cell method; Least Cost Cell method; Vogel's Approximation method and Optimal solution MODI (U-V) method. Assignment problems: Introduction,Types, Problems in Hungarian method. Production Scheduling problems: Introduction –Problems in Single Machine Scheduling: SPT; WSPT, EDDmethods – Problems inJohnson's Algorithm: n job 2 machines, n job 3 machines.

UNIT – III INVENTORY CONTROL MODELS & SYSTEMS 9

Inventory Control: Introduction, Models – Problems in Purchase and Production(Manufacturing) models with and without shortages – Theory on types of inventory control systems: P& Q, ABC, VED, FNS, XYZ, SDE and HML.

UNIT – IV QUEUING THEORY 9

Queuing Theory: Introduction; Applications; Terminology, Poisson process and exponential distribution – Problems in Single Server and Multi Server Queuing Models –Case study on simulation using Monte Carlotechnique.

UNIT – V PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND REPLACEMENT MODELS 9

Project Management: Introduction; Guidelines for Networking AOA Diagrams – Problems in Critical Path Method (CPM) & Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT) – Differences of CPM & PERT. Replacement Problems: Types – Problems in: Determination of Economic Life of an Asset – Problems in:
Individual and Group Replacement Policies , Apply OR software

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the selection of the constraints on the availability of resources, develop a model and render an optimal solution for the given circumstances.
2. Explain the appraise the challenges in the transportation and production problems and furnish a rational solution to maximize the benefits.
3. Explain plan the purchase/ manufacturing policies, manage the spares/ stocks, and meet the customer demands.
4. Analyze the queue discipline and explore the avenues for better customer service.
5. Investigate the nature of the project and offer methodical assistance towards decision making in maintenance.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pannerselvam R, "Operations Research", 2nd Edition, PHI, 2009.
2. Hamdy A. Taha, "Operations Research an Introduction", 10th Edition, PHI/Pearson Education, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Ravindran, Phillips and Solberg, "Operations Research Principles and Practice", 2nd Edition, Wiley India, 2007.
2. Srinivasan G, "Operations Research Principles and Applications", 3 rd Edition EEEPHI, 2017.
3. Sharma J K, "Operations Research Theory and Applications",5th Edition, Macmillan India, 2013.
4. Premkumar Gupta and D.S.Hira, "Problems in Operations Research", S.Chand,2009.
5. Wayne L. Winston, "Operations Research Applications and Algorithms", 4th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2004.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
4	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
5	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21154E66C	PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1. To introduce the process planning concepts to make cost estimation for various products after process planning
2. To Learn the various Process Planning Activities
3. To provide the knowledge of importance of costing and estimation.
4. To provide the knowledge of estimation of production costing.
5. To learn the knowledge of various Machining time calculations

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION TO PROCESS PLANNING 9

Introduction- methods of process planning-Drawing Interpretation-Material evaluation – steps in process selection-. Production equipment and tooling selection

UNIT – II PROCESS PLANNING ACTIVITIES 9

Process parameters calculation for various production processes-Selection jigs and fixture selection of quality assurance methods - Set of documents for process planning-Economics of process planning- case studies

UNIT – III INTRODUCTION TO COST ESTIMATION 9

Importance of costing and estimation –methods of costing-elements of cost estimation –Types of estimates – Estimating procedure- Estimation labor cost, material cost- allocation of overhead charges- Calculation ofdepreciation cost

UNIT – IV PRODUCTION COST ESTIMATION 9

Estimation of Different Types of Jobs - Estimation of Forging Shop, Estimation of Welding Shop,Estimationof Foundry Shop

UNIT – V MACHINING TIME CALCULATION 9

Estimation of Machining Time - Importance of Machine Time Calculation- Calculation of Machining Time forDifferent Lathe Operations, Drilling and Boring - Machining Time Calculation for Milling,Shaping and Planning
-Machining Time Calculation for Grinding.

Total:45 periods

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discus select the process, equipment and tools for various industrial products.
2. Explain the prepare process planning activity chart.
3. Explain the concept of cost estimation.
4. Compute the job order cost for different type of shop floor.
5. Calculate the machining time for various machining operations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Peter scalon, "Process planning, Design/Manufacture Interface", Elsevier science technology Books, Dec 2002.
2. Sinha B.P, "Mechanical Estimating and Costing", Tata-McGraw Hill publishing co, 1995.

REFERENCES:

1. Chitale A.V. and Gupta R.C., "Product Design and Manufacturing", 2nd Edition, PHI, 2002.
2. Ostwalal P.F. and Munez J., "Manufacturing Processes and systems", 9th Edition, John Wiley,1998.
3. Russell R.S and Tailor B.W, "Operations Management", 4th Edition, PHI, 2003.
4. Mikell P. Groover, "Automation, Production, Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing",Pearson Education 2001.
5. K.C. Jain & L.N. Aggarwal, "Production Planning Control and Industrial Management",KhannaPublishers 1990.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
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2	3	3	2	1					1		1	1	2	1	1
3	3	3	2	2					1		1	1	2	1	1
4	3	3	2	2					1		1	1	2	1	1
5	3	3	2	2					1		1	1	2	1	1
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

MANDATORY COURSES I

21147MC51A INTRODUCTION TO WOMEN AND GENDER STUDIES L T P C
3 0 0 0

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I CONCEPTS
Sex vs. Gender, masculinity, femininity, socialization, patriarchy, public/ private, essentialism, binaryism, power, hegemony, hierarchy, stereotype, gender roles, gender relation, deconstruction, resistance, sexual division of labour.

UNIT II FEMINIST THEORY
Liberal, Marxist, Socialist, Radical, Psychoanalytic, postmodernist, ecofeminist.

UNIT III WOMEN'S MOVEMENTS: GLOBAL, NATIONAL AND LOCAL
Rise of Feminism in Europe and America.
Women's Movement in India.

UNIT IV GENDER AND LANGUAGE
Linguistic Forms and Gender.
Gender and narratives.

UNIT V GENDER AND REPRESENTATION
Advertising and popular visual media.

Gender and Representation in Alternative Media.
Gender and social media.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

21147MC51B DISASTER MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To impart knowledge on concepts related to disaster, disaster risk reduction, disaster management
- To acquaint with the skills for planning and organizing disaster response

UNIT I HAZRADS, VULNERABILITY AND DISASTER RISKS 9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Types of Disasters: Natural, Human induced, Climate change induced –Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc – Technological disasters- Structural collapse, Industrial accidents, oil spills -Causes, Impacts including social, Economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Disaster vulnerability profile of India and Tamil Nadu - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, Complex emergencies, -
-, Inter relations between Disasters and Sustainable development Goals

UNIT II DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR) 9

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction**,** Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community Based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions / Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stakeholders- Early Warning System — Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.- Relevance of indigenous Knowledge, appropriate technology and Local resources.

UNIT III DISASTER MANAGEMENT 9

Components of Disaster Management – Preparedness of rescue and relief, mitigation, rehabilitation and reconstruction- Disaster Risk Management and post disaster management – Compensation and Insurance- Disaster Management Act (2005) and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmers and legislation - Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level- (NDMA –SDMA-DDMA-NRDF- Civic Volunteers)

UNIT IV TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT 9

Early warning systems -Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, – Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster — Disaster Damage Assessment. - Elements of Climate Resilient Development –Standard operation Procedure for disaster response – Financial planning for disaster Management

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: CASE STUDIES 9

Discussion on selected case studies to analyse the potential impacts and actions in the contest of disasters-Landslide Hazard Zonation: Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.- Field work-Mock drill -

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1 Taimpo (2016), Disaster Management and Preparedness, CRC Publications
2 Singh R (2017), Disaster Management Guidelines for earthquakes, Landslides, Avalanches and tsunami, Horizon Press Publications
3 Singhal J.P. “Disaster Management”, Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423
4 Tushar Bhattacharya, “Disaster Science and Management”, McGraw Hill India Education

Pvt.Ltd., 2012. **ISBN-10:** 1259007367, **ISBN-13:** 978-1259007361]

REFERENCES

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005.
2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009.
3. Shaw R (2016), Community based Disaster risk reduction, Oxford University Press

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: To impart knowledge on the concepts of Disaster, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk reduction (DRR)

CO2: To enhance understanding on Hazards, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk Assessment prevention and risk reduction

CO3: To develop disaster response skills by adopting relevant tools and technology

CO4: Enhance awareness of institutional processes for Disaster response in the country and

CO5: Develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential Disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
3	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
4	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	1
5	3	3	2	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	3	-	1
AVG	3	3	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	1

MANDATORY COURSES II

21147MC61A WELL-BEING WITH TRADITIONAL PRACTICES-YOGA, AYURVEDA AND SIDDHA **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To enjoy life happily with fun filled new style activities that help to maintain health also
- To adapt a few lifestyle changes that will prevent many health disorders
- To be cool and handbill every emotion very smoothly in every walk of life
- To learn to eat cost effective but healthy foods that are rich in essential nutrients
- To develop immunity naturally that will improve resistance against many health disorders

UNIT I HEALTH AND ITS IMPORTANCE **2+4**

Health: Definition - Importance of maintaining health - More importance on prevention than treatment

Ten types of health one has to maintain - Physical health - Mental health - Social health - Financial health - Emotional health - Spiritual health - Intellectual health - Relationship health - Environmentalhealth - Occupational/Professional heath.

Present health status - The life expectancy-present status - mortality rate - dreadful diseases - Non-communicable diseases (NCDs) the leading cause of death - 60% - heart disease – cancer – diabetes - chronic pulmonary diseases - risk factors – tobacco – alcohol - unhealthy diet - lack ofphysical activities.

Types of diseases and disorders - Lifestyle disorders – Obesity – Diabetes - Cardiovascular diseases – Cancer – Strokes – COPD - Arthritis - Mental health issues.

Causes of the above diseases / disorders - Importance of prevention of illness - Takes care of health - Improves quality of life - Reduces absenteeism - Increase satisfaction - Saves time

Simple lifestyle modifications to maintain health - Healthy Eating habits (Balanced diet according to age) Physical Activities (Stretching exercise, aerobics, resisting exercise) - Maintaining BMI-Importance and actions to be taken

UNIT II DIET **4+6**

Role of diet in maintaining health - energy one needs to keep active throughout the day - nutrients one needs for growth and repair - helps one to stay strong and healthy - helps to prevent diet-related illness, such as some cancers - keeps active and - helps one to maintain a healthy weight - helps to reduce risk of developing lifestyle disorders like diabetes — arthritis — hypertension — PCOD — infertility – ADHD – sleeplessness -helps to reduce the risk of heart diseases - keeps the teeth and bones strong.

Balanced Diet and its 7 Components - Carbohydrates – Proteins – Fats – Vitamins – Minerals -Fibre and Water.

Food additives and their merits & demerits - Effects of food additives - Types of food additives - Food additives and processed foods - Food additives and their reactions

Definition of BMI and maintaining it with diet

Importance - Consequences of not maintaining BMI - different steps to maintain optimal BM

Common cooking mistakes

Different cooking methods, merits and demerits of each method

UNIT III ROLE OF AYURVEDA & SIDDHA SYSTEMS IN MAINTAINING HEALTH 4+4

AYUSH systems and their role in maintaining health - preventive aspect of AYUSH - AYUSH asa soft therapy.

Secrets of traditional healthy living - Traditional Diet and Nutrition - Regimen of Personal and Social Hygiene - Daily routine (Dinacharya) - Seasonal regimens (Ritucharya) - basic sanitation and healthy living environment - Sadvritta (good conduct) - for conducive social life.

Principles of Siddha & Ayurveda systems - Macrocosm and Microcosm theory - Pancheekarana Theory / **(**Five Element Theory) 96 fundamental Principles - Uyir Thathukkal **(**Tri-Dosha Theory) - Udal Thathukkal

Prevention of illness with our traditional system of medicine
Primary Prevention - To decrease the number of new cases of a disorder or illness - Health promotion/education, and - Specific protective measures - Secondary Prevention - To lower the rate of established cases of a disorder or illness in the population (prevalence) - Tertiary Prevention - To decrease the amount of disability associated with an existing disorder.

UNIT IV MENTAL WELLNESS 3+4

Emotional health - Definition and types - Three key elements: the subjective experience - the physiological response - the behavioral response - Importance of maintaining emotional health - Role of emotions in daily life -Short term and long term effects of emotional disturbances - Leading a healthy life with emotions - Practices for emotional health - Recognize how thoughts influence emotions - Cultivate positive thoughts - Practice self-compassion - Expressing a full range of emotions.

Stress management - Stress definition - Stress in daily life - How stress affects one's life - Identifying the cause of stress - Symptoms of stress - Managing stress (habits, tools, training, professional help) - Complications of stress mismanagement.

Sleep - Sleep and its importance for mental wellness - Sleep and digestion.
Immunity - Types and importance - Ways to develop immunity

UNIT V YOGA 2+12

Definition and importance of yoga - Types of yoga - How to Choose the Right Kind for individuals according to their age - The Eight Limbs of Yoga - Simple yogasanas for cure and prevention of health disorders - What yoga can bring to our life.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nutrition and Dietetics - Ashley Martin, Published by White Word Publications,New York, NY 10001, USA
2. Yoga for Beginners_ 35 Simple Yoga Poses to Calm Your Mind and Strengthen Your Body,by Cory Martin, Copyright © 2015 by Althea Press, Berkeley, California

REFERENCES:

1. WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE How It Affects Learning, Work, Relationships, and Our Mental Health, by Moshe Zeidner, Gerald Matthews, and Richard D. Roberts
   A Bradford Book, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, England
2. The Mindful Self-Compassion Workbook, Kristin Neff, Ph.D Christopher Germer, Ph.D, Published by The Guilford Press A Division of Guilford Publications, Inc.370 Seventh Avenue,Suite 1200, New York, NY 10001
   1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4799645/
   2. **Simple lifestyle modifications to maintain health** https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/diet-nutrition/changing-habits-better-health#:~:text=Make%20your%20new%20healthy%20habit,t%20have%20time%20to%20cook.
   3. **Read more**: https://www.legit.ng/1163909-classes-food-examples-functions.html
   4. https://www.yaclass.in/p/science-state-board/class-9/nutrition-and-health-5926
   5. **Benefits of healthy eating** https://www.cdc.gov/nutrition/resources-publications/benefits-of-healthy-eating.html
   6. **Food additives** https://www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/conditionsandtreatments/food-additives
   7. **BMI** https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/nutritionsource/healthy-weight/ https://www.who.int/europe/news-room/fact-sheets/item/a-healthy-lifestyle---who- recommendations
   8. **Yoga** https://www.healthifyme.com/blog/types-of-yoga/https://yogamedicine.com/guide-types-yoga-styles/
      Ayurveda : https://vikaspedia.in/health/ayush/ayurveda-1/concept-of-healthy-living-in-ayurveda
   9. **Siddha** : http://www.tkdl.res.in/tkdl/langdefault/Siddha/Sid_Siddha_Concepts.asp
   10. **CAM :** https://www.hindawi.com/journals/ecam/2013/376327/
   11. **Preventive** herbs : https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3847409/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, the students will be able to:

- Learn the importance of different components of health
- Gain confidence to lead a healthy life
- Learn new techniques to prevent lifestyle health disorders
- Understand the importance of diet and workouts in maintaining health

21147MC61B **Safety in Engineering Industry** **L T P C**
3 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- To Understand the Introduction and basic Terminologies safety.
- To enable the students to learn about the Important Statutory Regulations and standards.
- To enable students to Conduct and participate the various Safety activities in the Industry.
- To have knowledge about Workplace Exposures and Hazards.
- To assess the various Hazards and consequences through various Risk Assessment Techniques.

UNIT I SAFETY TERMINOLOGIES

Hazard-Types of Hazard- Risk-Hierarchy of Hazards Control Measures-Lead indicators- lag Indicators-Flammability- Toxicity Time-weighted Average (TWA) - Threshold LimitValue (TLV) - Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)- Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH)- acute and chronic Effects- Routes of Chemical Entry-Personnel Protective Equipment- Health and Safety Policy-Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS

UNIT II STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

Indian Factories Act-1948- Health- Safety- Hazardous materials and Welfare- ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) - Occupational Safety and Health Audit IS14489:1998-Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis- code of practice IS 15656:2006

UNIT III SAFETY ACTIVITIES

Toolbox Talk- Role of safety Committee- Responsibilities of Safety Officers and Safety Representatives- Safety Training and Safety Incentives- Mock Drills- On-site Emergency Action Plan- Off-site Emergency Action Plan- Safety poster and Display- Human Error Assessment

UNIT IV WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY

Noise hazard- Particulate matter- musculoskeletal disorder improper sitting poster and lifting Ergonomics RULE & REBA- Unsafe act & Unsafe Condition- Electrical Hazards- Crane Safety-Toxic gas Release

UNIT V HAZARD IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES

Job Safety Analysis-Preliminary Hazard Analysis-Failure mode and Effects Analysis- Hazard and Operability- Fault Tree Analysis- Event Tree Analysis Qualitative and Quantitative Risk Assessment-Checklist Analysis- Root cause analysis- What-If Analysis- and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment

Course outcomes on completion of this course the student will be able:

- Understand the basic concept of safety.
- Obtain knowledge of Statutory Regulations and standards.
- Know about the safety Activities of the Working Place.
- Analyze on the impact of Occupational Exposures and their Remedies
- Obtain knowledge of Risk Assessment Techniques.

TEXTBOOKS

1. R.K. Jain and Prof. Sunil S. Rao Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems KHANNA PUBLISHER
2. L. M. Deshmukh Industrial Safety Management: Hazard Identification and Risk ControlMcGraw-Hill Education

REFERENCES

1. Frank Lees (2012) 'Lees' Loss Prevention in Process Industries.Butterworth-Heinemann publications, UK, 4th Edition.
2. John Ridley & John Channing (2008)Safety at Work: Routledge, 7th Edition.
3. Dan Petersen (2003) Techniques of Safety Management: A System Approach.
4. Alan Waring.(1996).Safety management system: Chapman &Hall,England
5. Society of Safety Engineers, USA

ONLINE RESOURCES

ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) International Organization for Standardization https://www.iso.org/standard/63787.html

Indian Standard code of practice on occupational safety and health audit https://law.resource.org/pub/in/bis/S02/is.14489.1998.pdf

Indian Standard code of practice on Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis IS 15656:2006 https://law.resource.org/pub/in/bis/S02/is.15656.2006.pdf

Course Outcomes	**Statement**	**Program Outcome**														
		PO 1	**PO 2**	**PO 3**	**PO 4**	**PO 5**	**PO 6**	**PO 7**	**PO 8**	**PO 9**	**PO 10**	**PO 11**	**PO 12**	**PS O1**	**PS O2**	**PS O3**
CO1	Understand the basic concept of safety.	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	Obtain knowledge of Statutory Regulations and standards.	2	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	Know about the safety Activities of the Working Place.	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	3
CO4	Analyze on the impact of Occupational Exposures and their Remedies	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	Obtain knowledge of Risk Assessment Techniques.	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3

OPEN ELECTIVE I AND II

21150OE72A ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING FUNDAMENTALS

L T P C
2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:
The main objectives of this course are to:
1. Understand the importance, principles, and search methods of AI
2. Provide knowledge on predicate logic and Prolog.
3. Introduce machine learning fundamentals
4. Study of supervised learning algorithms.
5. Study about unsupervised learning algorithms.

UNIT I INTELLIGENT AGENT AND UNINFORMED SEARCH 6

Introduction - Foundations of AI - History of AI - The state of the art - Risks and Benefits of AI - **Intelligent Agents** - Nature of Environment - Structure of Agent - Problem Solving Agents - Formulating Problems - **Uninformed Search** - Breadth First Search - Dijkstra's algorithm or uniform-cost search - Depth First Search - Depth Limited Search

UNIT II PROBLEM SOLVING WITH SEARCH TECHNIQUES 6

Informed Search - Greedy Best First - A* algorithm - Adversarial Game and Search - **Game theory** - Optimal decisions in game - Min Max Search algorithm - Alpha-beta pruning - **Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSP)** - Examples - Map Coloring - Job Scheduling - Backtracking Search for CSP

UNIT III LEARNING 6

Machine Learning: Definitions ― Classification - Regression - approaches of machine learning models - Types of learning - Probability - Basics - Linear Algebra – Hypothesis space and inductive bias, Evaluation. Training and test sets, cross validation, Concept of over fitting, under fitting, Bias and Variance - **Regression**: Linear Regression - Logistic Regression

UNIT IV SUPERVISED LEARNING 6

Neural Network: Introduction, Perceptron Networks ― Adaline - Back propagation networks - **Decision Tree:** Entropy ― Information gain - Gini Impurity - classification algorithm - Rule basedClassification - **Naïve Bayesian classification** - **Support Vector Machines** (SVM)

UNIT V UNSUPERVISED LEARNING 6

Unsupervised Learning – Principle Component Analysis - **Neural Network**: Fixed Weight Competitive Nets - Kohonen Self-Organizing Feature Maps – **Clustering**: Definition - Types of Clustering – Hierarchical clustering algorithms – k-means algorithm

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

Programs for Problem solving with Search

1. Implement breadth first search
2. Implement depth first search
3. Analysis of breadth first and depth first search in terms of time and space
4. Implement and compare Greedy and A* algorithms.

Supervised learning

5. Implement the non-parametric locally weighted regression algorithm in order to fit data points.Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs
6. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based algorithm.
7. Build an artificial neural network by implementing the back propagation algorithm and test

thesame using appropriate data sets.

8. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier.

Unsupervised learning

9. Implementing neural network using self-organizing maps
10. Implementing k-Means algorithm to cluster a set of data.
11. Implementing hierarchical clustering

algorithm.Note:

- Installation of gnu-prolog, Study of Prolog (gnu-prolog).
- The programs can be implemented in using C++/JAVA/ Python or appropriate tools can beused by designing good user interface
- Data sets can be taken from standard repositories (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html) or constructed by the students.

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the foundations of AI and the structure of Intelligent Agents
CO2: Use appropriate search algorithms for any AI problem
CO3: Study of learning methods
CO4: Solving problem using Supervised learning
CO5: Solving problem using Unsupervised learning

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. Russell and P. Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", Prentice Hall, FourthEdition, 2021
2. S.N.Sivanandam and S.N.Deepa, Principles of soft computing-Wiley India.3 rd ed,

REFERENCES

1. Machine Learning. Tom Mitchell. First Edition, McGraw- Hill, 1997.
2. I. Bratko, "Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence‖, Fourth edition, Addison-WesleyEducational Publishers Inc., 2011.
3. C. Muller & Sarah Alpaydin, Ethem. Introduction to machine learning. MIT press, 2020.

21150OE61A IOT CONCEPTS AND APPLICATIONS

L T P C
2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To apprise students with basic knowledge of IoT that paves a platform to understand physical and logical design of IOT
- To teach a student how to analyse requirements of various communication models and protocols for cost-effective design of IoT applications on different IoT platforms.
- To introduce the technologies behind Internet of Things(IoT).
- To explain the students how to code for an IoT application using Arduino/Raspberry Pi open platform.
- To apply the concept of Internet of Things in real world scenario.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS 5

Evolution of Internet of Things – Enabling Technologies – IoT Architectures: oneM2M, IoT WorldForum (IoTWF) and Alternative IoT Models – Simplified IoT Architecture and Core IoT FunctionalStack — Fog, Edge and Cloud in IoT

UNIT II COMPONENTS IN INTERNET OF THINGS 5

Functional Blocks of an IoT Ecosystem – Sensors, Actuators, and Smart Objects – Control Units -Communication modules (Bluetooth, Zigbee,Wifi, GPS, GSM Modules)

UNIT III PROTOCOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES BEHIND IOT 6

IOT Protocols - IPv6, 6LoWPAN, MQTT, CoAP - RFID, Wireless Sensor Networks, BigData Analytics, Cloud Computing, Embedded Systems.

UNIT IV OPEN PLATFORMS AND PROGRAMMING 7

IOT deployment for Raspberry Pi /Arduino platform-Architecture –Programming – Interfacing – Accessing GPIO Pins – Sending and Receiving Signals Using GPIO Pins – Connecting to the Cloud.

UNIT V IOT APPLICATIONS 7

Business models for the internet of things, Smart city, Smart mobility and transport, Industrial IoT, Smart health, Environment monitoring and surveillance – Home Automation – Smart Agriculture

30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Introduction to Arduino platform and programming
2. Interfacing Arduino to Zigbee module
3. Interfacing Arduino to GSM module
4. Interfacing Arduino to Bluetooth Module
5. Introduction to Raspberry PI platform and python programming
6. Interfacing sensors to Raspberry PI
7. Communicate between Arduino and Raspberry PI using any wireless medium
8. Setup a cloud platform to log the data
9. Log Data using Raspberry PI and upload to the cloud platform
10. Design an IOT based system

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

CO 1: Explain the concept of IoT.
CO 2: Understand the communication models and various protocols for IoT.
CO 3: Design portable IoT using Arduino/Raspberry Pi /open platform
CO 4: Apply data analytics and use cloud offerings related to IoT.
CO 5: Analyze applications of IoT in real time scenario.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Robert Barton, Patrick Grossetete, David Hanes, Jerome Henry, Gonzalo Salgueiro, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things", CISCO Press, 2017
2. Samuel Greengard, The Internet of Things, The MIT Press, 2015

REFERENCES

1. Perry Lea, "Internet of things for architects", Packt, 2018
2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi , "The Internet of Things – Keyapplications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012
3. IOT (Internet of Things) Programming: A Simple and Fast Way of Learning, IOT Kindle Edition.
4. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet ofThings", Springer, 2011.
5. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things — A hands-on approach", UniversitiesPress, 2015
6. https://www.arduino.cc/
   https://www.ibm.com/smarterplanet/us/en/?ca=v_smarterplanet

211500E75B **DATA SCIENCE FUNDAMENTALS** **L T P C**

2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Familiarize students with the data science process.
- Understand the data manipulation functions in Numpy and Pandas.
- Explore different types of machine learning approaches.
- Understand and practice visualization techniques using tools.
- Learn to handle large volumes of data with case studies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **6**

Data Science: Benefits and uses – facets of data - Data Science Process: Overview – Defining research goals – Retrieving data – data preparation - Exploratory Data analysis – build the model –presenting findings and building applications - Data Mining - Data Warehousing – Basic statistical descriptions of Data

UNIT II DATA MANIPULATION **9**

Python Shell - Jupyter Notebook - IPython Magic Commands - NumPy Arrays-Universal Functions – Aggregations – Computation on Arrays – Fancy Indexing – Sorting arrays – Structured data – Data manipulation with Pandas – Data Indexing and Selection – Handling missing data – Hierarchical indexing – Combining datasets – Aggregation and Grouping – String operations – Working with time series ― High performance

UNIT III MACHINE LEARNING **5**

The modeling process - Types of machine learning - Supervised learning - Unsupervised learning - Semi-supervised learning- Classification, regression - Clustering – Outliers and Outlier Analysis

UNIT IV DATA VISUALIZATION **5**

Importing Matplotlib – Simple line plots – Simple scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – Histograms – legends – colors – subplots – text and annotation – customization –three dimensional plotting - Geographic Data with Basemap - Visualization with Seaborn

UNIT V HANDLING LARGE DATA **5**

Problems - techniques for handling large volumes of data - programming tips for dealing with large data sets- Case studies: Predicting malicious URLs, Building a recommender system - Tools and techniques needed - Research question - Data preparation - Model building ― Presentation and automation

30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: **30 PERIODS**

LAB EXERCISES

1. Download, install and explore the features of Python for data analytics.
2. Working with Numpy arrays
3. Working with Pandas data frames
4. Basic plots using Matplotlib
5. Statistical and Probability measures
    a) Frequency distributions
    b) Mean, Mode, Standard Deviation
    c) Variability
    d) Normal curves
    e) Correlation and scatter plots
    f) Correlation coefficient
    g) Regression

6. Use the standard benchmark data set for performing the following:

a) Univariate Analysis: Frequency, Mean, Median,
Mode, Variance, Standard Deviation,Skewness and
Kurtosis.

b) Bivariate Analysis: Linear and logistic regression modelling.

7. Apply supervised learning algorithms and unsupervised learning algorithms on any data set.
8. Apply and explore various plotting functions on any data set.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Gain knowledge on data science process.
CO2: Perform data manipulation functions using Numpy and Pandas.
CO3 Understand different types of machine learning approaches.
CO4: Perform data visualization using tools.
CO5: Handle large volumes of data in practical scenarios.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Manning Publications, 2016.
2. Jake VanderPlas, “Python Data Science Handbook”, O’Reilly, 2016.

REFERENCES

1. Robert S. Witte and John S. Witte, “Statistics”, Eleventh Edition, Wiley Publications, 2017.
2. Allen B. Downey, “Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python”, Green Tea

21150OE66B AUGMENTED REALITY /VIRTUAL REALITY L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart the fundamental aspects and principles of AR/VR technologies.
- To know the internals of the hardware and software components involved in the development of AR/VR enabled applications.
- To learn about the graphical processing units and their architectures.
- To gain knowledge about AR/VR application development.
- To know the technologies involved in the development of AR/VR based applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 7

Introduction to Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality – Definition – Introduction to Trajectories and Hybrid Space-Three I's of Virtual Reality – Virtual Reality Vs 3D Computer Graphics – Benefits of Virtual Reality – Components of VR System – Introduction to AR-AR Technologies-Input Devices – 3D Position Trackers – Types of Trackers – Navigation and Manipulation Interfaces – Gesture Interfaces – Types of Gesture Input Devices – Output Devices – Graphics Display – Human Visual System – Personal Graphics Displays – Large Volume Displays – Sound Displays – Human Auditory System**.**

UNIT II VR MODELING 6

Modeling – Geometric Modeling – Virtual Object Shape – Object Visual Appearance – Kinematics Modeling – Transformation Matrices – Object Position – Transformation Invariants – Object Hierarchies — Viewing the 3D World — Physical Modeling — Collision Detection — Surface Deformation – Force Computation – Force Smoothing and Mapping – Behavior Modeling – Model Management.

UNIT III VR PROGRAMMING 6

VR Programming – Toolkits and Scene Graphs – World ToolKit – Java 3D – Comparison of World ToolKit and Java 3D

UNIT IV APPLICATIONS 6

Human Factors in VR – Methodology and Terminology – VR Health and Safety Issues – VR and Society-Medical Applications of VR – Education, Arts and Entertainment – Military VR Applications

– Emerging Applications of VR – VR Applications in Manufacturing – Applications of VR in Robotics – Information Visualization – VR in Business – VR in Entertainment – VR in Education.

UNIT V AUGMENTED REALITY 5

Introduction to Augmented Reality-Computer vision for AR-Interaction-Modelling and Annotation-Navigation-Wearable devices

30 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: **30 PERIODS**

1. Study of tools like Unity, Maya, 3DS MAX, AR toolkit, Vuforia and Blender.
2. Use the primitive objects and apply various projection types by handling camera.
3. Download objects from asset store and apply various lighting and shading effects.
4. Model three dimensional objects using various modelling techniques and apply textures over them.
5. Create three dimensional realistic scenes and develop simple virtual reality enabled mobile applications which have limited interactivity.
6. Add audio and text special effects to the developed application.
7. Develop VR enabled applications using motion trackers and sensors incorporating full haptic interactivity.
8. Develop AR enabled applications with interactivity like E learning environment, Virtualwalkthroughs and visualization of historic places.
9. Develop AR enabled simple applications like human anatomy visualization, DNA/RNA structure visualization and surgery simulation.
10. Develop simple MR enabled gaming applications.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of AR and VR

CO2: Understand the tools and technologies related to AR/VR

CO3: Know the working principle of AR/VR related Sensor devices**CO4:** Design of various models using modeling techniques

CO5: Develop AR/VR applications in different domains

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Charles Palmer, John Williamson, "Virtual Reality Blueprints: Create compelling VR experiences for mobile", Packt Publisher, 2018
2. Dieter Schmalstieg, Tobias Hollerer, "Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice", AddisonWesley, 2016
3. John Vince, "Introduction to Virtual Reality", Springer-Verlag, 2004.
4. William R. Sherman, Alan B. Craig: Understanding Virtual Reality – Interface, Application,Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2003

OPEN ELCTIVE III

21150E76A ENGLISH FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Students aspiring to take up competitive exams of which the English language is a vital component will find this course useful. Designed for students in the higher semesters, the course will help students to familiarise themselves with those aspects of English that are tested in these examinations.

Objectives:

- To train the students in the language components essential to face competitive examinations both at the national (UPSC, Banking, Railway, Defence) and the international level (GRE, TOEFL, IELTS).
- To enhance an awareness of the specific patterns in language testing and the respective skillsto tackle verbal reasoning and verbal ability tests.
- To inculcate effective practices in language-learning in order to improve accuracy in usage ofgrammar and coherence in writing.
- To improve students' confidence to express their ideas and opinions in formal contexts
- To create awareness of accuracy and precision in communication

UNIT I **9**

Orientation on different formats of competitive exams - Vocabulary – Verbal ability – Verbal reasoning - Exploring the world of words – Essential words – Meaning and their usage – Synonyms- antonyms – Word substitution – Word analogy – Idioms and phrases – Commonly confused words-Spellings – Word expansion – New words in use.

UNIT II **9**

Grammar – Sentence improvement –Sentence completion – Rearranging phrases into sentences – Error identification –Tenses – Prepositions – Adjectives – Adverbs – Subject-verb agreement – Voice– Reported speech – Articles – Clauses – Speech patterns.

UNIT III **9**

Reading - Specific information and detail – Identifying main and supporting ideas – Speed reading techniques – Improving global reading skills – Linking ideas – Summarising – Understanding argument – Identifying opinion/attitude and making inferences - Critical reading.

UNIT IV **9**

Writing – Pre-writing techniques – Mindmap - Describing pictures and facts - Paragraph structure – organising points – Rhetoric writing – Improving an answer – Drafting, writing and developing an argument – Focus on cohesion – Using cohesive devices –Analytic writing – Structure and types of essay — Mind maps — Structure of drafts, letters, memos, emails — Statements of Purpose — Structure, Content and Style.

UNIT V **9**

Listening and Speaking – Contextual listening – Listening to instructions – Listening for specific information – Identifying detail, main ideas – Following signpost words – Stress, rhythm and intonation - Speaking to respond and elicit ideas – Guided speaking – Opening phrases – Interactive communication – Dysfluency -Sentence stress – Speaking on a topic – Giving opinions – Giving anoral presentation – Telling a story or a personal anecdote – Talking about oneself - Utterance – Speech acts- Brainstorming ideas – Group discussion.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

- At the end of the course, learners will be able
- Expand their vocabulary and gain practical techniques to read and comprehend a wide rangeof texts with the emphasis required
- Identify errors with precision and write with clarity and coherence
- Understand the importance of task fulfilment and the usage of task-appropriate vocabulary
- Communicate effectively in group discussions, presentations and interviews
- Write topic based essays with precision and accuracy

CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	-	-	-
2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
AVg.	**2**	**2.6**	**2.6**	**2**	**2.6**	**2.6**	**2.6**	**2.6**	**2**	**3**	**2.4**	**3**	**-**	**-**	**-**

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

Teaching Methods:

Instructional methods will involve discussions, taking mock tests on various question papers — Objective, multiple-choice and descriptive. Peer evaluation, self-check on improvement and peer feedback - Practice sessions on speaking assessments, interview and discussion — Using multimedia.

Evaluative Pattern:

Internal Tests – 50%
End Semester Exam - 50%

TEXTBOOKS:

1. R.P.Bhatnagar - *General English for Competitive Examinations.* Macmillan India Limited, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Educational Testing Service - The Official Guide to the GRE Revised General Test, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
2. The Official Guide to the TOEFL Test, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
3. R Rajagopalan- General English for Competitive Examinations, McGraw Hill Education (India)Private Limited, 2008.

Websites

http://www.examenglish.com/, http://www.ets.org/ , http://www.bankxams.com/
http://civilservicesmentor.com/, http://www.educationobserver.com
http://www.cambridgeenglish.org/in/

21152OE73B **SPACE ENGINEERING** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Use the standard atmosphere tables and equations.
- Find lift and drag coefficient data from NACA plots.
- Apply the concept of static stability to flight vehicles.
- Describe the concepts of stress, strain, Young's modulus, Poisson's ratio, yield strength.
- Demonstrate a basic knowledge of dynamics relevant to orbital mechanics.

UNIT I STANDARD ATMOSPHERE 6

History of aviation – standard atmosphere - pressure, temperature and density altitude.

UNIT II AERODYNAMICS 10

Aerodynamic forces – Lift generation Viscosity and its implications - Shear stress in a velocity profile - Lagrangian and Eulerian flow field - Concept of a streamline – Aircraft terminology and geometry - Aircraft types - Lift and drag coefficients using NACA data.

UNIT III PERFORMANCE AND PROPULSION 9

Viscous and pressure drag - flow separation - aerodynamic drag - thrust calculations -thrust/power available and thrust/power required.

UNIT IV AIRCRAFT STABILITY AND STRUCTURAL THEORY 10

Degrees of freedom of aircraft motions - stable, unstable and neutral stability - concept of static stability - Hooke's Law- brittle and ductile materials - moment of inertia - section modulus.

UNIT V SPACE APPLICATIONS 10

History of space research - spacecraft trajectories and basic orbital manoeuvres - six orbital elements - Kepler's laws of orbits - Newtons law of gravitation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Illustrate the history of aviation & developments over the years
- Ability to identify the types & classifications of components and control systems
- Explain the basic concepts of flight & Physical properties of Atmosphere
- Identify the types of fuselage and constructions.
- Distinguish the types of Engines and explain the principles of Rocket

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John D. Anderson, Introduction to Flight, 8 th Ed., McGraw-Hill Education, New York,2015.
2. E Rathakrishnan, "Introduction to Aerospace Engineering: Basic Principles of Flight", John Wiley,NJ, 2021.
3. Stephen. A. Brandt, " Introduction to Aeronautics: A design perspective " AmericanInstitute of Aeronautics & Astronautics,1997.

REFERENCE:

1. Kermode, A.C., "Mechanics of Flight", Himalayan Book, 1997.

21154OE73B INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce fundamental concepts of industrial management
- To understand the approaches to the study of Management
- To learn about Decision Making, Organizing and leadership
- To analyze the Managerial Role and functions
- To know about the Supply Chain Management'

UNIT 1 INTRODUCTION 9

Technology Management - Definition - Functions - Evolution of Modern Management - Scientific Management Development of Management Thought. Approaches to the study of Management, Forms of Organization -Individual Ownership - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Co-operative Enterprises - Public Sector Undertakings, Corporate Frame Work- Share Holders - Board of Directors - Committees - Chief Executive Line and Functional Managers,-Financial-Legal-Trade Union

UNIT 2 FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT 9

Planning - Nature and Purpose - Objectives - Strategies — Policies and Planning Premises - Decision Making - Organizing - Nature and Process - Premises - Departmentalization - Line and staff - Decentralization -Organizational culture, Staffing - selection and training .Placement - Performance appraisal - Career Strategy — Organizational Development. Leading - Managing human factor - Leadership .Communication, Controlling - Process of Controlling - Controlling techniques, productivity and operations management - Preventive control, Industrial Safety.

UNIT 3 ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR 9

Definition - Organization - Managerial Role and functions -Organizational approaches, Individual behaviour - causes - Environmental Effect - Behaviour and Performance, Perception - Organizational Implications. Personality - Contributing factors - Dimension — Need Theories - Process Theories - Job Satisfaction, Learning and Behaviour-Learning Curves, Work Design and appaches.

UNIT 4 GROUPDYNAMICS 9

Group Behaviour - Groups - Contributing factors - Group Norms, Communication - Process - Barriers to communication - Effective communication, leadership - formal and informal characteristics — Managerial Grid - Leadership styles - Group Decision Making - Leadership Role in Group Decision,Group Conflicts - Types -Causes - Conflict Resolution -Inter group relations and conflict, Organization centralization and decentralization - Formal and informal - Organizational Structures Organizational Change and Development -Change Process — Resistance to Change - Culture and Ethics.

UNIT 5 MODERN CONCEPTS 9

Management by Objectives (MBO) - Management by Exception (MBE),Strategic Management - Planning for Future direction - SWOT Analysis -Evolving development strategies, information technology in management Decisions support system-Management Games Business Process Re-engineering(BPR) –Enterprises Resource Planning (ERP) - Supply Chain Management (SCM) - Activity Based Management (AM) - Global Perspective - Principles and Steps Advantages and disadvantage

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of industrial management
CO2: Identify the group conflicts and its causes.
CO3: Perform swot analysis
CO4 : Analyze the learning curves
CO5 : Understand the placement and performance appraisal

REFERENCES:

Maynard H.B, "Industrial Engineering Hand book", McGraw-Hill, sixth 2008

CO's – PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	2	1											2	1	
2		3	2	3											2
3	2	3	2	3									1	2	3
4	2	2	3	3										3	3
5	2	2											2		
AVg.	2	2.2	2.3	3									1.8	2	2.6

21154OE73A INTRODUCTION TO NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Understanding the basic importance of NDT in quality assurance.
- Imbibing the basic principles of various NDT techniques, its applications, limitations, codes andstandards.
- Equipping themselves to locate a flaw in various materials, products.
- Applying apply the testing methods for inspecting materials in accordance with industryspecifications and standards.
- Acquiring the knowledge on the selection of the suitable NDT technique for a given application

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO NDT & VISUAL TESTING 9

Concepts of Non-destructive testing-relative merits and limitations-NDT Versus mechanical testing,Fundamentals of Visual Testing – vision, lighting, material attributes, environmental factors, visual perception, direct and indirect methods – mirrors, magnifiers, boroscopes and fibroscopes – lightsources and special lighting.

UNIT II LIQUID PENETRANT & MAGNETIC PARTICLE TESTING 9

Liquid Penetrant Inspection: principle, applications, advantages and limitations, dyes, developers and cleaners, Methods & Interpretation.

Magnetic Particle Inspection: Principles, applications, magnetization methods, magnetic particles, Testing Procedure, demagnetization, advantages and limitations, – Interpretation and evaluation of test indications.

UNIT III EDDY CURRENT TESTING & THERMOGRAPHY 9

Eddy Current Testing: Generation of eddy currents– properties– eddy current sensing elements, probes, Instrumentation, Types of arrangement, applications, advantages, limitations – Factors affecting sensing elements and coil impedance, calibration, Interpretation/Evaluation.

Thermography- Principle, Contact & Non-Contact inspection methods, Active & Passive methods, Liquid Crystal – Concept, example, advantages & limitations. Electromagnetic spectrum, infrared thermography- approaches, IR detectors, Instrumentation and methods, applications.

UNIT IV ULTRASONIC TESTING & AET 9

Ultrasonic Testing: Types of ultrasonic waves, characteristics, attenuation, couplants, probes, EMAT. Inspection methods-pulse echo, transmission and phased array techniques, types of scanning and displays, angle beam inspection of welds, time of flight diffraction (TOFD) technique, Thickness determination by ultrasonic method, Study of A, B and C scan presentations, calibration. Acoustic Emission Technique – Introduction, Types of AE signal, AE wave propagation, Source location, Kaiser effect, AE transducers, Principle, AE parameters, AE instrumentation, Advantages & Limitations, Interpretation of Results, Applications.

UNIT V RADIOGRAPHY TESTING 9

Sources-X-rays and Gamma rays and their characteristics-absorption, scattering. Filters and screens, Imaging modalities-film radiography and digital radiography (Computed, Direct, Real Time, CT scan). Problems in shadow formation, exposure factors, inverse square law, exposure charts, Penetrameters, safety in radiography.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Realize the importance of NDT in various engineering fields.
2. Have a basic knowledge of surface NDE techniques which enables to carry out various inspection in accordance with the established procedures.
3. Calibrate the instrument and inspect for in-service damage in the components by means of Eddy current testing as well as Thermography testing.
4. Differentiate various techniques of UT and AET and select appropriate NDT methods forbetter evaluation.
5. Interpret the results of Radiography testing and also have the ability to analyse the influence of various parameters on the testing.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Baldev Raj, T. Jayakumar and M. Thavasimuthu, Practical Non Destructive Testing, Alpha Science International Limited, 3rd edition, 2002.
2. J. Prasad and C. G. K. Nair, Non-Destructive Test and Evaluation of Materials, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd edition, 2011.
3. Ravi Prakash, "Non-Destructive Testing Techniques", 1st revised edition, New Age International Publishers, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. ASM Metals Handbook, V-17, "Nondestructive Evaluation and Quality Control", AmericanSociety of Metals, USA, 2001.
2. Barry Hull and Vernon John,"Nondestructive Testing", Macmillan, 1989.
3. Chuck Hellier, "Handbook of Nondestructive Evaluation", Mc Graw Hill, 2012.
4. Louis Cartz, "Nondestructive Testing", ASM International, USA, 1995.

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**	**PO11**	**PO12**	**PSO 1**	**PSO 2**	**PSO 3**
C01	2	2	2	3			2	2				2	1	2	
C02	3	1	2	2			2	2				2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2			2	2				2	2	2	
CO4	3	1	2	2			2	2				2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2			2	2				2	2	2	1
Avg	2.8	1.6	1.8	2.2			2	2				2	1.8	2	1.3

21152OE73A BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To Introduce Fundamentals of Biomedical Engineering
- To study the communication mechanics in a biomedical system with few examples
- To study measurement of certain important electrical and non-electrical parameters
- To understand the basic principles in imaging techniques
- To have a basic knowledge in life assisting and therapeutic devices

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING 9

Cell and its structure – Resting and Action Potential – Nervous system and its fundamentals - Basic components of a biomedical system- Cardiovascular systems- Respiratory systems -Kidney and blood flow - Biomechanics of bone - Biomechanics of soft tissues -Physiological signals and transducers - Transducers – selection criteria – Piezo electric, ultrasonic transducers - Temperature measurements - Fibre optic temperature sensors.

UNIT II NON ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT AND DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES 9

Measurement of blood pressure - Cardiac output - Heart rate - Heart sound - Pulmonary function measurements – spirometer – Photo Plethysmography, Body Plethysmography – Blood Gas analysers, pH of blood –measurement of blood pCO2, pO2, finger-tip oxymeter - ESR, GSR measurements. Infectious Disease – Awareness, Causative agent, Prevention and control - Cholera, Dengu, Malaria, Diarrhea, Tuberculosis, Typhoid, Covid, HIV.

UNIT III ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS ACQUISITION AND ANALYSIS 9

Electrodes – Limb electrodes –floating electrodes – pregelled disposable electrodes - Micro, needle and surface electrodes – Amplifiers, Preamplifiers, differential amplifiers, chopper amplifiers – Isolation amplifier - ECG – EEG – EMG – ERG – Lead systems and recording methods – Typical waveforms - Electrical safety in medical environment, shock hazards – leakage current-Instruments for checking safety parameters of biomedical equipment.

UNIT IV IMAGING MODALITIES AND ANALYSIS 9

Radio graphic and fluoroscopic techniques – Computer tomography – MRI – Ultrasonography – Endoscopy – Thermography –Different types of biotelemetry systems - Retinal Imaging - Imaging application in Biometric systems.

UNIT V LIFE ASSISTING, THERAPEUTIC AND ROBOTIC DEVICES 9

Pacemakers – Defibrillators – Ventilators – Nerve and muscle stimulators – Diathermy – Heart – Lung machine – Audio meters – Dialysers – Lithotripsy - ICCU patient monitoring system - Nano Robots - Robotic surgery – Orthopedic prostheses fixation

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will have the

- Ability to understand the philosophy of the heart, lung, blood circulation and respiration system.
- Ability to provide latest ideas on devices of non-electrical devices.
- Ability to gain knowledge on various sensing and measurement devices of electrical origin.
- Ability to understand the analysis systems of various organ types.
- Ability to bring out the important and modern methods of imaging techniques and their analysis.
- Ability to explain the medical assistance/techniques, robotic and therapeutic equipments.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Leslie Cromwell, “Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurement”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Khandpur R.S, Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi,2nd edition, 2003
3. Joseph J Carr and John M.Brown, Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology, John Wiley and sons, New York, 4th edition, 2012

REFERENCES

1. John G. Webster, Medical Instrumentation Application and Design, John Wiley and sons, New York, 1998.
2. Duane Knudson, Fundamentals of Biomechanics, Springer, 2nd Edition, 2007.
3. Suh, Sang, Gurupur, Varadraj P., Tanik, Murat M., Health Care Systems, Technology and Techniques, Springer, 1st Edition, 2011.
4. Ed. Joseph D. Bronzino, The Biomedical Engineering Hand Book, Third Edition, Boca Raton, CRC Press LLC, 2006.
5. M.Arumugam, 'Bio-Medical Instrumentation', Anuradha Agencies, 2003.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO3
C01	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
C02	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2								2	2	2	1.2

21155OE73A REMOTE SENSING CONCEPTS L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of remote sensing processes and its components.
- To expose the various remote sensing platforms and sensors and to introduce the elements ofdata interpretation

UNIT I REMOTE SENSING AND ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION 9

Dinition – components of RS – History of Remote Sensing – Merits and demerits of data collation between conventional and remote sensing methods - Electromagnetic Spectrum – Radiation principles - Wave theory, Planck‘s law, Wien’s Displacement Law, Stefan’s Boltzmann law, Kirchoff‘s law – Radiation sources: active & passive - Radiation Quantities

UNIT II EMR INTERACTION WITH ATMOSPHERE AND EARTH MATERIAL 9

Standard atmospheric profile – main atmospheric regions and its characteristics – interaction of radiation with atmosphere – Scattering, absorption and refraction – Atmospheric windows - Energy balance equation — Specular and diffuse reflectors — Spectral reflectance & emittance — Spectroradiometer – Spectral Signature concepts – Typical spectral reflectance curves for vegetation, soil and water – solid surface scattering in microwave region.

UNIT III ORBITS AND PLATFORMS 9

Motions of planets and satellites – Newton‘s law of gravitation - Gravitational field and potential -Escape velocity - Kepler‘s law of planetary motion - Orbit elements and types – Orbital perturbations and maneuvers – Types of remote sensing platforms - Ground based, Airborne platforms and Space borne platforms – Classification of satellites – Sun synchronous and Geosynchronous satellites –Lagrange Orbit.

UNIT IV SENSING TECHNIQUES 9

Classification of remote sensors – Resolution concept : spatial, spectral, radiometric and temporal resolutions - Scanners - Along and across track scanners – Optical-infrared sensors – Thermal sensors – microwave sensors – Calibration of sensors - High Resolution Sensors - LIDAR , UAV –Orbital and sensor characteristics of live Indian earth observation satellites

UNIT V DATA PRODUCTS AND INTERPRETATION 9

Photographic and digital products — Types, levels and open source satellite data products —- selection and procurement of data– Visual interpretation: basic elements and interpretation keys - Digital interpretation – Concepts of Image rectification, Image enhancement and Image classification

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student is expected to

CO 1 Understand the concepts and laws related to remote sensing
CO 2 Understand the interaction of electromagnetic radiation with atmosphere and earth material
CO 3 Acquire knowledge about satellite orbits and different types of satellites
CO 4 Understand the different types of remote sensors
CO 5 Gain knowledge about the concepts of interpretation of satellite imagery

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Thomas M.Lillesand, Ralph W. Kiefer and Jonathan W. Chipman, Remote Sensing andImage interpretation, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York,2015.
2. George Joseph and C Jeganathan, Fundamentals of Remote Sensing,Third Edition Universities Press (India) Private limited, Hyderabad, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Janza, F.Z., Blue H.M. and Johnson,J.E. Manual of Remote Sensing. Vol.1, AmericanSociety of Photogrametry, Virginia, USA, 2002.

2. Verbyla, David, Satellite Remote Sensing of Natural Resources. CRC Press, 1995
3. Paul Curran P.J. Principles of Remote Sensing. Longman, RLBS, 1988.
4. Introduction to Physics and Techniques of Remote Sensing , Charles Elachi and JacobVan Zyl, 2006 Edition II, Wiley Publication.
5. Basudeb Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, 2011

CO-PO MAPPING

PO	Graduate Attribute	Course Outcome					Average
		CO 1	CO2	CO3	CO 4	CO 5	
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO2	Problem Analysis				3	3	3
PO3	Design/Development of Solutions				3	3	3
PO4	Conduct Investigations of ComplexProblems				3	3	3
PO5	Modern Tool Usage				3	3	3
PO6	The Engineer and Society						
PO 7	Environment and Sustainability						
PO 8	Ethics						
PO 9	Individual and Team Work						
PO 10	Communication						
PO 11	Project Management and Finance						
PO 12	Life-long Learning	3		3	3	3	3
PSO 1	Knowledge of Geoinformatics discipline	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 2	Critical analysis of Geoinformatics Engineering problems and innovations	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 3	Conceptualization and evaluation of Design solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3

21155OE73B DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND TREATMENT L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To equip the students with the principles and design of water treatment units and distribution system.

UNIT I SOURCES OF WATER 9

Public water supply system – Planning, Objectives, Design period, Population forecasting; Water demand – Sources of water and their characteristics, Surface and Groundwater – Impounding Reservoir – Development and selection of source – Source Water quality – Characterization – Significance – Drinking Water quality standards.

UNIT II CONVEYANCE FROM THE SOURCE 9

Water supply – intake structures – Functions; Pipes and conduits for water – Pipe materials – Hydraulics of flow in pipes – Transmission main design – Laying, jointing and testing of pipes – appurtenances – Types and capacity of pumps – Selection of pumps and pipe materials.

UNIT III WATER TREATMENT 9

Objectives – Unit operations and processes – Principles, functions, and design of water treatment plant units, aerators of flash mixers, Coagulation and flocculation –- sand filters - Disinfection -–Construction, Operation and Maintenance aspects.

UNIT IV ADVANCED WATER TREATMENT 9

Water softening – Desalination- R.O. Plant – demineralization – Adsorption - Ion exchange– Membrane Systems - Iron and Manganese removal - Defluoridation - Construction and Operation and Maintenance aspects

UNIT V WATER DISTRIBUTION AND SUPPLY 9

Requirements of water distribution – Components – Selection of pipe material – Service reservoirs - Functions – Network design – Economics - Computer applications – Appurtenances – Leak detection - Principles of design of water supply in buildings – House service connection – Fixtures and fittings, systems of plumbing and types of plumbing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

CO1: An understanding of water quality criteria and standards, and their relation to public health

CO2: The ability to design the water conveyance system

CO3: The knowledge in various unit operations and processes in water treatment

CO4: An ability to understand the various systems for advanced water treatment

CO5: An insight into the structure of drinking water distribution system

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Garg. S.K., "Water Supply Engineering", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, September 2008.
2. Punmia B.C, Arun K.Jain, Ashok K.Jain, " Water supply Engineering" Lakshmi publication privatelimited, New Delhi, 2016.
3. Rangwala "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", February 2022
4. Birdie.G.S., "Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering", Dhanpat Rai and sons, 2018.

REFERENCES :

1. Fair. G.M., Geyer.J.C., "Water Supply and Wastewater Disposal", John Wiley and Sons,1954
2. Abbit.H.E, and Donald.J.J, "Water Supply Engineering" , McGraw Hill book Co, 1984.
3. Steel. E.W.et al., "Water Supply Engineering" , Mc Graw Hill International book Co, 1984.
4. Duggal. K.N., "Elememts of public Health Engineering", S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1998.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1		3						3		3			3		
2		3		2		2				3			3		
3				2		2				3			3		
4			3	2				3	2	3			3		
5			3	2			1		2	3		1			
Avg.		3	3	2		2	1	3	2	3		1	3		

1. **low, 2-medium, 3-high, '-"- no correlation**

Note: The average value of this course to be used for program articulation matrix.

21153OE73A	RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1 To know the Indian and global energy scenario
2 To learn the various solar energy technologies and its applications.
3 To educate the various wind energy technologies.
4 To explore the various bio-energy technologies.
5 To study the ocean and geothermal technologies.

UNIT – I ENERGY SCENARIO 9

Indian energy scenario in various sectors — domestic, industrial, commercial, agriculture, transportation and others – Present conventional energy status – Present renewable energy status- Potential of various renewable energy sources-Global energy status-Per capita energy consumption - Future energy plans

UNIT – II SOLAR ENERGY 9

Solar radiation – Measurements of solar radiation and sunshine – Solar spectrum - Solar thermalcollectors – Flat plate and concentrating collectors – Solar thermal applications – Solar thermal energy storage – Fundamentals of solar photo voltaic conversion – Solar cells – Solar PV Systems – Solar PV applications.

UNIT – III WIND ENERGY 9

Wind data and energy estimation – Betz limit - Site selection for windfarms – characteristics - Windresource assessment - Horizontal axis wind turbine – components - Vertical axis wind turbine – Wind turbine generators and its performance – Hybrid systems – Environmental issues - Applications.

UNIT – IV BIO-ENERGY 9

Bio resources – Biomass direct combustion – thermochemical conversion - biochemical conversion- mechanical conversion - Biomass gasifier - Types of biomass gasifiers - Cogeneration –- Carbonisation – Pyrolysis - Biogas plants – Digesters –Biodiesel production – Ethanol production -Applications.

UNIT – V OCEAN AND GEOTHERMAL ENERGY 9

Small hydro - Tidal energy — Wave energy — Open and closed OTEC Cycles — Limitations —Geothermal energy – Geothermal energy sources - Types of geothermal power plants – Applications- Environmental impact.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the students would be able to

1. Discuss the Indian and global energy scenario.
2. Describe the various solar energy technologies and its applications.
3. Explain the various wind energy technologies.
4. Explore the various bio-energy technologies.
5. Discuss the ocean and geothermal technologies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals and Applications of Renewable Energy | Indian Edition, by Mehmet Kanoglu, Yunus A. Cengel, John M. Cimbala, cGraw Hill; First edition (10 December 2020), ISBN-10 : 9390385636
2. Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies, by Kothari, Prentice Hall IndiaLearning Private Limited; 2nd edition (1 January 2011), ISBN-10 : 8120344707

REFERENCES:

1. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 2012.
2. Rai.G.D., "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.

CO	PO												PSO		
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**1**	**2**	**3**
1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	2	1	2
2	3	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	2
3	3	2	3	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	2
4	2	2	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	2	2	2
5	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	2
Low (1) ; Medium (2) ; High (3)															

21153OE73B FUNDAMENTALS Of ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To give a comprehensive exposure to all types of devices and circuits constructed with discrete components. This helps to develop a strong basis for building linear and digital integrated circuits
- To analyze the frequency response of small signal amplifiers
- To design and analyze single stage and multistage amplifier circuits
- To study about feedback amplifiers and oscillators principles
- To understand the analysis and design of multi vibrators

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES 9

PN junction diode, Zener diode, BJT, MOSFET, UJT –structure, operation and V-I characteristics, Rectifiers – Half Wave and Full Wave Rectifier, Zener as regulator

UNIT II AMPLIFIERS 9

Load line, operating point, biasing methods for BJT and MOSFET**,** BJT small signal model – Analysis of CE, CB, CC amplifiers- Gain and frequency response –Analysis of CS and Source follower – Gain and frequencyresponse- High frequency analysis.

UNIT III MULTISTAGE AMPLIFIERS AND DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER 9

Cascode amplifier, Differential amplifier – Common mode and Difference mode analysis – Tuned amplifiers – Gain and frequency response – Neutralization methods.

UNIT IV FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS 9

Advantages of negative feedback – Analysis of Voltage / Current, Series , Shunt feedback Amplifiers – positive feedback–Condition for oscillations, phase shift – Wien bridge, Hartley, Colpitts and Crystal oscillators.

UNIT V POWER AMPLIFIERS AND DC/DC CONVERTERS 9

Power amplifiers- class A-Class B-Class AB-Class C-Temperature Effect- Class AB Power amplifier using MOSFET –DC/DC convertors – Buck, Boost, Buck-Boost analysis and design.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

CO1: Explain the structure and working operation of basic electronic devices.
CO2: Design and analyze amplifiers.
CO3: Analyze frequency response of BJT and MOSFET amplifiers
CO4: Design and analyze feedback amplifiers and oscillator principles.
CO5: Design and analyze power amplifiers and supply circuits

TEXT BOOKS:

1. David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford Higher Education press, 5 th Edition, 2010.
2. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nasheresky, “Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory”, 10th Edition,Pearson Education / PHI, 2008.
3. Adel .S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits", Oxford University Press, 7 th Edition,2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Donald.A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 3 rd Edition, 2010.
2. D.Schilling and C.Belove, "Electronic Circuits", McGraw Hill, 3 rd Edition, 1989
3. Muhammad H.Rashid, "Power Electronics", Pearson Education / PHI , 2004.

CO	**PO1**	**PO2**	**PO 3**	**PO4**	**PO 5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO 9**	**PO1 0**	**PO1 1**	**PO1 2**	**PSO**	**PSO**	**PSO3**
1	3	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
2	3	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
3	3	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
4	3	3	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
5	3	2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1
CO	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2**	**2**	-	-	-	-	-	**1**	**2**	**1**	**1**

OPEN ELECTIVE IV

21155OE74A BASICS OF INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the interdisciplinary approach of water management.
- To develop knowledge base and capacity building on IWRM.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF IWRM 9

Facts about water - Definition – Key challenges - Paradigm shift - Water management Principles - Social equity- Ecological sustainability – Economic efficiency - SDGs - World Water Forums.

UNIT II WATER USE SECTORS: IMPACTS AND SOLUTION 9

Water users: People, Agriculture, ecosystem and others - Impacts of the water use sectors on water resources - Securing water for people, food production, ecosystems and other uses - IWRM relevance in water resources management.

UNIT III WATER ECONOMICS 9

Economic characteristics of water good and services – Economic instruments – Private sector involvement in water resources management - PPP experiences through case studies.

UNIT IV RECENT TREANDS IN WATER MANAGEMENT 9

River basin management - Ecosystem Regeneration — 5 Rs - WASH - Sustainable livelihood - Water management in the context of climate change.

UNIT V IMPLEMENTATION OF IWRM 9

Barriers to implementing IWRM - Policy and legal framework - Bureaucratic reforms and inclusive development-Institutional Transformation - Capacity building - Case studies on conceptual framework of IWRM.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, the student will be able to apply appropriate management techniques towards managing the water resources.

CO1 Describe the context and principles of IWRM; Compare the conventional and integrated ways of water management.

CO2 Discuss on the different water uses; how it is impacted and ways to tackle these impacts.

CO3 Explain the economic aspects of water and choose the best economic option among the alternatives; illustrate the pros and cons of PPP through case studies.

CO4 Illustrate the recent trends in water management.

CO5 Understand the implementation hitches and the institutional frameworks.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Cech Thomas V., Principles of water resources: history, development, management and policy. John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York. 2003.
2. Mollinga P. *et al.* "Integrated Water Resources Management", Water in South Asia Volume I, Sage Publications, 2006.

REFERENCES

1. Technical Advisory Committee, Background Papers No: 1, 4 and 7, Stockholm, Sweden. 2002.
2. IWRM Guidelines at River Basin Level (UNESCO, 2008).
3. Tutorial on Basic Principles of Integrated Water Resources Management ,CAP-NET. http://www.pacificwater.org/userfiles/file/IWRM/Toolboxes/introduction%20to%20iwrm/Tutorial_text.pdf
4. Pramod R. Bhave, 2011, Water Resources Systems, Narosa Publishers.
5. The 17 Goals, United Nations, https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO3
C01	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
C02	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2								2	2	2	1.2

21153OE74A ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Understanding the importance of various materials used in electrical, electronics and
- magnetic applications
- Acquiring knowledge on the properties of electrical, electronics and magnetic materials.
- Gaining knowledge on the selection of suitable materials for the given application
- Knowing the fundamental concepts in Semiconducting materials
- Getting equipped with the materials used in optical and optoelectronic applications.

UNIT I DIELECTRIC MATERIALS 9

Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, breakdown in solid dielectrics, flashover, liquid dielectrics, electric conductivity in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, Ferromagnetic materials, properties of ferromagnetic materials in static fields, spontaneous, polarization, curie point, anti-ferromagnetic materials, piezoelectric materials, pyroelectric materials.

UNIT II MAGNETIC MATERIALS 9

Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, magnetic Anisotropy, Magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets. Factors effecting permeability and Hysteresis

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTOR MATERIALS 9

Properties of semiconductors, Silicon wafers, integration techniques, Large and very large scale Integration techniques. Concept of superconductivity; theories and examples for high temperature superconductivity; discussion on specific superconducting materials; comments on fabrication and engineering applications.

UNIT IV MATERIALS FOR ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS 9

Materials used for Resistors, rheostats, heaters, transmission line structures, stranded conductors, bimetals fuses, soft and hard solders, electric contact materials, electric carbon materials, thermocouple materials. Solid, Liquid and Gaseous insulating materials, Effect of moisture on insulation.

UNIT V OPTICAL AND OPTOELECTRONIC MATERIALS 9

Principles of photoconductivity - effect of impurities - principles of luminescence-laser principles - He-Ne, injection lasers, LED materials - binary, ternary photoelectronic materials - LCD materials - photo detectors - applications of optoelectronic materials - optical fibres and materials - electro optic modulators - Kerr effect - Pockels effect.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Understand various types of dielectric materials, their properties in various conditions.
- Evaluate magnetic materials and their behavior.
- Evaluate semiconductor materials and technologies.

Select suitable materials for electrical engineering applications.

- Identify right material for optical and optoelectronic applications

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pradeep Fulay, "Electronic, Magnetic and Optical materials", CRC Press, taylor and Francis, 2nd illustrated edition, 2017.
2. "R K Rajput", "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Laxmi Publications, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. T K Basak, "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", New Age Science Publications, 2009
2. TTTI Madras, "Electrical Engineering Materials", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
3. Adrianus J. Dekker, "Electrical Engineering Materials", PHI Publication, 2006.
4. S. P. Seth, P. V. Gupta "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Dhanpat Rai & amp; Sons, 2011.
5. C. Kittel, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons,Singapore, (2006).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO	PSO3
C01	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
C02	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2								2	2	2	1.2

21150OE74B GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
To impart the knowledge on basic components, data preparation and implementation of Geographical Information System.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS 9
Introduction to GIS - Basic spatial concepts - Coordinate Systems - GIS and Information Systems – Definitions – History of GIS - Components of a GIS – Hardware, Software, Data, People, Methods – Proprietary and open source Software - Types of data – Spatial, Attribute data-typesof attributes – scales/ levels of measurements.

UNIT II SPATIAL DATA MODELS 9
Database Structures – Relational, Object Oriented – Entities – ER diagram - data models - conceptual, logical and physical models - spatial data models – Raster Data Structures – Raster Data Compression - Vector Data Structures - Raster vs Vector Models- TIN and GRID data models.

UNIT III DATA INPUT AND TOPOLOGY 9
Scanner - Raster Data Input – Raster Data File Formats – Georeferencing – Vector Data Input –Digitizer – Datum Projection and reprojection -Coordinate Transformation – Topology - Adjacency, connectivity and containment – Topological Consistency – Non topological file formats - Attribute Data linking – Linking External Databases – GPS Data Integration

UNIT IV DATA QUALITY AND STANDARDS 9
Data quality - Basic aspects - completeness, logical consistency, positional accuracy, temporal accuracy, thematic accuracy and lineage – Metadata – GIS Standards –Interoperability - OGC - Spatial Data Infrastructure

UNIT V DATA MANAGEMENT AND OUTPUT 9
Import/Export – Data Management functions- Raster to Vector and Vector to Raster Conversion - Data Output - Map Compilation – Chart/Graphs – Multimedia – Enterprise Vs. Desktop GIS- distributed GIS.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:
On completion of the course, the student is expected to

CO1 Have basic idea about the fundamentals of GIS.
CO2 Understand the types of data models.
CO3 Get knowledge about data input and topology
CO4 Gain knowledge on data quality and standards
CO5 Understand data management functions and data output

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kang - Tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, McGraw Hill Publishing,2nd Edition, 2011.
2. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius, Steve Carver, Srinivasa Raju, "An Introduction Geographical Information Systems, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition,2007.

REFERENCE:

1. Lo. C. P., Albert K.W. Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall India Publishers, 2006.

CO – PO – PSO MAPPING: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

PO	Graduate Attribute	Course Outcome					Average
		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	3	3	3	3	3	3
PO2	Problem Analysis				3	3	3
PO3	Design/Development of Solutions			3	3	3	3
PO4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Pr			3	3	3	3
PO5	Modern Tool Usage		3		3	3	3
PO6	The Engineer and Society						
PO 7	Environment and Sustainability						
PO 8	Ethics						
PO 9	Individual and Team Work						
PO 10	Communication						
PO 11	Project Management and Finance						
PO 12	Life-long Learning						
PSO 1	Knowledge of Geoinformatics disciplin	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 2	Critical analysis of Geoinformatics Engineering problems and innovations	3	3	3	3	3	3
PSO 3	Conceptualization and evaluation of D solutions	3	3	3	3	3	3

21153OE74B ENERGY TECHNOLOGY L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 8

Units of energy, conversion factors, general classification of energy, world energy resources and energy consumption, Indian energy resources and energy consumption, energy crisis, energy alternatives, Renewable and non-renewable energy sources and their availability. Prospects of Renewable energy sources

UNIT II CONVENTIONAL ENERGY 8

Conventional energy resources, Thermal, hydel and nuclear reactors, thermal, hydel and nuclear power plants, efficiency, merits and demerits of the above power plants, combustion processes, fluidized bed combustion.

UNIT III NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY 10

Solar energy, solar thermal systems, flat plate collectors, focusing collectors, solar water heating, solar cooling, solar distillation, solar refrigeration, solar dryers, solar pond, solar thermal power generation, solar energy application in India, energy plantations. Wind energy, types of windmills, types of wind rotors, Darrieus rotor and Gravian rotor, wind electric power generation, wind power in India, economics of wind farm, ocean wave energy conversion, ocean thermal energy conversion, tidal energy conversion, geothermal energy.

UNIT IV BIOMASS ENERGY 10

Biomass energy resources, thermo-chemical and biochemical methods of biomass conversion, combustion, gasification, pyrolysis, biogas production, ethanol, fuel cells, alkaline fuel cell, phosphoric acidfuel cell, molten carbonate fuel cell, solid oxide fuel cell, solid polymer electrolyte fuel cell, magneto hydrodynamic power generation, energy storage routes like thermal energy storage, chemical, mechanical storage and electrical storage.

UNIT V ENERGY CONSERVATION 9

Energy conservation in chemical process plants, energy audit, energy saving in heat exchangers, distillation columns, dryers, ovens and furnaces and boilers, steam economy in chemical plants, energy conservation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Students will be able to describe the fundamentals and main characteristics of renewable energy sources and their differences compared to fossil fuels.

CO2: Students will excel as professionals in the various fields of energy engineering

CO3: Compare different renewable energy technologies and choose the most appropriate based on local conditions.

CO4: Explain the technological basis for harnessing renewable energy sources.

CO5: Identify and critically evaluate current developments and emerging trends within the field of renewable energy technologies and to develop in-depth technical understanding of energy problems at an advanced level.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rao, S. and Parulekar, B.B., Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, 2005.
2. Rai, G.D., Non-conventional Energy Sources, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1984.
3. Bansal, N.K., Kleeman, M. and Meliss, M., Renewable Energy Sources and Conversion Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, 1990.

4. Nagpal, G.R., Power Plant Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2008.

REFERENCES

1. Nejat Vezirog, Alternate Energy Sources, IT, McGraw Hill, New York.
2. El. Wakil, Power Plant Technology, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2002.
3. Sukhatme. S.P., Solar Enery - Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw hill, New Delhi,1981.

21154OE74A **INDUSTRIAL SAFETY** **L T P C**

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To educate about the health hazards and the safety measures to be followed in the industrial environment.
- Describe industrial legislations (Factories Acts, Workmen's Compensation and other laws) enacted for the protection of employees health at work settings
- Describe methods of prevention and control of Occupational Health diseases, accidents / emergencies and other hazards

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Need for developing Environment, Health and Safety systems in work places - Accident Case Studies - Status and relationship of Acts - Regulations and Codes of Practice - Role of trade union safety representatives. International initiatives - Ergonomics and work place.

UNIT II OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND HYGIENE 9

Definition of the term occupational health and hygiene - Categories of health hazards - Exposure pathways and human responses to hazardous and toxic substances - Advantages and limitations of environmental monitoring and occupational exposure limits - Hierarchy of control measures for occupational health risks - Role of personal protective equipment and the selection criteria - Effects on humans - control methods and reduction strategies for noise, radiation and excessive stress.

UNIT III WORKPLACE SAFETY AND SAFETY SYSTEMS 9

Features of Satisfactory and Safe design of work premises – good housekeeping - lighting and colour, Ventilation and Heat Control – Electrical Safety – Fire Safety – Safe Systems of work for manual handling operations – Machine guarding – Working at different levels – Process and System Safety.

UNIT IV HAZARDS AND RISK MANAGEMENT 9

Safety appraisal - analysis and control techniques – plant safety inspection – Accident investigation - Analysis and Reporting – Hazard and Risk Management Techniques – major accident hazard control-Onsite and Offsite emergency Plans.

UNIT V ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT 9

Concept of Environmental Health and Safety Management – Elements of Environmental Health and Safety Management Policy and methods of its effective implementation and review – Elements of Management Principles – Education and Training – Employee Participation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the student is expected to be able to:

- Describe, with example, the common work-related diseases and accidents in occupational setting
- Name essential members of the Occupational Health team
- What roles can a community health practitioners play in an Occupational setting to ensure the protection,promotion and maintenance of the health of the employee

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO3
C01	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
C02	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2								2	2	2	1.2

21152OE74A **WEARABLE DEVICES** **L T P C3**
0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
The student should be made to:

- To know the hardware requirement of wearable systems
- To understand the communication and security aspects in the wearable devices
- To know the applications of wearable devices in the field of medicine

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEARABLE SYSTEMS AND SENSORS 9

Wearable Systems- Introduction, Need for Wearable Systems, Drawbacks of Conventional Systems for Wearable Monitoring, Applications of Wearable Systems, Types of Wearable Systems, Components of wearable Systems. Sensors for wearable systems-Inertia movement sensors, Respiration activity sensor, Impedance plethysmography, Wearable ground reaction force sensor.

UNIT II SIGNAL PROCESSING AND ENERGY HARVESTING FOR WEARABLE DEVICES 9

Wearability issues -physical shape and placement of sensor, Technical challenges - sensor design, signal acquisition, sampling frequency for reduced energy consumption, Rejection of irrelevant information. Power Requirements- Solar cell, Vibration based, Thermal based, Human body as a heat source for power generation, Hybrid thermoelectric photovoltaic energy harvests, Thermopiles.

UNIT III WIRELESS HEALTH SYSTEMS 9

Need for wireless monitoring, Definition of Body area network, BAN and Healthcare, Technical Challenges-System security and reliability, BAN Architecture – Introduction, Wireless communication Techniques.

UNIT IV SMART TEXTILE 9

Introduction to smart textile- Passive smart textile, active smart textile. Fabrication Techniques- Conductive Fibres, Treated Conductive Fibres, Conductive Fabrics, Conductive Inks.Case study- smart fabric for monitoring biological parameters - ECG, respiration.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF WEARABLE SYSTEMS 9

Medical Diagnostics, Medical Monitoring-Patients with chronic disease, Hospital patients, Elderly patients, neural recording, Gait analysis, Sports Medicine.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able toCO1:
Describe the concepts of wearable system.
CO2: Explain the energy harvestings in wearable device.
CO3: Use the concepts of BAN in health care.
CO4: Illustrate the concept of smart textile
CO5: Compare the various wearable devices in healthcare system

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Annalisa Bonfiglo and Danilo De Rossi, Wearable Monitoring Systems, Springer, 2011
2. Zhang and Yuan-Ting, Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems,Springer, 2013
3. Edward Sazonov and Micheal R Neuman, Wearable Sensors: Fundamentals, Implementation and Applications, Elsevier, 2014
4. Mehmet R. Yuce and JamilY.Khan, Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation applications,Pan Stanford Publishing Pte.Ltd, Singapore, 2012

REFERENCES:

1. Sandeep K.S, Gupta, Tridib Mukherjee and Krishna Kumar Venkatasubramanian, Body Area

Networks Safety, Security, and Sustainability, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2. Guang-Zhong Yang, Body Sensor Networks, Springer, 2006.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
2	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
3	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
4	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
5	3	2	1	1	2			1					1		1
AVg.															

211520E74B **MEDICAL INFORMATICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

PREAMBLE:

1. To study the applications of information technology in health care management.
2. This course provides knowledge on resources, devices, and methods required to optimize the acquisition, storage, retrieval, and use of information in health and biomedicine.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL INFORMATICS 9

Introduction - Structure of Medical Informatics –Internet and Medicine -Security issues, Computer based medical information retrieval, Hospital management and information system, Functional capabilities of a computerized HIS, Health Informatics – Medical Informatics, Bioinformatics

UNIT II COMPUTERS IN CLINICAL LABORATORY AND MEDICAL IMAGING9

Automated clinical laboratories-Automated methods in hematology, cytology and histology, Intelligent Laboratory Information System - Computer assisted medical imaging- nuclear medicine, ultrasound imaging, computed X-ray tomography, Radiation therapy and planning, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance.

UNIT III COMPUTERISED PATIENT RECORD 9

Introduction - conventional patient record, Components and functionality of CPR, Development tools, Intranet, CPR in Radiology- Application server provider, Clinical information system, Computerized prescriptions for patients.

UNIT IV COMPUTER ASSISTED MEDICAL DECISION-MAKING 9

Neuro computers and Artificial Neural Networks application, Expert system-General model of CMD, Computer–assisted decision support system-production rule system cognitive model, semantic networks, decisions analysis inclinical medicine-computers in the care of critically ill patients, Computer aids for the handicapped.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS IN MEDICAL INFORMATICS 9

Virtual reality applications in medicine, Virtual endoscopy, Computer assisted surgery, Surgical simulation, Telemedicine - Tele surgery, Computer assisted patient education and health- Medical education and healthcare information, computer assisted instruction in medicine.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Explain the structure and functional capabilities of Hospital Information System.
2. Describe the need of computers in medical imaging and automated clinical laboratory.
3. Articulate the functioning of information storage and retrieval in computerized patient record system.
4. Apply the suitable decision support system for automated clinical diagnosis.
5. Discuss the application of virtual reality and telehealth technology in medical industry.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mohan Bansal, "Medical informatics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Ltd, 2003.
2. R.D.Lele, "Computers in medicine progress in medical informatics", Tata Mcgraw Hill,2005

REFERENCES:

1. Kathryn J. Hannah, Marion J Ball, "Health Informatics", 3rd Edition, Springer, 2006.

CO's- PO's & PSO's MAPPING

CO's	PO's												PSO's		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
1	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1
2	3	2	1	1	2			1					1	1	1

3	**3**	**2**	**1**	**1**	**2**			**1**					**1**	**1**	**1**
4	**3**	**2**	**1**	**1**	**2**			**1**					**1**	**1**	**1**
5	**3**	**2**	**1**	**1**	**2**			**1**					**1**	**1**	**1**
AVg.															

21154OE74B **ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING** **L T P C**
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the development of Additive Manufacturing (AM), various business opportunities and applications
- To familiarize various software tools, processes and techniques to create physical objects that satisfy product development / prototyping requirements, using AM.
- To be acquainted with vat polymerization and direct energy deposition processes
- To be familiar with powder bed fusion and material extrusion processes.
- To gain knowledge on applications of binder jetting, material jetting and sheet lamination processes

UNIT I INTRODUCTION **6**

Overview - Need - Development of Additive Manufacturing (AM) Technology: Rapid Prototyping- Rapid Tooling - Rapid Manufacturing - Additive Manufacturing. AM Process Chain- ASTM/ISO 52900 Classification - Benefits. Applications: Building Printing - Bio Printing - Food Printing- Electronics Printing. Business Opportunities and Future Directions – Case studies: Automobile, Aerospace, Healthcare.

UNIT II DESIGN FOR ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING (DfAM) **6**

Concepts and Objectives - AM Unique Capabilities - Part Consolidation – Topology Optimization- Generative design - Lattice Structures - Multi-Material Parts and Graded Materials - Data Processing: CAD Model Preparation - AM File formats: STL-Problems with STL- AMF Design for Part Quality Improvement: Part Orientation - Support Structure - Slicing - Tool Path Generation – Design rules for Extrusion based AM.

UNIT III VAT POLYMERIZATION AND DIRECTED ENERGY DEPOSITION **6**

Photo polymerization: Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA)- Materials -Process – top down and bottom up approach - Advantages - Limitations - Applications. Digital Light Processing (DLP) - Process - Advantages - Applications. Continuous Liquid Interface Production (CLIP)Technology.
Directed Energy Deposition: Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS)- Process - Material Delivery - Materials - Benefits -Applications.

UNIT IV POWDER BED FUSION AND MATERIAL EXTRUSION **6**

Powder Bed Fusion: Selective Laser Sintering (SLS): Process - Powder Fusion Mechanism - Materials and Application. Selective Laser Melting (SLM), Electron Beam Melting (EBM): Materials - Process - Advantages and Applications.
Material Extrusion: Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)- Process-Materials -Applications and Limitations.

UNIT V OTHER ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING PROCESSES **6**

Binder Jetting: Three-Dimensional Printing - Materials - Process - Benefits- Limitations - Applications.
Material Jetting: Multijet Modeling- Materials - Process - Benefits - Applications.
Sheet Lamination: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM)- Basic Principle- Mechanism: Gluing or Adhesive Bonding - Thermal Bonding- Materials-Application and Limitation.

TOTAL 30 PERIODS

ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING LABORATORY

Experiments

1. Modelling and converting CAD models into STL file.
2. Manipulation and error fixing of STL file.
3. Design and fabrication of parts by varying part orientation and support structures.
4. Fabrication of parts with material extrusion AM process.
5. Fabrication of parts with vat polymerization AM process.
6. Design and fabrication of topology optimized parts.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

Equipment required - lab

1. Extrusion based AM machine
2. Resin based AM machine
3. Mechanical design software
4. Open-source AM software for STL editing, manipulation and slicing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course students shall be able to:

CO1: Recognize the development of AM technology and how AM technology propagated into various businesses and developing opportunities.

CO2: Acquire knowledge on process of transforming a concept into the final product in AM technology.

CO3: Elaborate the vat polymerization and direct energy deposition processes and its applications.

CO4: Acquire knowledge on process and applications of powder bed fusion and material extrusion.

CO5: Evaluate the advantages, limitations, applications of binder jetting, material jetting and sheet lamination processes.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ian Gibson, David Rosen, Brent Stucker, Mahyar Khorasani "Additive manufacturing technologies". 3rd edition Springer Cham, Switzerland. (2021). ISBN: 978-3-030-56126-0

2. Andreas Gebhardt and Jan-Steffen Hötter "Additive Manufacturing: 3D Printing for Prototyping and Manufacturing", Hanser publications, United States, 2015, ISBN: 978-1-56990-582-1.

REFERENCES:

1. Andreas Gebhardt, "Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Manufacturing", Hanser Gardner Publication, Cincinnati., Ohio, 2011, ISBN :9783446425521.

2. Milan Brandt, "Laser Additive Manufacturing: Materials, Design, Technologies, and Applications", Woodhead Publishing., United Kingdom, 2016, ISBN: 9780081004333.

3. Amit Bandyopadhyay and Susmita Bose, "Additive Manufacturing", 1st Edition, CRC Press., United States, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-1482223590.

4. Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A., "Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice", Springer., United States ,2006, ISBN: 978-1-4614-9842-1.

5. Liou, L.W. and Liou, F.W., "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications: A tool box for prototype development", CRC Press., United States, 2011, ISBN: 9780849334092.

	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**	**PO11**	**PO12**	**PSO**	**PSO**	**PSO3**
C01	3	2	2	3								2	2	2	1
C02	3	1	2	2								2	2	2	1
C03	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	1
CO4	3	2	1	2								2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2								2	2	2	1
Avg	3	1.8	1.6	2.2								2	2	2	1.2